### AN

# ORATION,

PRONOUNCED

AT

HAMPDEN,

ONTHE

FOURTH OF JULY---1803.



Disguise thyself as thou wil., SLAVERY! still thom art a bitter draught, and the thousands in all ages have been made to drink of thee, thou art no less bitter on that account. LIBERTY! thrice sweet and gracious Goddess, thy taste is grateful, and ever will be so till Nature herself shall change—no tint of words can spot thy snowy mantle, or chymic power turn thy sceptre into iron. [YOR 18.]

HAMPDEN, (Me.)
PRINTED BY DAVID J. WATER .- A. D. 1807

12-116-69

SIR,

WE are appointed by the Inhabitrats of Hampden, a Committee to wait on you with their thanks, for your ingenious and appropriate Oration pronounced this day, and request a copy for the Press.

CHARLES JLMER.
JOSIAH KIDDER.
OLIVER CURRIER.

Hampden, July 4, 1803.



#### GENTLEMEN.

YOUR request was unexpected. But thro your hands, the world is welcome to take charge of the puny extering of an hourest lassitude, in which no object preferred to five sentiment, or inducement, to direct politics.

ANDREW MORTON.

The Gentlemen of T

Bampken, July 4, 1803.

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#### A N

## ORATION.

Ambages; sed summa sepuar fastigia recum.

Fellew Citizens,

AD the duties of the day been divided as usual, you would have been furnished with more instruction, and I oppressed with less embarrassment. The lightness of one part of the performance might have been sheltered under the solemnity of the other, and the dull narration of the Orator forgotten in the lively zeal of the Priest.—But I stand alone—your candor is secured.

The Declaration of American INDEPEN. DENCE was not the faint whisper of pull-lanimous philanthrophy, dying in the ear, without force to descend to the heart; nor the timid sigh of disconsolate virtue in thraldom, hiding her tears and shrinking from the echoes of her own grief:—But the bold, the embodied thunder of dauntless Patrio.

tism, uttered in the face of Heaven, which awakened all the energies of America, and rolled round the world, rending chains from the oppressed, and rocking Kings from their thrones. Its multiplied reverberations are, this day, breaking from the tongue, and bursting from the cannon's mouth, in almost every city, town, and villiage in the union. The found shall measure down the long range of time, reach remotest pollerity, and re-echo, while there is a heart to beat the response of Liberty, or a tongue to shout the raptures of Freedom. cans will never cease to revere a deed so bold—to celebrate a day fo glorious.

Here in America, on every anniversary of her birth, Liberty beholds the multitude of her disciples thicken, and the number of her altars increase. Suffer me, fellow-townsmen, sincerely to lament, that, in your first appearance at her shrine, your election of a speaker has fallen on one, whose clumsy address and inferior ability may insert an air of aukwardness into the whole performances of the day, or throw over them a shade of suspicion, that they are entirely devoid of

fincerity. The honesty of your patriotism, I trust, will attone for the imprudence of your choice; and that zeal in the cause of Liberty, which consults its own resources less than the ends, to which it is directed, excuse the vanity of his acceptance.

We borrow fanction from the customs of no foreign countries to justify a celebra. tion of this Anniversary. When other nations look back to the morning of their existence, they behold it breaking from the night of carnage, and blackened with the smoke of slaughter. If they explore their origin, it is polluted with butchery, and darkened with crime. Do they fearch the foundation of their greatness, it is laid in violence and cemented with blood. Should they unravel their title to foil, or examine their security for happiness—their tenure is but the right of conquest, their freedom, the will of a tyrant.

Our morning hemisphere was hung in different colors. Our beginning furnished from a purer source. The basis of our glory sunk with cleaner hands, and sormed of less perishable materials. Our inheritance was the "free gift of Heaven,"—our charter sealed with the singer of GOD.

