11. Min Matoren

Mr. Thacher's Election-SERMON,

May 25. 1726.

Fight Jamie P Beimanell.

Hastachusetts.

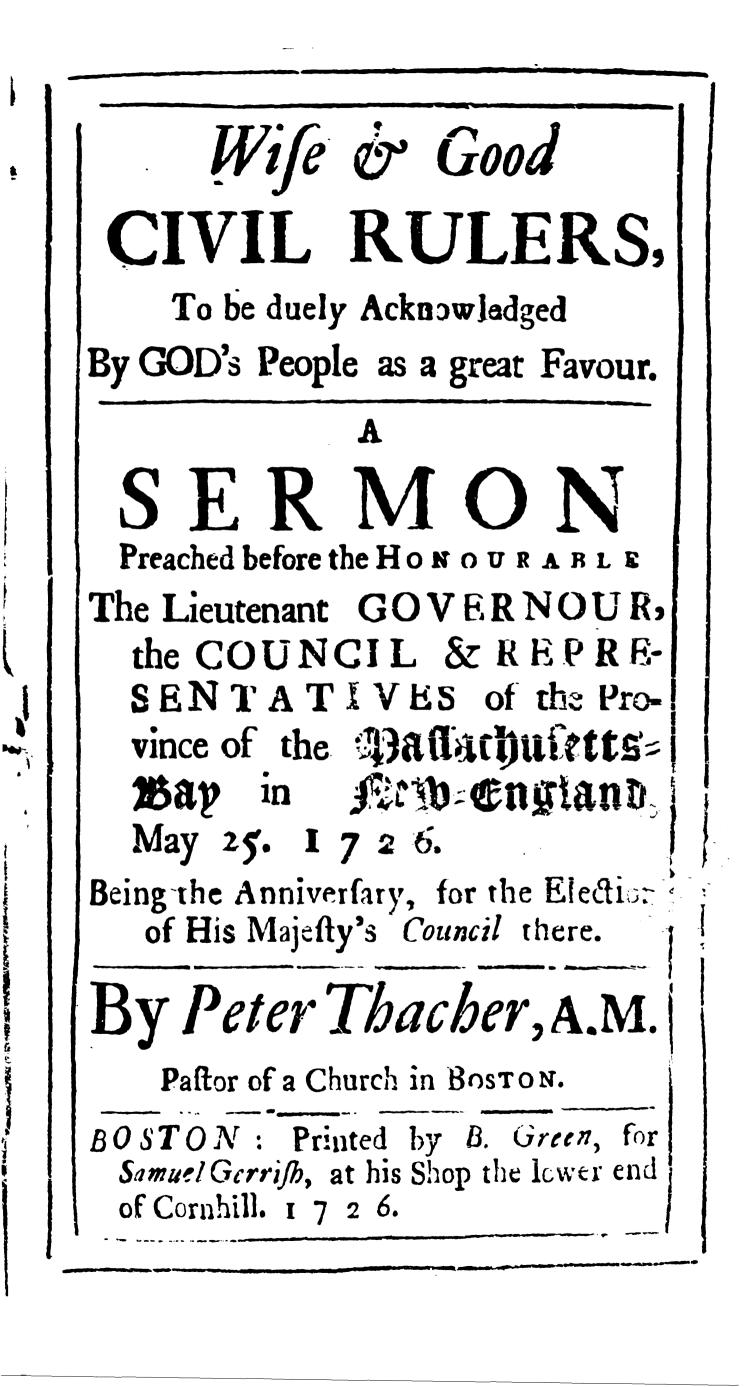
At a Council beld in the Council-Chamber in Boston, May 28th. 1726.

Ordered,

HAT the Honourable William Tailer and Samuel Thaxter Elqrs; give the Thanks of the Board to the Reverend Mr. Peter Thacher, for his SERMON Preached before the GENERAL AS-SEMBLY, and defire a Copy thereof in order to its being Printed.

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Josiah Willard, Secr.

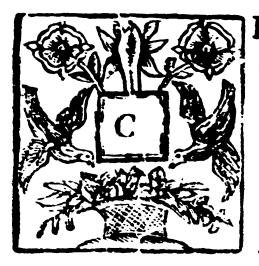


A N

Election-SERMON.

PSAL. LXXVII. 20.

Thou leddest thy People like a Flock, by the band of Moses and Aaron.



IVIL Government is the Life of Publick Society; a Conftitution of Government formed to the just Liberties, and best Interests of human Nature, in Civil & Religious Affairs; and animated by a wife & just Administration is

the Strength of that Life : And the Agency of Sovereign Divine Grace, in giving it to his Own People, fpreads an incomparable Glory upon the whole; and makes a most powerful Motive of folemn Praise.

The latter part of this Pf ilm opens to us, with a Divine Hequence, the Glory & Majefty of the GOD of Ifrael, in that Series of Wonders : Ifrae?'s Redemption out of Fgypt : Verfe 15th, Theu bajt with theme Arm released thy People --- : And concludes with the Excellency of their Government, and Leaders, Thou leddeft thy People,&c. In In the Words observe the following things,

1. GOD Himfelf was Ifrael's Leader: The leddeft toy People Their Civil Conftitution (as well as Ecclefiaftical) was Extracrdinary: There was a more immediate Interposition of GOD himfelf; in their Laws & Administration: therefore usually denominated a Theocrafy. GOD by Himfelf broke the Iron Yoke; Formed their Government for them, Executed & Administred it when Formed.

