ORATION,

DELIVERED IN THE WHITE MEETING-HOUSE, STONINGTON-BOROUGH,

On the Fifth Day of July, 1302, (the 4th being Sunday.)

BY THE REV. JOHN FOSTER, OF GROTON.

" How does the lustre of our Fathers actions,
Through the dark cloud of ills that cover'd them,
Break out and burn with more triumphant brightness."

STONINGTON:

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BY the particular request of the Committee of Arrangements, Mr. Foster obligingly savored them with a copy of his Oration for the press.—In return, for his politeness, and the general satisfaction given by its delivery on the 5th inst. the Committee tender their sin-cere acknowledgments.

Stonington-Borough, July 20, 1802.



AN

ORATION.

THE radiance of this auspicious morn,—the genius of Independence, and the free soul of an American, distain the common, the mean cant of pitiful apology. God, and nature, have made all men equally free: of consequence, the original investing of rights unalignable is one, as Jehovan supreme donor is one.

HONOUR, and desert, can never be predicated of any superior, inherent and original claims, one man may be supposed to inherit above another; but are in ratio to so cial virtue: he therefore who is most beneficial in society, is the most dignified character.

To be born a Prince, and to be born a member of any particular religious order,—the former with a native time to finctures, the letter with a demand for certificates, is an invertion of the order of nature, and a commencement of holdilities upon the scheme of Gon! However little attended to, this infraction of the establishment of nature, has nerved the tyrannic arm; added a kind of diabolical employence to despose surv,—ensured and

tortured to death millions of our race, and drenched the world with rivers of human blood!

From mishapen monsters of this same genius, nuttured by black defign,—and clothed with all the nameless horrors and energies of aristocratical and pontifical usurpations,—have proceeded war, murder, rapine, devaltation, dungeons, profcriptions and all the heaven detelled trumpery of the monarchical clan: also the execrable business of creed-making, anathema, subscription, hot-pan, gibbet, and all the woes and curses attendant on the Roman question! Civil tyranny would be unnerved, like Sampson when his hair was loft, were it not for the interpolition of church auxiliary: so also, ecclesiastical artillery and monkish vengeance, would be innocuous, were it not for the civil arm, to carry by fire and sword, their berrid bul's into execution.—Usurped power in the noble, and black defign in the hypocritical priest united, have been the prelific source of all the wickedness, and of all the woes, time has witneffed, and poor human nature has struggled with, in every period of the world!!!

Upon this, eternally to be execrated altar, of abbition and of avarice, alias Church and State united, millions of times there has smoked an hecatomb of human beings as a sacrifice!! The ghosts of the slaughtered, having a recent recellection of their agonized torture; in pity to man, and to tan the stame of primeval liberty, points to the Throne and to the Inquistion.

BEING dead they yet speak, and in the most moving philanthropic elequence bid us keep a watchful eye on those in power; and if the limits prescribed by the people are exceeded, to rally round the standard of Independence, unsheath the sword of God and of liberty, and crush the tyrant or perish in the attempt.

CITIZENS,-" an hour,-a moment of virtuous liber-

** ty, is werth a whole eternity in bondage.———O Liberty, ** —O virtue, —O my country."

REPUBLICANS,—it becomes us, when conviked by the inspiring call of gratitude, to celebrate the natal anniversary of our yet insant empire, to retrograde in our recollection to that singular concatenation of scrumate events which, centreing in the single point of Independence, has rear'd the broad stone in the supendous temple of liberty, and pronounced all its immoveable glories our own.

In an attitude of filent devotion, from the towering precipice which neds over the foaming attantic, let us wait, in retrospective idea, the arrival of the little back which bore on the bosom of the ocean our venerable fore-fathers. Look,—and his a view next the lamb of God: they come!—With a noble thirst for the undisturbed enjoyment of that liberty, wherewith Christ, and nature, have made them free; and, upborne by faith in the universal parent of good—my God! unburt they have shaped their devious way,—and with united voices cry out—a shore, a shore,—and his faithed America!

