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IN THIS PAPER, THE ACTS, RESOLUTIONS, TREATIES, &c. OF THE UNITED STATES, ARE PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

THE PRIME

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JAMES MONROE,

TRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, -

To all and singular to whom these presents shall come, greeting 1

Whereas a Treaty of Peace and Amity between the United States of America and the Dey and Regency of Algiers, was concluded at Algiers on the twenty-third day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by William Shaler and Isaac Chauncey, citizens of the United States, on the part and behalf of the said United States, and His Highness the Dey of Algiers, for and in behalf of the Dey and Regency thereof; which Treaty was duly signed and sealed by the respective parties, and is in the words following, to wit:

Treaty of Peace and Amity, concluded between the United States of America and the Dey and Regency of Algiers.

The President of the United States and the Dey of Algiers, being desirous to re-Etore and maintain, upon a stable and permanent footing, the relations of peace and good understanding between the two powers, and for this purpose to renew the treaty of peace and amity which was concluded between the two States, by William Shaler and Commodore Stephen Decas tur, as Commissioners Plenipotentiary on the part of the United States, and His Highness Omar Pashaw Dey of Algiers, on the 30th day of June, 1815:

The President of the United States having subsequently nominated and appointed, by commission, the above named William Shaler, and Isaac Chauncey, Commodore and Commander in Chief of all the naval forces of the United States in the Mediterranean, Commissioners Plenipotentiary, to treat with His Highness the Dey of Algiers, for the renewal of the treaty aforesaid; and they have concluded, settled, and signed, the following articles:

Aur. I. There shall be, from the conclusion of this treaty, a firm, perpetual, inviolable, and universal peace and friendship between the President and citizens of the United States of America, on the one part, and the Doy and subjects of the Regency of Algiers, in Barbary, on the other. made by the free consent of both parties, and on the terms of the most favored nations; and, if either party shall hereafter grant to any other nation any particular favor or privilege in navigation or commerce, it shall immediately become common to the other party, freely, when freely it is granted to such other nations; but, when the grant is conditional, it shall be at the option of the contracting parties to accept, alter, or reject, such conditions, in such manner as shall be most

conducive to their respective interests. ART. II. It is distinctly understood between the contracting parties, that no tribute, either as biennial presents, or under any other form or name whatever, shall be required by the Dey and Rogency of Algiers from the United States of America, on any pretext whatever.

ART. III. Relates to the mutual restitution of prisoners and subjects, and has been duly ex-

ART. IV. Relates to the delivery, into the hands of the Consul General, of a quantity of bales of cotton, &c. and has been duly executed. ART. V. If any goods belonging to any nation with which either of the parties are at war, should be loaded on board vessels belonging to the other party, they shall pass free and unmolested, and no attempt shall be made to take or detain them.

ART V1. If any citizens or subjects belonging to either party shall be found on board a prize vessel taken from an enemy by the other party. wich citizens or subjects shall be liberated immediately; and in no case, or on any pretence whatever, shall any American citizen be kept in captivity or confinement; or the property of any American citizen, found on board of any vessel belonging to any nation with which Algiers may be at war, be detained from its lawful owners after the exhibition of sufficient proofs of American citizenship and American property, by the consulof the United States residing at Algiers.

ART. VII. Proper passports shall immediate-Is he given to the vessels of both the contracting parties, on condition that the vessels of war belonging to the regency of Algiors, on meeting with meichant vessels belonging to the citizens of the United States of America, shall not be permitted to visit them with more than two persons besides the rowers; these only shall be permitted to go board, without first obtaining Jenve from the commander of said vessel, who shall compare the passports, and immediately permit said vessel to proceed on her voyage; and should any of the subjects of Algiers insult or 1 molest the commander, or any other person on board a vessel so visited, or plunder any of the property contained in her, on complaint being made to the Consul of the United States residing in Algiers, and on his producing sufficient proofs to substantiate the fact, the commander or rais of said Algerine ship or vessel of war, as well as the offenders, shall be punished in the most exemplary

manner. All votsels of war belonging to the United States of America, on meeting a cruizer belonging to the regency of Algiers, or baving seen her passports and certificates from the Consul of the Onhed (States residing in Algiers, shall permit

ther to proceed on her cruize unmolested and without detention.