2. The Manner of the Administration : Thy People, as a Flock. GOD the Shepherd; Ifrael his Flack: This carrys an happy mixture of Tendernels & Authority; Power & Care; Protection & Discipline : Acted by the nearest Relations, special Propriety, and dearest Assection. 3. The illustrious Instruments used by Him; Mufus & Aaron. They their Government was a Theocrafy : it did not exclude Instruments : But then the Iustruments first employed in this singular Government were agreable 10 it : Extraordinary and very Excellent Ones: Extraordinarily Called, Furnished Assisted & Supported by GOD. Moses & Auron were the Two first Instruments nfed by GOI): the renowned Heads of the Two Orders, Civil & Religious. GOD raised them, furnished them, velled them with Power; and by his fpecial, conftant Prefence with them, made them both, but Alefes more remarkably, the most fignal Bleifings to their People, and Examples to all future Rulers.

. . .

How properly foever my Text would lead to it. as one fpecial Branch of GOD's Government, to confider *ifrael's* Conflictution, and Rulers in Church, Church, as well as State, I pais it; and shall be govern'd by the occasion; and confine my self to the Civil Constitution & Rusers, as a fruit of GOD's merciful Government, and give you a few tho'ts upon the Blesling of *tbat*, when wifely and justly managed. I will give you my Subject in the following

DOCTRINE.

IT is to be Notic'd & Celebrated, as an bigb Favour of GOD to bis People; when He leads them like a Flock, by the band of Moses and Aaron; or Wife & Good Civil Rulers.

Indeed the principal Bleffing of GOD, and a People's most vital & fundamintal Distinction, Honour & Happineis confists in their Excellent Conftitution of Church-Government formed upon * the revealed Plan, the holy Scrip unes; and wise & faithiul Guides to administer it : Churches formed by CHRIST himfelf, with an exact agreableness to bis own mast wife & perfect Roles, filled with Ordinances, and all Instituted Officers; and very particularly a learned and faithful Mininistry: These are a People's Glory and Safety, (Mal 147 20.) what they should especially value, be thankful for, be concern'd to fecure & improve. But the Occasion leads me to the Civil; and that too is a very illustrious Favour of GOD. I will give you my thot's upon the important Things contained in this General Propulition; under the following Heads.

PROP.

PROP. I. GOD is in an appropriate manner the Lesder of a Profelling People.

- PROP. 11. He leads them like a Flock.
- PROP. III. He sometimes leads them by the Hand of Mojes & Aaron; or of Wise and Good Rulers.
- **PROP.** IV. This is to be acknowledged & ce] lebrated as an bigb Favour.

PROP. I. GOD is, in an appropriate manner, the Leader of a Profesting People. He was Israel's Leader; and he is the leader of every professing People. Every professing People is his peculiar People; and he leads them as such. Indeed they are not led by the same extraordinary, miraculous, immediate hand of GOD, that Israel was in their Redemption from Lespt, Conduct thro' the Wilderness, and their being put into Possellion of Cinaan. This is Celebrated, & Confined to to them : Deut. 4. 32, 33, 34. Ask now of the Days, that are pass, from the Day that God created Man upon the carth - Did ever People hear God Speaking out of the midst of Fire? Or hatb God effayed to take bim a nation out of the midit of a nation, by temptations, by signs, by wonders, and by a mighty hand, &c. But yet in every other profeifing People, there's the fame Relation of GOD to them, as to Israel; the fame Grounds & Principles of Acting towards & for them : and they express themselves in the same happy Fruits; tho working after a diverse manner, viz. By second. Caufes. But here I will give you my tho'ts under two Heads, diftinctly. (1) GOD is the fupreme, absolute Lord of all Creatures. (2.) In

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a peculiar manner, he is the Leader of a profestling People.

1. GOD is the supreme, absolute Lord of all Creatures. He is the universal First Cause ; infinitely & absolutely Perfect; and therefore must have an unlimited, unalienable, perpetual and universal Dominion over all Creatures; particularly over all his reasonable Creatures; Personally, or Relatively : Singly, or in Society. No Authority can possibly be, but from GOD. All Power is limited by his most perfect Will, duely notified. No Power can be against him. These are all Truths most evident to Reason; and their Contraries draw after them the most absurd Confequences; nay flat Contradictions. And the Scriptures clearly exhibit them as such to us, Dan. 4. 24. Till thou knowsft that the most high rulett in the kingdom of men, and give th it to whom foever be will. Pfal. 145. 13. Iby kingdom is an cverlasting kingdom; and thy dominion thro'out all generations. Plal. 135. 5. I know, that the Lord is great above all gods; what sever the Lord pleased , that did be, in beaven, earth, seas, &c. The universal Influence & Agency of GOD, here affirmed, includes a Marul, as well as a Natural or Physical Power; Right, as well as Strength. Once more, That celebrated, but very much vexed and abused Text is very clear & full Proof Rcm. 13. 1. --- No power but of Cod : the powers that be, are ordained of God. 'Tis not peffible there should be any, but what flows from this only Fountain of Being & Power: And it's equally impossible for GOD to deny bimfelf, and give any Creature a Power agai st himself.

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But I proceed,

2. GOD is in a peculiar manner the Leader of his Own People. Here I will mention to you, fome of the Diffinitions & Charafters of this peculiar Government.