REPUBLICANS,—image to yourselves, if possible, the nameless perils and untried hardships, which like envenomed legions drew up in batalia and menacidal first destruction upon their disembarkation!—No dome for their reception but the cold regions of space;—no correcting but the canopy of heaven;—no food but that which in a precarious manner resulted from the musket and hook, and no friend but Jehovah who teedeth the little birds!

FROM the learful bosom of the gloomy forest libed the painted Sachem, leading his yellow throng, thick as the swarms that blackened Egypts strand,—and, unused to the meliorating influence of mercy, as the servicious

But were our renowned Fathers like Ephraim of old, a filt, dove without heart?—Did the furvivors cry we shall one day perish by the hatchet, knife or arrow as our brethen have done?—Was there a groat, the Lordhath torsaken us, to be heard?—No: more than death they suffered—but more than glory they hoped to ment by their precious blood, for millions then unborn.

FOSTERED by the pitying hand of heaven, a remnant of this Ifrael was preferved from the vortex of destruction; and while struggling with storms of fare, the Almighty fiat, which broke up for the sea a decreed place, appointed limits to savage butcheries and beasts of prey; and said to sickness, famine, and death, hitherto shall se come, and no turther.

THERE'S, fays the great Mr. Hume, an ultimater point of depression as well as exaltation; from which human affors naturally return in a contrary progres;—and, he yourd which, they never proceed, either in their advancement or decline.—To that last point of depression our venerable fires were reduced; yet like Israel at the sea, they tarried not: soon—soon, the darken'd hemisphere was streaked with cheering radiance: winter's chilling blass that rent the torest mellowed into the vernal breeze; the earth of ened her friendly and productive boson; the E ernal God made many tawny neighbours to be at peace: in fine, civilization with her amiable train of blessings at dot graces enter'd the rude retreat of the aborigines—and like a handful of corn upon the mountain, who soon, became a numerous people.

THESE,—Republicans, are the sainted martyrs, who mutur'd Freedom in America's wilds!—Their Patrionic blood purchased our charter of liberty; their hazard and penury, were a pictude to our fatery and enjoyment,—and their night of unequalled darkness, lights up for usaday, which will shine with admired and enview esfulgence, fill the Sun himself, shall grow dien with age, and nature sink in years!

LIKE Abraham, obedient to the divine command in the affairs of his Son,—our renowned tathers, nothing doubling, attended the call of Almighty Liberty, and facrificed at the shrine of republican sin, not an Isaac, nor the quadruped substitute, but their own lives!!

The unparalleled parriotic perseverance of the Respublican Plymouth company, laid the immoveable soundation of Liberty, Science, and Virtue,—upon which the vast structure of American Independence has since been reared,—towering to the very heavens, and cemented with blood!—To this sacred Temple, the last great attempt of God; whose turrets rise immeasurably high, and tade in distant perspective, American Thunder-belts of war, have conducted the fair Goddess of Liberty.

REPUBLICANS,—I need not tell you, that our immortal Sires, impelled by dire necessity, and embeldened by ties of blood, looked up to Britain for succour and protection; pledging allegiance, while treated like free born Britains—No: the historic page announces this transaction.

England lent her aid—and while united, the nation was the terror and envy of the world!—An immense and incalculable revenue Britain derived from the colonies—but waxed haughty, and callcus to every sine paternal feeling of the foul, claimed to tax America without her consent!—Eleven annual revolutions bear

witness to innumerable remonstrances, breathing the language of injured innocence, against so tyrannical and oppressive a procedure: But in vain!—Grorge and his council, like the tyrant of Babylon, cried of America—"this is Babylon which we have built."——To rivet the chains of vassalage, forged neither by God nor Nature—and to cruth the tender bud of Liberty just bursting from the stem, a tormidable fleet, whitening the Atlantic with its canvals, is ordered to blockade our harbours, while bestile troops, at the nod of the tyrant, are to carry victory or destruction through associated and defence less America!