Tho passport shall be granted by either party to any vessets but such as are absolutely the pro- | not be responsible for him in any manner whatever. perty of citizens or subjects of the said contracting parties, on any presence whatever.

Rr. VIII. A citizen or subject of either of h the contracting parties, having hought a prize vessel condemned by the other party, or by any other pution, the certificates of condennation and bill of sale shall be a sufficient passport for such ves el for six suppths, which, coundering the distance between the two countries, 43 no more, than a reasonable time for her to procure passports.

Ant. IX. Vessels of either of the contracting parties, putting into the ports of the other, and baving need of provisions, or other supplies, shall be furuished at the market price; and if any such vessel should so put in from a disaster at sea, and have occusion to repair, she shall be at liberty to land and re-embark her cargo, without paying any customs or duties whatever; but in no case | shall be compelled to land her cargo.

ART. X. Should a vessel of either of the contracting parties be cast on shore within the territories of the other, all proper assistance shall be given to her and her crew; no pillage shall be allowed. The property shall remain at the disposal of the owners, and if reshipped on board, of any. vessel for exportation, no customs or duties, whatever, shall be required to be paid thereon, and the crew shall be protected and succored until they can be sent to their own country.

Ant XI. If a vessel of either of the contracting parties shall be attacked by an enemy within cannon shot of the forts of the other, she shall be protected as much as is possible. If she be in part, she shall not be seized or attacked when it is in the power of the other party to protect her; and, when she proceeds to sea, no enemy shall be permitted to pursue her from the same port within twenty-four hours after her de-

Aar. XII. The commerce between the United States of America and the regency of Al. giers; the protections to be given to merchanis, masters of vessels, and seamen; the reciprocal rights of establishing consuls in each country; the privileges, immunities, and jurisdiction, to be enjoyed by such consuls—are declared to be on the same footing in every respect with the most favored pations respectively.

ART XIII. The consult of the United States of America shall not be responsible for the debts] contracted by the citizens of his own country,) unless he gives previously written obligations so

ART. XIV. On a vessel or vessels of war belonging to the United States anchoring before the city of Algiers, the consults to inform the Dev of her arrival, when she shall receive the salutes which are by treaty or custom given to the ships of war of the most favored nations on similar occasions, and which shall be returned gun for gun. And if, after such arrival so announced, any Christian whatever, saptives in Algiers, make their escape, and take refuge on board any of the said ships of war, they shall not be required back again, nor shall the consult of the United States, or commander of the said ship, be required to pay any thing for the said Christians.

ART XV. As the government of the United States has in itself no character of enmity against the laws, religion, or tranquility, of any nation, and as the said States have never entered into any voluntary war or act of hostility, except in defence of their just rights on the high sens, it is declared, by the contracting parties, that no pretext arising from religious opinions shall ever, produce an interruption of the harmony between the two nations; and the consuls and agents of both nations shall have liberty to celebrate the rites of their respective religions in their own houses.

The consult respectively shall have liberty and personal security given them to travel within the h territories of each other, by land and by sea, and shall not be prevented from going on board any vessel they may think proper to visit; they shall | likewise have the liberty to appoint their own drogoman and broker.

ART XVI. In case of any dispute arising h from the violation of any of the articles of this treaty, no appeal shall be made to arms, nor shall h war be declared on any pretext whatever; but, if the consul residing at the place where the dispute shall happen, shall not be able to settle the same, the government of that country shall state | their grievances in writing, and transmit the same to the government of the other, and the period of three months shall be allowed for answers to be returned, during which time no acts of hostility shall be permitted by either party: and in case the grievances are not redressed, and a war should be the event, the consuls, and citizens, and subjects of both parties, respectively, shall be permitted to embark with their effects unmolested, on board of what vessel or vessels they shall think proper, reasonable time being allowed for that

ART. XVII. If, in the course of events, a war should break out between the two nations, the prisoners captured by either party shall not be made slaves; they shall not be forced to hard labor or other confidement, than such as may be necessary to secure their safe-keeping, and shall be exchanged rank for rank: and it is agreed that prisoners shall be exchanged in twelve months [] after their capture, and the exchange may be effected by any private individual, legally authorized by either of the parties.