1. It's founded in fpecial Relations, and peculiar Works of GOD. Ifrael became his Subjects, and he their Leader; by new, near & endearing Relations & peculiar difplays of his Wifdom, Power & fovereign Bounty. And thus it is in a Degree with ref pect to every profeiling People.

They are formed, redeemed, separated to GOD, by special displays of Divine Perfections: New and very near Relations between GOD & them arife from these special Operations. His Providence works very glorioully & diftinguishingly, in preparing them for the honourable & happy Station: He fo becomes their Father; and they his Children, in an uncommon manner. They his Servants, and he their Lord, by a new & most endearing Claim: Deut. 32. 6. Do ye shus requite the 'ord'; O foolifb people & unwife? Is he not ther that back brught thee? Hath he not iby . made thee, & establish & thee? My narrow bounds won't allow me to go into the delightful particulars. \

But again, His Condeficentions are very wonderful, in his most free & gracious binding himfelf to them, by Word, Oath most fignificant Covenant Rites & Seals, which contain the most precious Good, made over to them upon the best Te ms. And they have delibera ely brund themf base to a constant, faithful Compliance with these Terms. Ifa. 43. 21. This People have I formed formed for my felf. Deut. 26. 17, 18. Thou hast avouched the Lord to be thy God, and he hash avouched thee to be his People. This Covenant is the special, formal ground & reason of the special Relation, and that peculiar Government here treated of. And this is discoursed of, & described under the Metaphor of the martial Authority and Marriage Union; which is the closest of any we know of among Men, between Two Persons. Jer. 2.2. Go, and cry in the ears of ferusalem, saying, I remember thee the kindness of thy youth; the love of thine Espousals.

2. He leads such a People, by a special Providence, regulated by the Covenant between GOD and them : In that they Promise to him an universal willing Obedience, according to his own revealed Will; and he binds himself, to bestow upon them, in that way, all the Bletling's of the Covenant. He makes over himself, and all his Stores & Riches; and they are as fure of them, as if actually Possessed. 2 Cor. 6. 16, 18. I will dwell in them, and walk in them, and I will be their God, and they shall be my People : and I will be a father unto you, and you shall be my sons and daughters, fith the Lord. But he threatens the contrary Evils, if they are falle to him. Deut. 23. Ibro'out. Now GOD's Providence, in all it's smiles & frowns, is regulated by this Covenant: He dispenseth to them, agreably to his Promises and Threatnings; with due Referves for the exercise of his Patience, Sovereignty & Grace; which Referves are fully provided for in this Covenant.

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3. He feeds them by his Word and Ordinances. It was lfrael's peculiar Privilege, as GOD's People, That GOD committed his Oracles to them; gave them his Statutes, Judgments and Ordinances, Pfal. 147. 19, 20. Rom. 3. 2.

And this Diffinction & Privilege descends to every professing People. The Word & Ordinances are the Instruments especially wherein, and whereby GOD exhibits the Directions, Authority, Blessings & Advantages of that peculiar Relation and Government, which he hath taken upon himfelf, towards them.

4. He leads them by the Hand of a Mediator. The great Mediator between GOD & Sinners, is the appointed, univerfal Lord over all things. Matth. 28. 18. All power is given unto me, in beaven, & in earth. And it's a most joyful and endearing Character of this univerfal Empire, that it's given, received & exercised in it's whole vast Extent with a special Eye to his Peoples universal, & best Good, Eph. 1.22. Put all things under bim; and given him, to be head, over all thing: to the Church.

But that which I am efpecially concerned here, to obferve to you is this, viz. That the Redeemer is in a most glorious & delightful manner his Father's King in & over his Church, Pfal. 2. 6. Iet have I fet my king upon my boly hill of zion. All Government in & over the Church, whether Providential, formally & properly Ecclefiastical or Spiritual, is Christ's Government : The Church is his Seed, Family, Spoule, nay Body : And their whole Direction & Disp fe belongs to him. He is most authenrickly, effectively & folemmly

lemnly vested in it; Psal. 2. 7. Thou art my fon, this Day have I begotten thee. GOD is in the midst of his Church, and his Rest there will be eternal & glorious : But he exerciseth this Sovereignty by that most excellent & lovely Delegate his own only Son, his own Image & Brightnefs, (and by his own free Confent) our Surety. This most wonderful & glorious Person, assumed our Nature; and in this Nature Travelled & Dyed in our stead, and for our highest Good : And in this Nature, with all it's effential Affections, he Reigns in & over his Church. He, or the Father by him, manageth the Kingdom of Providence and Grace to them. And how many delightful things doth this Contemplation suggest to us: Most certainly, This Administrator makes it a peculiar Government, and exhibits it fuch. GOD hath peculiar Defigns with regard to them : A . peculiar Treasure in them. He hath put them into the wifest & kindest hand, to Protect, Order, and to make them Happy; most fafely to secure his Treasure, and exactly & fully reach his defigns.

Thus I have given you fome Tho'ts on the First Proposition, and proceed to the Second.

PROP. II. GOD leads his People like a Flock. This Proposition is but a farther Profecution of the foregoing; a going into a particular difplay of the excellent Characters & Glories of God's appropriate Government. Here I shall not oblige my felf to the Metaphor, with any critical Sollicitude; only keep the general Idea, conveyed by it in fight, as I pass along.

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This of a Shepher 1, is an Allusion which ancient Writers, Sacred & Common, have very much delighted in : They have set it in the most beautiful & advantageous Lights, to represent a well-regulated, wife & happy Government by; and to give the best Instructions to the Conduct of Rulers. 'Tis a very lively & naturalEmblem; and we find the supreme Ruler himself using it, to give us the just & honourable Ideas of his own Government.