REPUBLICANS,—the reliffels ardor of indignent recollection will, I prefume, retrograde to feventyfive!—an epoch in the historic page, which will stamp the name of Britain with infamy, till the angel of God shall fwear that time shall be no longer.

But the fire of a Seraph, the energy of numbers, and emnipotence of ricetoric, must eternally tail in an attempt to describe America's fearful condition! In military arts untaught; not versed in camps, nor disciplined in blood; no leading chief; and fear depicted in every face—destitute of ordnance and warlike thores—in fine, no hope of human aid from any point of heaven.

In this very article of our extremity, God Al-MIGHTY arose from his throne, encircled by the never sading radiance of the hope inspiring rainbow:----all Heaven was wrapt in silent, but adoring attention, till the Eternal pronounced the tyrant crushing mandate: Then the angel of Liberty, with a trait of ethereal light, through Heaven bent his way to Earth, and on WASH-INCTON'S marshal brow bound the wreah of liberty, and stamped with the scale of omnipotence he Independence of America! !!

Tell ye your children of it, and for your above ien

A prophet, divinely inspired, breaks out into this exclamation——an exclamation happily adapted to the present occasion, and calculated to perpetuate the remembrance of that event, which sure is written on every American heart——every lover of his country.

THE combined wildom of the Seges of the world, hath not been able to reduce to a system, the phænomena of Nature: nor can grateful Americans scan the methods of providence, and calculate the glory our freedom and severeignty embrace for millions yet unborn.

HAIL auspicious day that emancipated the United States—regenerated America, and blest this Western World with Freedom, Sovereignty, and Independence.—There is a sacred luxury in reslecting that the race of man is saved by Christ; and that that Almighty grace which gave America her name and rank, embraces the World and means its happiness: It retrogrades to the birth of time, and looks forward to its dissolution.

Bur after that tremendous night of darkness, which will live in the dread recollection of Americans till Liberty shall slumber forever: after the perils and hardships of the Camp, the danger of war, the hoarse drum and firstll trumper's found;—after the groans of dying Fathers and Brothers, and the fight of garments rolled in blood—it pleased the Patron of Libe v, in seventy six, to fireak our horizon with lines of factual effulgence: Am. rica, though bleeding at every porc, and involved in the -tempest of war, raging with unabated fury-named her Independence: " Well hast thou done, the Almighty Father spoke; well haft thou done, all Heaven the eage took, and faints and Angels in their fongs replied." Then we broke the chains of Aavery—threw off the British tyrant's yoke-disdained for a whole eternity the name of King. and owned no Sovereign but Jehovah ! Then like a giant rejoicing in his strength, atose the Sun of America's Republican glery—and stoods of light burst upon this Western World, heightening the raptures of Creation.

But let us not tarnish the sair page of creation, nor damp the ardor of Republican joy, on this sacred, this sessive, and this eventful day, by a momentary recurrence to the name, the thuraster, and the condust of those execuable mansters from among ourselves, who aided the British tyrant against their country—the cause of Freedom—the Rights of Man—and investiture of Almighty Nature! Is there no secret curse, no hidden thunder in the stores of heaven, red with uncommon wrath, to blast the man who owes his greatness to his country's ruin."

And to name those worthies, who, in the cause of Liberty, turned their backs on the dearest connections; abandoned domestic scenes of quiet; braved the horrors of war; met the blaze of British ordnance undaunted, and nobly died in their Country's cause, is but to follow the long beaten track: 'Tis enough to say—" Liberty, which from heaven had bow'd to watch the scale or fight, when these brave Heroes sell, who lov'd and who ador'd ber eause so well—retired behind a crimson cloud!"