On this day, the memory of age is not fo frail as to forget, nor the bosom of youth fo cold as not to catch, the spirit of the scenes, that preceded the American Revolution. Had its history been recorded no where but in the fend of the fea-shore, enough would have defeended, in bleeding, uneffaced fragments, to posterity, to preferve in their minds a fleepless jealousy, and rivit in their fouls an eternal antipathy, of that nation, who, after having oppressed their forefathers into exile, was attempting to charm them into a love of flavery, with the tender names of "parent and protection," on her tongue, whilst her chastest embraces were but the sting of scorpions, and her safelt banners, the shadow of death: - Whose lips were honyed with the founds of "generosity and benevolence," whilst her heart was pining with avarice infatiable as the grave, and throbbing with malice implicable as hell.

Turn off your eyes, for a moment, from the present face of America, now brightened with peace, burthened with plenty, embofomed in happiness, and flooded with story. View a wilderness measuring half the line from pole to pole, stretching from the ocean West where the journey's of no traveller but the sun have yet ever reached, tenanted with favages numerous as its leaves, fullen as its gloom, and untameable as the tempest on its mountains, maddened with thirst for the cup of christian slaughter, scenting the feetsteps of civilization, and trained to no humanity but the ingenuity of torture: -with here and there a handful of defenceless. wandering, undirected pilgrims, dreaming of Liberty, but never yet refreshed with her presence, wasting with want and thined with pestilence, cut off by distance, and refraining thro courage, even from the dreary commerce of fighing their forrows to each other. This is but a broken outline, a colorless sketch of the prospects that presented, of the scenes that surrounded, of the gloom that enveloped, of the dangers that assailed, of the horrors that encompassed, the first

emigrants to America. As soon as the breast of valor had crowded the favage foe from an inch of foil, and the hand of industry dressed it with culture, that creature, under whose wings the Colonists had so often been invited for shelter, snatched the sick of it produce, and knotted it in her talonsfore they had once ever feen even the shadow of competence, a foreign article much in their use, but which it would be a burlesque to call by the name of luxury, was fingled out as such, and forbidden them unburthened with duty, to their mother country-and to fet them a pattern of her own perfidy and corruption, she even taxed their obligations to honesty.

Schemes of tyranny were devised, and mandates of terror hurried across the atlantic, swift as the winds that swept its surface, and successive as the waves that rolled on its bosom. Allegiance long suffered the most outrageous abuse, and loyalty the cruelest oppression. When America sirst ventured to complain to Britain, her remonstrances were but the half attered accents of beggary and distress; and the sirst weapons for her wary

fare no more than the pen of philosophy. When that could neither enlighten the stupidity of the Monarch, nor reform the wickedness of the Ministry, she retreated even to the brink of destruction before she threw it down, lifted her arm in self defence, and buckled on her armor. The trumpet of Independence was blown. A swarm of domestic traitors crawled from the vitals of their country. Youth lept from the precinct of its sports into the encampment of Mars, and Age shook offits decripitude and slew to the field. The Miser opened his treasures. poverty became rich, and avarice felt generosity. All was surrendered, a willing sacrifice, in support of the common cause, even to the widow's mite and orphan's crumb.

Along, a doubtful, a bloody contest enfued. At length "the gleams of glory or pened round." The world astonished beholds the proudest nation in Europe at the feet of America. "Peace returns to bless." But a war begun without resources could not fail to leave the nation nothing. Government had no energy: Society no bands.

Genius was on the wreck for an expedient, philanthropy overwhelmed in despondence, and patriotism sucking in despair. Faction unveiled her hydra head. In this hour of anxiety, in this period of gloom, the Federal Constitution rose in all its majesty. To the world, a monument of wisdom that will endure forever. To Americans, a fortress of safety that shall never be demolished: A temple of salvation, which the strongest currents of treachery can neither undermine, nor the wildest tempelts of saction ever shake down.

On this day, we call for the principles that originated, the marners that moulded, the feelings that conducted, the American Revolution. When we look back on its history, we plunge into a vast current of envents, that long rolled on its dack and troubt waters, but at last spent itself on American in a sea of glory.

Should your speaker attempt to charm u with the emptiness of eloquence witht the reality of sentiment, he would ve the strong hold of principle for an ention of his audience, but their reverence of his talent at appearing ridiculous. Should he plume the pinions of fancy and flit away into the regions of imaginary blifs, he would forfake the possession of real felicity, for the chase of fantastic amusement. An attempt at novelty would be acknowledging that we have forgotten the toil that purchased our Freedom, and already disgust its enjoyment.