ART. XVIII. If any of the Barbary Powers, or other States, at war with the United States, shall capture any American vessel, and send her into any port of the regency of Algiers, they shall not be permitted to sell her; but shall be forced to depart the port on procuring the requisite supplies of provisions; but the vessels of war of the United States, with any prizes they may capture from their enemies, shall have liberty to frequent the ports of Algiers for refreshment of any kind, and to sell such prizes in the said ports, without paying any other customs or duties than such as are customary on ordinary commercial im-

portations. ART. XIX. If any of the citizens of the United States, or any persons under their protection, a shall have any disputes with each other, the consul shall decide between the parties; and whenever the consulshall require any aid or assistance from the government of Algiers, to enforce his) decisions, it shall be immediately granted to him. And, if any disputes shall arise between any citizens of the United States, and the citizens or subjects of any other nations, having a consul or agent in Algiers, such disputes shall be settled by the consuls or agents of the respective nations; and any disputer, or suits at law, that may take h place between any citizens of the United States, and the subjects of the Regency of Algiers, shall be decided by the Dey in person, and no other.

Anr. XX. If a citizen of the United States should kill, wound, or strike, a subject of Algiers. or, on the contrary, a subject of Algiers should) kill, wound, or strike, a citizen of the United , States, the law of the country shall take place, and equal justice shall be rendered, the consultassisting at the trial; but the sentence of punish. ment against an American citizen shall not be 13

greater, or more severe, than it would be against [] a Turk in the same predicament; and if any deinquent should make his escape, the consul shall

ART. XXI. The consul of the United States of America shall not be required to pay any customs or duties whatever, on any thing he imports from a foreign country for the use of his house and family.

ART, XXII. Should any of the citizens of the United States of America die within the Regency of Algiers, the Dey and his subjects shall not interfere with the property of the deceased, but i shall be under the immediate direction of the consul, unless otherwise disposed of by will: should there be no Consul, the effects shall be deposited in the hands of some person worthy of trust, until the party shall appear who has a right to demand them, when they shall render an account of the property; neither shall the Dey, or his subjects, a give hindrence in the execution of any will that

ARTIOLE ADDITIONAL AND EXPLANATORY. The United States of America, in order to give to the Dey of Algiers a proof of their desire to) maintain the relations of peace and amity between the two powers, upon a footing the most liberal, and In order to withdraw any obstacle which i might embarraschim in his relations with other states, agree to annul so much of the eighteenth article of the foregoing Treaty, as gives to the United States any, advantage in the ports of Algiers over the most favored nations having treaties

Done at the Palace of the Government in Algiers. on the 22d day of December. 1816, which corresponds to the Sd of the Moon Sufar, year of the Hegira, 1232

Whereas, the undersigned William Shaler, a citizen of the State of New-York, and Isaac Chauncey, commander in chief. of the naval forces of the United States stationed in the Mediterranean, being duly appointed commissioners, by letters patent, under the signature of the President and seal of the United States of America, bearing date at the City of Washington, the twenty-fourth day of August, A. D. 1816, for negociating and concluding the renewal of a Treaty of Peace between the United States of America, and the Dey and subjects of the Regency of Algiers:

We, therefore, William Shaler and Isaac Chauncey, commissioners as aforesaid, do conclude the aforegoing Treaty, and every article and clause therein contained, reserving the same, nevertheless, for the final ratification of the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States.

Done in the Chancery of the Consulate General of the United States, in the city of Algiers, on the 28d day of December, in the year 1816, and of the Independence of the United States the forty-first.

WM. SHALER, I. CHAUNCLY. Now, therefore, be it known, that I,.