Gur Temple of Independence, was rear'd upon the flaughtered carcales of MANY brave American Soldiers—MANY, who thought it a pity, they could die but once to ferve their Country! The glorious groans of the expiring Hero, rent the galling fetters of flavery; for he conquered when he fell.—Our Charter of Freedom, crimioned o'er with American blood, will eternalize the memory and the virtues of the fellen Martyrs; and add a dignity to their characters in that ferene Country where the tempelts of war never comes! When balmy Peace returned to America, like the Dove to the ark, and the brave Patriot Washington filled the first chair of State;—when our admired and envied Constitution was frames,

and our Republican Government organized—America was venerable as a Roman Senate, and terrible as an Alexander at the head of the victorious legions of Macedon.

Through the whole course of this administration, the Constitution was the political compass; Washington the pilot of the republican bark; and peace, wealth and honour, kept pace with the progress of time---while America assumed a dignished rank, and became the envy and wonder of the world!

With Weshington at our head—America a band of brothers, uniting the name of soldier and friend, and roused in a moment to arms—there needed not the incalculable expense of a Navy—No: Rome, once mistress and arbitress of three fourths of the globe, would have taked in remembrance on a comparison with America: yea, the firm soul of the enterprising Casar would have revolted with dismay from the thoughts of an invasion.

ger to despotic sensations; nor had he the late aristocratical art, of calculating the native superiority of claims, one man is supposed to possess over enother: millions were therefore saved from the public burden; no Standing Army being deemed necessary, either to pretest Congress, or enforce her decrees. The integrity and attachment—the patriotism and saith of our first President, rendered a Sedition Law, to prevent the free investigation of his conduct, quite unnecessary.

This brave Patriot loved the country for which he, fought; its soil manured by rivers of blood, he profferant as an affylum for republicans from the old world: and that merit should be rewarded, he would admit emigrants from every quarter of the globe, to a participation of the honors and profits of our government: and, tho, in his administration, the hated form of an alien bill was con-

reived, and the haggard feetus was nourished by the allments of foreign influence; yet it could not be brought forth, until Washington, like Marlborough retired, to think of eternity!

But how does it chill every passion of the patriotic mind, to view, in retrospective idea, the eminent danger America has of late been in, of loosing her name, her liberty, her all! I refer to the fearful period, when the republicans of America reposed too much confidence in Rulers; and, being without design themselves, could view public men, only as ministers of God tor good: a dread period this indeed!——American Republicans asseep, and designing rulers forging for them, chains of eternal slavesy!—Let not God from on high regard the black era, nor may it come into the number of the months. Had the brave Heroes of seventy-sive, have slept another Olympiad, the resurrection would have surprized the world, ere America would have recovered her liberty from the monarchial ravisher!

THE same impositions which nerv'd the hero's arm in seventy-sive; fired his indignant soul, and roused the whole country to arms, were practiced again, in the reign of darkness! Could Americans who bravely sought, while the field was covered with the dead bodies of their sellows----to liberate the country from tyrannic impositions, and the detested stamp act not the least; ever again be entangled with the yoke of bondage?

Could this country tamely submit to measures which savoured so much of monarchy, as the loss of the liberty of the Press? Judiciary systems? Standing Armies in time of peace, remonstrated against by the immortal Washington? Could they crouch down under the intolerable burden of unnecessary taxes,—to break the spirits of the people; to discourage tradesmen, mechanics and manufacturers? And all this to open a way for

kingly government, under the qualified term of Federalifm?

Could this country brook the intended union of church and state? Lerds temporal and spiritual—civil toryism, blended with the clever, little clerical hierarchy? And was not this design obvious, from the mouthing of a particular order of the clergy in savour of monarchy, under the seigned name of sederalism? And was it not further evident, since the bursting of a volcano in the Northern States, would not be a greater phenomenon, than one--poor---little---lean prayer of that order, in savour of the President, and present administration?

WE have never considered the elergy, as being totally dead to the good things of this finful world: and 23 Mr. Tefferson has caused many of them to drink of the brook, and receive, without money and without price, much of their living from his personal bounty: in their forbearing to bless him in the name of their God, is unaccountable but upon this design :--- a national religion! union of church with flate! heriditary succession of spirisual magistracy, and refurrection of an exclesiastical, inquisitorial, and sederal hierarchy!!!---Will America again court the yoke, and bow the neck to King, or Pope?--No;---the great patron of liberty round the globe,---who faved our fathers from favage butcheries, a precious grain, --- who assumed the character of the man of war, when Britain dared invade our rights; awake for the defence of that Independence he set the seal of omnipotence to, --- discovered the delign of tory and of priest, ---pointed out that for of liberty, Jefferson, --- and the tempest that thundered nigh subsided into a calm.