In general, I have already observed to you, That the Metaphor of a Shepherd carrys an happy mixture of Tenderness & Authority, Power & Care, Protection & Discipline.

GOD's special Government includes all these, we are fure it must. We see all these things in the brightest light, when we confider & contemplate it, in what we have already heard of it under the First Proposition, viz. It's special Foundations; sublime Rules; peculiar Providences; and most glorious Administrator: Where these meet, there must be Tenderness & Authority, Power & Care, Protection & Discipline, most Perfect and Divine: There must be all the Qualities & Affections of a Shepherd exercised in Perfection, in all the proper Business, Offices & Work of a Shepber 1.

And if we add to this, An Enquiry into Fact; as upon infallible Scripture Record, we fhall find GOD exercifing this Tendernefs & Authority all along, in his Dealings with his People.

Here it may be proper to go a little into par-, ticulars.

1. GOD Directs & Prescribes to his People, in a very peculiar manner. He fhines to his own People, in the ftrongest Light, as absolutely Sovereign, and infinitely Wise & Good; in the Perfection of his Laws, which in the best manner possible, answer the great End of his Glory, and his People's Happiness. Micah 6.8. He bash shewed thee, O Man, what is good, &c. Pfal. 19. II. Moreover by them is thy servant warned; and in keeping of them there is great Reward.

2 He Cerrells & Restores them, when they do amifs & wander. The Tendernefs & Wifdom of his Love won't fuffer him to let their Sins pais, without proper Frowns; but then they direct the Corrections to the firtest Seasons; best manner & measure. He adjusts all their Troubles in the best manner, to their being humbled, purged, made wifer & better; and to their being reftored to their former Station with advantage. He Acts towards them, with the Temper & Intentions of a Shepherd; and his ways are Analogous to the Shepberd's wifeft & kindeft Actions towards this beloved Charge. GOD don't grieve & wound willingly, and with Pleasure; but for necessary great & good Purposes, which they themselves will be Thankful for, when GOD's Difpensations are opened fully to them. Read, Deut. 8. 2. And they field remember all the way which the Lord thy G d bath led thee, to prove thee, &c.

3. GOD bears with them, with a fourreign, but wife Patience. He don't immediately strike upon every Offence. Involuntary Offences, arising from I firmity, are covered with the Tenderness of a Parent, GOD speaks, convinces, warns, useth

useth the most rational, gentle Applications, when these prevail, to bring back his People to themfelves & Duty : He repents, & forbears the threatned & impending Evil. However, He glorifys his Patience, and proclaims his Name, Longsuffering, before he proceeds to his heavier strokes : Especially, before he puts the last hand of Vengeance to his strange Work. They are great Sins, and obstinately continued in, that draw down Vengeance. The Publick is concerned by a publick & heavy Guilt, where the Punishment is publick & heavy. Rom. 19. 21. But to Ifrael be faith, All the day long bave I stretched out my band unto a disobedient & gain-Saying People. Hof. 11. 8. --- How Shall Igive thee up, &c. Jer. 7. 13. I spake unto thee, rising early.

4. He Proteils from Evils & Enemies; with Infinite Concerns, Watchfulnefs, Power & Goodnefs. GOD's People are extremely hated. In proportion to the purity of their Principles, and excellency of their Manners, is the united Rage of Earth & Hell fet upon it, to do all they can to Vex & Deftroy them. And if the utmost firetch of their Wits & Powers, in the deepest Plots, and strongest Combinations can undo them, they shall be undone. That's the Cry of the Churches Enemics. Pfal. 83 throbau, particularly, Ver. 4, 7, 8. =-- Come & Let as cut them off.

But their Defigns & Attempts are entirely under the Government of *ljraei's shepherd*; fhall accomplify his Defigns, and go no farther. 'He can by no means leave the beloved of his Soul, to the blind Rage of their implacable Enemies. He

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He reftrains and bounds the Enemies Rage, and fecures His own; and fo far, they are intirely fafe: No evil can pollibly come without his Knowledge; none pollibly against his Will. Confider the following Texts, Pful 2.1,2,3,4. Why do the Heathen rage, the People imagine a vain thing > Pfal. 76. 10. Surely the wrath of man shall prasse thee, &c. Isii. 27 2, 3. — A Vineyard of red Wine. I the Lord do keep it, &c.

5. GOD as their special Governour Prescrues and Feeds them. GOD Preserves and Continues his Professing People, his Church, in that diffinguish'd excellent State of Being He gave them, when he made them his People. He maintains that Life, and supplies them with all that Good, which that Life demands. The Purchase of Christ, and the Promife of GOD, determines what that Good is : And their most faithful Shepherd supplys & difpenseth to them, agreably to that I'urchase & Promise. And this comprehends all the Good that Societies are capable of; Spiritual & Outward, Civil & Religious. Read, Pfal. 23d. and you'l see the proper Office of a Shepherd; and the Paternal Wifdom & Authority, with which GOD exhibits; and in the prefent Inftance particularly.

But 1 come to the Third Propension.

PROP. III. GOD fometimes leads his People, by the hand of Moses & Aaron; or of Wise and Good Civil Rulers. This Head is one very weighty Arti le, wherein, both the tender Care & fovereign Power of Israels good Shepherd discover themielves.