On this day, can gratitude withold its tribute, can patriotifm refuse its homage, to the memory of those, who bedded themselves in death to procure salvation for their country? The revolutionary soldier has a more saithful record of his sufferings, than the scars of his breast. They are embalmed in the gratitude of his country—they are registered in Heaven. He has a better reward for his services than a handful of depreciated scrip, forced into his pocket by governmental necessity, and silched som it by speculative fraud. Tho' the sun of prosperity nerver beam on his footsteps, tho' he is doomed

to pace the plains of poverty, he leaves to his posterity, an inheritance incorruptible, and a wreath of giory that will never fade away.

First on the list of revolutinaory worthies stands the NAME, before which the proudest eloquence must bow. WASH-INGTON's worth was as much above praise, as his weakness beyond discernment. In his course, steady and luminous as the sun. In manners, pliant as the reed. In courage, resolute as the tempest. Measured in view, and controlled in feeling, his ambition took no fire from the shouts of victory, and his fear no alarm from the sighs of defeat. Let a tear to his memory fanctify our joys; and if we wish him to pass to ages untarnished with traduction, our silence only must speak his eulogy.

On this day, we have to look back on the conduct of those, who have been at the head of our national concerns, and if we are unable to do justice to merit, at least, take care we do not hand down to posterity a political hypocrite accompanied with our approbation, & a tyrant revealed loaded with our praise.

The Anti-revolutionist and Apostate in politics have nothing to do in the business of this day. They may force an awkward, unwilling compliance with the ceremonials of the occasion; but the heart has no participation, feeling no luxury, principle no triumph. With them, their is no union but the harmony of conspiracy—no felicity but the rapture of repining.

It is not a time to lash the slame of party spirit with the whirlwind of reproach. The occasion carries us back to a season when every one was seeking a resuge from his sears in the bosom of his neighbor. But it is a time to single out the enemies of our constitution and revilers of our government, and seal them for rejection from office. To draw domestic treachery from its covert, and point the indignation of our country at its head. To unite that we may hurl from their stations men, who have crept to eminence under the darkness of intrigue, or mounted to power by the strides of corruption, and be bold "to despise the

man who would advise to more modera-

At the head of our national government is the man, who first spread the declaration of American Independence on paper:—
Whose practice and pen have never once been at war. Under whose administration the principles of the Revolution are restored. In whose character qualities unite, hither to deemed contradictory. Who indulges the profounded researches of rational philosophy, without plunging into the reveries of the sophist; and soars to the boldest heights of genius, without losing sight of the minutest concerns of state.

In the heads of department, we have the most free, uncontaminating channel of foreign communication; the closest and most salutary system of sinance; the most ready, exhaustless fund of legal intelligence; the most judicious arrangement for perfecting our militia and embattling the field.

Under a political firmament flooded with the light of these constellations, what cloud of missortune can shade, for a moment,

the bright face of America? With these prospects of prosperity before her, what can impede her career in the race of glory? In this clear surshine of success, what can lose her in her slight to the summit of empire? Should domestic enemies rise up to disturb the harmony of government, or foreign soes wait the rights of our nation, her vengence is in store. The hearts of American Soldiers will never pant for blood, nor shrink from danger; but should war invade, the handful before us would swell to millions, and smile desiance to the world in arms.

To the aged patriot, whose locks were bleached in the storms of our revolution—to the true American in the noon of life, whose bosom is bursting with courage—to the green youth, whose heart has been hallowed by the reception of Republican principles, the duties of this day are solemn. They are bound to resort to the temple together, and after having recognized principles so precious, recounted sufferings so severe; and re-enkindled a spirit so unconquerable, as led to our Independence and glory, to lay their

hands to the heart till they feel it throb in unifon with truth, and then lift them to heaven and swear, by the blood of the Martyrs to Freedom, that the earth which embosoms their ashes shall never be pressed with the socious that the socious that such the socious that such the socious that such the socious of a state.

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