Is we revolve the history of man, and new beathole worthies who have ascended the hill of same, --- fure our venerable President will not appear a whit behind the

chief Aposse. While encircled with the names of a Thyoth, Solon and Numa, wise legislators of gentile antiquity;—Cato, Plato and Miss :--- Lock, Addison, Pops, Franklin, and Washington,---our Jefferson shines like a Sun amidst ten thousand stars.

He needs no Sedition Law, to protect him,—or Navy to spread his same: That he is Thomas Jefferson, is enough to raise him to an immortality of political glory. All that the natural Sun is to this world, our President is to America: enlightening and warming the noble souls of a Republican Congress,—his wise management has, in the last session of that august body, saved the nation more than 1,000,000 of dellars! Cuizens, the people are the source of power: they alone have right to say who shall govern them, and by what laws.

In a government, republican, every class of citizens, have, from nature, the unalienable right, not only to elect their representatives, but in turn to represent and appoint legislators, and to legislate. A Government founded upon this great first principle of democracy, will be mild, peaceful and lasting, because eternally equitable. Hereditary offices and emoluments, are the stamina vite, of tyranny and despotism. Long continuance in power, originates that haughture and independence, twin brothess with monarchical tyranny.

A REPUBLICAN government should be especially careful to limit the term its servants shall continue in places of power and trust: and this term, should be always short. A servant of the people, returned by the expiration of his limited time in office, may be eligible for re-election: but to preserve him from that too common vanity, a thirst for domination,—let him be within reach of the people who razde him.

LET public men be taught, by the people, that they

are amenable to their constituents; that they are not creators, but created——and no longer entitled to the honour of Gad's Ministers, than they pursue the good of the people. When re-election is made to depend upon the integrity and faithfulness of the elected, the rights of the people will be safe, and the public servant will return to his constituents the same honest republican he was at his departure.

SUCH a Government will be mild and equitable; because the ministers of it, are obliged to be subject to the same laws they have enacted, when remanded to the private walks of life.—But it a single class of citizens be excluded the right of appointing their legislators, and themselves to legislate, all laws obligatory on such class, are arbitrary, oppressive, and to be resisted with unrestrained indignation.

Bur the limits I have prescribed myself, and I may probably add your patience, will oblige me to abandon this disquisition. This is the first, and probably will be the last time, the Orator of the hour, has had, or will have, the honour of a call from the Committee of Arrangements, to celebrate the natal anniversary of our Enpire. I am therefore pleased to find my duty and pleasure in unison ;.... suffer me then, to invite you, with myself, to recollect the many signal interpositions of God in our favour, as a nation, and a people; it is his Almigh'y arm that broke the yoke of tyrannic Britain, & brought falvation to this western world! We should then react that national honor and national happiness, (like that of individuals) depend upon national virtue. $\;\;\;\;\Gamma$ ne Affiriar, Persian, Egyptian, Greecian and Roman Enpires, once so flourishing, all fell by vice and effectioninacy!—It was a maxim with the wife old Romans, that the education of youth, very much concerned the public good: in our dear children we are to live through time. If then we love our Country, devotionally respect the name of Almighty God, and regard the best interests of the rising generation and he millions yet unbern, let us propose as objects of our constant pursuit—Religion, Liberty, and Literature.

As this eventful day is an era of the world, next to be remember'd after that which gave Christ to man—let our gratitude be devotional—our rejoicing universal, our souls warm, and full of traternal affections.

Now to "him whose temple is all space; whose altar earth, sea, skies—one chorus let all beings raise, all nature's incense rise!"

FINIS.

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