Here

Here I will observe the following Order; (1.) Offer some general Explanation or L'lustration, (2.) An Hint in Proof very briefly. (3.) Conclude it with the Character of a good Ruler.

I I will offer fome general Explanation. Whenfoever a People enjoy an excellent Form of Government & good Rulers, it's GOD's Gift. His Power & Favour are very remarkable in it. The Agency of the Sovereign GOD in this Affair, may be diffinguished into Extraordinary and Ordinary.GOD gives as really & truly, when a People are in Posses of these Bleisings, in the Ordinary Methods of Providence, as in the Extraordinary.

When the Understandings of a People are enlightned and directed to Contrive fuch a Scheme of Government, as best answers all the great Ends of Society & Government : And withal there's such a Concurrence of Circumstances and Inclinations, as to bring it in, & establish it; GOD is as truely the Author of that Scheme & Form, as if declared by a voice from Heaven, and received & established by the most miraculous Operations & Appearances.

Again, When in the Ordinary ways of Education, Experience, Ec. Men are qualified for, fpirited to, and introduced into the proper Stations & Opportunities to employ them for the publick Good; it is as really GOD's Work as if they were Infinited, and called out extraordinarily, by Nome, to the honourable Bufinefs.

Once more, When the Defigns of fubtle & powerful Tyrants against a People's just Liberties are dashed, and their valuable Rights are preferved or reftored, it's GOD's glorious Work and and precious Gifts when done by Ordinary, as well as Extraordinary Methods.

In these mentioned Inftances, there's GOD's ftamp: they are established by his Approbation and Authority, as well as bro't to pass by his Providence; not only the Agency of the first universal Cause, but the Authority of the supreme Lord & Lawgiver. The renowned David is an Instance of both the Ordinary & Extraordinary manner of Introduction. GOD furnished and spirited him to Government, by Extraordinary & Immediate Impress; but withal he formed him to it, by bringing him into the King's Service; and accustoming him to War, & publick Business. GOD appointed him King by an *immediate* Designation; but yet the Tribes Chose him. This is the Excellent Man of whom GOD says, Pfal. 78.71, 72. He chose David, &c. He bro't Jacob to feed his people.

2. I come in a word to the Proof. You observe I express my self in a restrained manner; viz. GOD fometimes leads, &c. And I speak in this manner, because there's the exercise of Sovereignty in this, as in all other temporal & outward Bleffings. But the' I thus Guard ; yet I suppose upon the strictest search & the best Judgment, it will be found, that generally, and for the mat part, these Blessings are given, when a People in Covenant, are Upright & Faithful in it. Were it at all needful here, I could for Proof draw together very many Inftances, from the most unquestionable Records, Sacred & Common. Particularly, It would be easy to fill up the Proof from the holy Scriptures; and mention to yeu Mojes, **C** 2

Mofes, Johna, Simuel, David, Afa, Jebofbapbie, Heacking & Johno; all illustrious Instruments in GOD's hands of very peculiar Bleifings. But there being no necessity at all to Labour this Point, I corne to the Third, which my Subject especially requires.

3. I come now to the Charafter of the Good Rier. My Text offers a very juft & lively Pattein in Mefer. We'l then enquire into his Character; and by thit, Answer the Demands of this Head: And upon fearch we find Mefes illustrious for the following excellent Things, viz. (1.) His governing Wisdom & Skill. (2) His Meeknefs & Patience. (3) His Justice. (4.) His Publick Spirit & Paternal Tenderness. (5) S eady Authority, & Courage. (6.) GOD's Image, in an high & glorious Degree. (7.) Great Intercit in GOD's Favour, and Power with GOD by Priver

1. The Ruler must like Moses, be furnished with Wifdom & Skillin Government. Every Bufinels hach i's estential Qualifications, for the effectual & sufficient management of it. Governing Williom & Prudence is fuch, to the Conduct of Public's Affairs. This Wildom takes in a great Variety of Things; and I don't pretend here to a perfect account of them I will only hint in a word, That this Vertue is qualified for, conducted & actuated in Government, by an extended Knowleg: of Men & Things; and particularly, the Matheds of Government : And might I at all go into particulars, I would mention the Advantage of the diffinct Knowlege of the People to be Govern'd, in their Hiftery, their Constitution in

in Church & State, their Laws, Cultoms, Dispositions, Manners & Circumstances. And to add no more, There must be a Dexterity in the Application of this Knowledge to it's End. If you Enquire, You'l find this one Remarkable in Moses's Character: There's no question to be made of it, but he had large measures of Prudence, by special Impressions from above. But befides this, we find him trained to Government, by his Adeption & Education, by Pharaob's Daughter; and his intimate Acquaintance with the Egyptian Learning. Read, Exod. 3. 11, 12. And be said, ubo am I. -- And be faid, Certainly, I will be with you. Exod. 4. 10, 11, 12. And Mofes faid, I am not Eloquent. And the Lor 1 faid, Who bath made man's mouth; now therefore go, and I will be with thy Mouth. Once more, Acts 17. 21, 22. Fbarack's Doughter took him up, and nourished him for her own fon, and Moses was learned, in all the learning of the Egyptians.

2. He must like *Moses*, be remarkable, for *Meekness & Patience*. Meekness & Patience are Qualifications effential to a wife & happy Administration. Among the best People, there's always enough to exercise these, in the Ruler.

But there are high Degrees, and a conflict Exercife, necellary in the Government of feme People, and in fome Seafons & Circumflinces. *Mofes* was bro't to the Government of an head-ftrong People; very fordid & untaught in fome regards: Accuftomed to the Difcipline of *Slaves*; who when bro't into the Condition of a *Free* People, bardly knew how to use their Freedom with moderation, and to bear the necessary Reftraints. The The wife Conduct of fuch a People required an uncommon Macknefs & Patience. Again, Mojes was to lead them thro Wants & Difficulties, and innumerable Hazards. These to the low & animal. but especially, the corrupt inclinations, are ftrong temptations to Discontents, Murmurings, Rebellions against Rulers, and must require an invincible Patience, and steady Calm in Rulers, to Master them, and to prevent the infinite Mischiefs that arise from them.

GOD made and sent them, a Moses, the most Signal stroke, and special Glory of whose Character, was his Meekness & Patience: Now the man Moses was very mesk, above all the men that were apon the face of the earth.

3. Like Moses, he must be very Fust. Justice is certainly essential to the grand Basis of Government; one of the grand Pillars upon which it refts; without which, Power degenerates into Tyranny and Self-Interest. Prov. 14. 34. Righteousness, very particularly in it's Rulers, exaltetb a Nation. Prov. 16. 4. The Throne is established by Rightcoufness. It's given us therefore among the most vital Parts of a Ruler's Duty, 2 Sam. 23. The Rock of Israel spake so me; she 3 God of Israel faid, He that Ruleib over men must be fust. This Vertue enobled & exalted by Grace, shone very bright among Mass's Excellencies; and we find it very folemnly recommended in Fabro's Advice, Exod. 18. 14, --- 21. Moreover, Thousfall provide Men of Truth.

4 Like Moses, of a Publick Spirit & Paternal Tenderness The due & happy Exercise of the Publick Trust requires an uncommon Generosity and and Largeness of Soul. Nothing so proper, so lovely, so God like. 'Tis the Expectation both of GOD and Man, that Rulers be Fathers and Benefactors to their People : put on the Tenderness of Fathers; and express it, in their being governed by the Publick Good, in their whole Administration; and in their exquisite sense of the Publick Insperity & Adversity. A Private, narrow. selfish Spirit in a Publick Person, is most loathfome to GOD & Man; brings Infamy, and a Curfe upon the Guilty, and innumerable Oppressions & Mischiefs upon the People. GOD shews us the Good Ruler. in a may beautiful light, in those Twore caratriots Mess and Nebemiab; the or grael's Founder the other his Restorer. Nevemin's i chaerness to the Pub-lick was truly great; and his Story fully makes out that Character, Neh. 2. 16. A man to seek the welfare of the Children of Israel. But Moses was Extraordinary & Amazing : He entirely for-gets himself & all his own Interests for them, their Satety & Good. Read, Exod. 32. 32. If not, I pray thee blot me out of thy book. And, Numb. 14. 12, 13, 14, 15.

5. Like Moses, of fleady Authority & Courage. Authority in a Ruler's management; I mean a due exerting the coercive Power lodged with him for the Publick Safety & Honour, is always neceffary in fome Degree, let the Times be never to Calm. Resolution & Cour ge are the Guardians of this Authority and it's Life & Spirit; and a degree of these is always requisite therefore in the finoothese Time. But at fome times, and in fome Circumstances, which their People may be thrown into, into, they become peculiarly Neceffary; and they must exert themselves with Vigour. Without very resolute Counsels & couragious Executions of them, all would be lost in some Junctures. An happy Union, and prudent Exercise of these, are then a People's very Life.

Let us enquire, and we shall find Moses the Meek & Tender Father of his People; to whom his People was dearer than himself; yet when the Honour of GOD, and the Publick Good required it, we then find him a Man of Majesty, armed with Terrors.

Government can't be infulted, & fo weakned, without inexpressible Damage & Hazards to the People; (the great End of Government.) 'Tis for the People's fake, not their own, that Rulers must exhibit this Coercive Power, and use the Sword of the Revenger; and not willingly fuffer the Lawless at home, or Enemies abroad, to defpise and trample on them. Look upon *Mosfes* in that most feasorable & holy Transport, Exod. 32. 26. *And Mosfes faid, Who is on the Lord's fide, Who ?* And, Exod. 17. 9. And Mosfes faid to foshua, and go fight with Amaleck.

6. It's very defirable, that like Moses, they have GOD's Image, and in it's most high & eminent Degrees to Sandify them. This will Exalt all their Faculties & Qualifications for Government. This excellent Image crowns all other Qualifications; infuseth an holy & excellent Ferment into all that directs & stimulates them to their great End.

M ses was a renowned Man of GOD, for his uncommon measures of true fanctifying Grace. And And Rulers inould fo Excel, as to be Examples to all about them, of every gracious Disposition and Action to GOD & Man. You see *Misses*'s true Temper & Spirit, in his deep Concern for GCD s Honour; the furest Sign of Grace that can be Numb. 14. 13, 14. And Moscs fuid, The Egyptians will bear it ——.

7. Like him, Men of Prayer & Power with GOD. Moscs was so, very gloriously; and so should all Rulers. Jer. 15. 1. Tho' Misses and Samuel Stood before me. Numb. 21. 7. And Moses Prayed for the People. Thus they may do more for the Publick Good, than by all their Wisdom, Authority, Courage, nay, than by the united Strength & Riches of their whole Government.

Thus I have finished the Charadier; the thing principally in my Defign, and will go more briefly thro' what remains.

PROP. IV. It is to be Notic'd & Celebrate 1 as an bigb Favour of GOD to his People, when he leads them like a Flock, by the hand of Wite and Good Rulers GOD's taking upon himfelf the Relation of their Leader, in fo peculiar a manner as you have heard; and his exercifing that Government as a Sbeyberd, carrys melt admirable Grace in every Article of it, as might be fhown, would my Bounds allow it : But pathing the Reft, I fhall confider the peculiar Favoar of His Government, which appears in excellent Civil Privileges & Rulers; and this under I wo Heads. (1.) These Privileges & Government are a most free & great Favoar; even to the bijt People. (2) It is to be Noticed & Celebrated as fuch by them.

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1. It is a free & great Favour of GOD, even to the best People, to give them such Privileges and Rulers. I must say a word or two to the Greatness, and then to the Divine Freedom and Sovereignty in them.

(1.) Civil Privileges, and a good Government, are very great Benefits to a People. These very nearly & vitally affect all the Particulars of a People's Welfare. It might be Instanced at large, were it proper here; in their Religion & Morals; and in their external Order, Peace, univerfal Prosperity. The happy Fruits are Good Laws; prudent, steady, tender, but yet resolute Execution of them : Learning & Aris flourish : Industry is encouraged : Trade, Husbandry, Manufaitures encrease : The Publick Prudentials & Exigencies faithfully & wifely Conducted. All thele have a most direct & natural influence upon their Honour & Safety. And to conclude, Such Ralers do abundance to engage the Divine most gricious Presence with fuch a People. Indeed their Prudence & Holinefs, and fervent Supplications won't do alon?, without agreable Dispositi. ons & Department in the People; but they do a great deal with GOD, to keep off Julgments, and to procure Publick Bleffings. They have great Power with GOD by their Prayers, to open his Infinite Stores. Deut. 9. 18, 19. Let me alone, that I may destroy them :--- But the Lord hearkned to me at that time alfo. They do abundance by boly Geampies, and powerful Influences, in their eminent Stations, to prepare the People for a Covenint-haj ment of these Blelings; as the Hiltory of the retormingKings of Jul in affure us. (2.)Th.y

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(2.) They are most Free & Sovereign Benefits, even to the best & purest People. No People can have any Claim to these Benefits, but by GOD's most sovereign Promise. 1 Sam. 12. 22. For the Lord will not forfake his People, for his great Name fake; because it have pleased the Lord to make you his People. And a People's Claim by a sincere Performance of the Covenant-Terms, is the glorious work of sovereign, irressifible Grace. Jer. 31. 3. Ica. I have loved thee, with an everlasting Love: Therefore with loving kindness have I drawn thee.

2. These Free & Great A ours must be Noticed & Acknowledged. I only just mention the Heads which might have been enlarged on, if the bounds of a single Sermon would have allowed it. Duty, Gratitude, and Interest unite to press their Obligations, and set them in the ftrongest Light.

A People's Notice & Acknowlegement is all the Return they can pollibly make. GOD the Giver being Infinitely above them : They being entirely dependent on him : And He being abfolutely incapable of any real Addition & Benefit. 1 Cor. 4. 7. Who makes the to d ffer ?

GOD will notwithstanding graciously Accept, thro' Christ, His People's fincere Acknowlegements. He graciously lets us know, He accounts himself Honoured by them, and is highly pleafed with them, Pf 1 50.23. Whose effercits frage glorifyeib me. And we are fure he will Reward cur grateful Offerings, with the Magnificence of the only & bleffed Potentate, the King of Eings, in the most illustricus Pencsits. And now I should have proceeded to have faid what these Returns are, which a People must make to GOD for theseBenefits; and which must be agreable to the Perfection & Majesty of GOD; and therefore such as himself requires: And these might have been Described at large under the following Heads.

1. A People must offer solemn & hearty Praise for them, Pfal. 50. 23.

2 They must be wifely improved to their Ends, viz GOD's Honour, the promoting our own Spiritual & Outward Good.

3. All wife Endeavours must be used for their Continuance. Particularly, Those Iniquities must be Mourned for, Reformed & Watched against, which distance & provoke the Sovereign GOD to Frown upon a People, and Remove them : What these are, it becomes all, both Rulers and People, diligently to search out, and resolutely destroy.

APPLICATION.

All that I will fay by way of Application fhall be in Two Articles, (1.) A Call to Thanksgiving. (2.) A word of Advice to the Rulers & People of New-England.

I. We fee hence, what abundant reason of Thankfulness We, and the Nations we derive from, have unto GOD. His Favour to them, and us, is very great; and should be acknowlead with most humble, fincere, solemn & practical Returns to him.

(1.) Our Nations have abundant reason to be very Thadeful to GOD, and We in and with them, for GOD's uncommon Favours to them; in the

the mentioned Instances particularly. We see them, by a Series of Wonders, in Posschlion of the Protestant Religion; of a most happy Civil Constitution, formed with great Willom, to the just Liberties & best Interests of Society; an happy Settlement of the Succeilion in the Protestant Line, and Illustrious House of HA. NOVER: The Constitution animated by a KING renowned thro' Europe, for his Wif-dom, Justice, Courage, Paternal Disposition to his People, and all Royal Virtues & Qualities; very glorious in a Circle of his own illustrious Issue; giving a long, delightful Prospect to the Nations. This excellent KING, hath been remarkably continued to us, by GOD's wonderful Care. May the fame Divine Care be extended to him & his, for a long course of Years! Once more, We see them flourish under a just liberty of Conscience to Protestant Dissenters. These among many others, are the weightieft motives of Praise to us as well as them.

(2.)We in New-England have abundant Reafon of Praife. By a train of uncommon Providences, we enjoy a pure Religion & Ordinances; many fignal Civil Privileges; good Rulers, feeking our Welfare: Thefe, with innumerable other Smiles of GOD, are very delightful Reafons of Praife; and we fhall be inexcufably Ungratefol, if we don't fuitably Praife GOD for them; Prize and Improve them to his Glory.

And here, As an Expression of our Thankfulnefs to GOD, We take leave to Addrefs Your HONOUR our Commander in Chief, in a very particular manner; and the reft of our Honourable Honourable Fathers in the Government; with the publick Profe Tion of our dutiful & grateful Senfe of the Wildom, Care & Faithfulnefs of your Administration. We Biels GOD for that gracious Prefence, that hath fo remarkably affifted & fucceeded your Endeavours for the Publick; and do, & fhall conftantly Pray, That he would continue & enlarge it to you; make you more & moreBlealings; & encrease uponUs, (your Charge,) abundantly the Motives of Joy & Praife. 2 I Conclude with a folemn word of Advice

2 I Conclude with a folemn word of Advice to all whom my Difcourfe efpecially Concerns; (1.) To those concerned in the Choices of this Day. (2.) To those vested with Publick Trusts, of one kind or another. (3.) To the People.

1. To thole in whom the Elections of the Day are vefted : The Difcourfe gives Direction to your Choice. It must not be Prejudice, & Party, & private corrupt Affection, that determines you; but a fincere regard to the known worth & fitnels of the Perfons Chofen. They must be fuch as you may reafonably hope, GOD will be prefent with, and work by. GOD and your Country have put a pair 2 great Trust upon you; expect your wife and familied Management of it, and you must give an Account to GOD.

(2) To you who are put into Publick Trufts. The Exhortation from GOD (yourSupreme) is, Endeavour to be, & manage in your feveral Trufts, as GOD would have, & directs by the finning Pattem now exhibited. The Charge committed to you is very weighty: Every publick Care is fo; but of GOD's peculiar People his Treasure, especially. GOD expects it, that as Fathers, you be tender of their

their Religion, their Morals, their Privileges, their aniversal Good. He demands it, as a leading Artide, That the Rulers of New England take a fingular, tender Care, of the Pure, Scriptural Religion of New-England, that excellent, pure Dectrine, Worship & Discipline, which GOD hath planted here, and which our Fathers purchased this Land for ; (and by infinite Labors, Hazards & Expences too;) that they might enjoy it themselves, & trans-mit, as an invaluable Treasure to their Children. This will make you the delight of the present, & the praise of futureGenerations; and which is infinitely better, will secure : he smiles of GOD. Again, That the Rulers, according to their Advantages for it, smile upon Learning & the Ministry : These are very vitally linked with Religion. Religion will foon decay without Learning ; & even - dye without a learned & faithful Ministry; fo that our All very much turns upon an effectual wife Care to see them well supported.

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GOD expects that you lead his & your People, by a bright Example, in his ways. And particularly, That you exemplify the beauty & advantage of a wile Union among your felves, upon the best Principles. That you exhibit with the brightest Evidence, your generous, publick Spirit & Principles. That you unite with your spiritual Guides and godly People, in most fervent Supplications, That you may like Il jes & Samuel, stand in the Breach; & be Princes with GOD. In a word, That you become the happy Promoters of their leading praceable & quiet lives, in all godline fs & iven. Sy.

3. I Coaclude, to the People 11's of infinite Importance, that you come in with your Part: Lilat

An ELECTION SERMON.

That your Tempers & Carriages be agreable. The publick Good can't be attained without you. The Wildom & Care of Rulers will be in vain, without vour compliance with their Endeavours.

Particularly,

Fray carnestly for them. Their Cares 1. are great, their Qualifications high; the Confiquence of their Actions reacheth great Numbers, and in their very weighty Interests ; their Temptations are very many. They entirely depend on GOD, (with the meaneft&weakeft of their People,) for all they want. Never forget them in Secret, Private or Publick. Besiege Heaven for them, by effectual, fervent Prayers constantly; That they may be Bleffed, & made Blennigs, very fignal ones: That they may be ailisted, succeeded, rewarded by infinite Grace in Chrift. Join with them in Solo-• mon's Prayer, 2 Chron. 1.19, Give me now wisdom Ekn wlege; that I may come in, E go out, before this thy People. Jam. 1.5. If any man lack wifdom, les bim ask of God. 1Tin.2.3. For Kings & all in Authority.

2. Carry it suitably to them. Love and Reverence them as Fathers; and let them fee and feel that you do fo. Make the publick Cares easy and delightful to them, by an honourable Support, a proper Submission to their just Authority, and a chearful Union with them, in your Stations, for the Honour of GOD& the publick Welfare.

Thus, if Superiors & Subject, Unite, it will be for our unspeakable Advantage; and it may be faid of us, as in Pfal. 144. 15 Happy is the Pcople, that is in fuch a cafe : yea, Hap y is that Pcople, whose God is the Lord. N I S.F

ERRATA PATA PATA For martial, r. Marital. P. 20.125. add It.

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