JAMES MONROE, President of the United States of America, having seen and considered the said Treaty, have, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, accepted, ratified, and confirmed, the same, and every clause and article thereof.

In testimony thereof, I have signed these presents with my band, and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed unto the same.

Done at the City of Washington, this eleventh day of February, in the year of our Lord], one thousand eight bundred and (wenty-) two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the forty-sixth. JAMES MONROE.

By the President: JOHN QUINCY ADAMS, Secretary of State.

A Farm for sale:

A FARM lying in Smithfield, called the Jahez Harris Farm, about seven miles from Providence, and about 1 mile from Daniel Angell's, pleasantly situated on a gentle height of land, moderately descending to the east, west and south, containing about 130 acres of land, well proportioned for meadow, pasture, tillage, orcharding and woodland; well watered with durable springs, brooks, and two good wells; on said Farm there is a two-story dwellinghouse, barn, corn-crib and cooper's shop. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living opposite the Smithfield SAMUEL MANN. Union Bank. Smithfield, Dec. 15.

Asenuth Cooke's Estate.

HE subscribers having been appointed Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the Estate of Asenath Cooke, widow, late of Cumberland, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that six months from the 30th day of January last are allowed to the creditors to bring in and prove their claims, and that we shall meet on the last Saturdays in April and June next, at one o' clock, P. M. at the house of Amos Cooke, i innkeeper, in said Cumberland.

LEVI BALLOU. JONATHAN SWEET. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate pay-

LEVI COOKE, Adm.

Cumberland, February 9. James Aldrich's Estate. THY HE subscriber having been appointed Executor to the last Will i and Testament of James Aldrich, late of Scituate, deceased, hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to make payment, and all having demands,

months from this date. John Aldrich, Ex. Scituace, February 9.

HE subscribers, Commissioners on the Estate of Eleazer Cooke, late of Cumberland, deceased, represented insolvent, give notice, that six months from the 30th day of January last_are allowed

Eleazer Cooke's Estate.

for the creditors to bring in and prove their respective claims, and that we shall meet on the last Saturdays in April and June next, at 1 o'clock, P. M. on each day, at the house of Amos Cooke, innkeeper, in said Cumberland.

LEVI BALLOU,

JONATHAN SWEET. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately LEVI COOKE, Adm. Cumberland, February 9.

New Establishment of

STONE CUTTING.

FIGURE subscriber informs the public, that he has commenced business near N. R. Gardner's Inn, a few doors west of the bridge, where he has a good assortment of white MARBLE GRAVE STONES, carved or plain, and nearly as cheap as slate; those who wish to buy grave stone's at a reasonable price, will do well to call and examine for themselves. He will also surnish Monuments, Tombs, Tables, Printing Press Stones, Paint Stones, and Mullers, &c. &c.

DAVID BOLLES. N. B. This Marble is of a hard and durable kind, for which it is justly cele-

November 10.

NOTICE.

FIGHE subscriber, having completed his medical education at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in the University of the State of New-York, offers his services to his friends and the public in general, as a practitioner in Physic, Surgery and Midwifery; and hopes that, by a faithful discharge of his professional duties, he shall secure their confidence and patronage,

N. B. He may be found at his office, in the house formerly occupied by Messrs. John & James Peck, in Broad-street. SALMON AUGUSTUS ARNOLD

January 5.

Lumber wanted. FRIE subscriber wishes to purchase the following Lumber:

14000 feet of Joist, 7 feet long, 3 by 5 4860 ditto of rough Boards, 15 long, square edged

1200 do do do 12 long, do do 2300 do do do 18 do do do

60000 do half inch; together with the Joist and Timber for two large house frames: to be delivered between the 1st of April and the 1st of June, at the Natick Factory, in Warwick.

Any person wishing to contract for the above, is requested to call on William Sprague, of Cranston, or on William Sprague, Jr. at the Mills, at Natick. WILLIAM SPRAGUES

Cranston, February 20.

TO LET,

THE lower part of the John Eddy house, on Eddy's Point. ALSO, TO LET,

The chambers of the house foroccupied by the subscriber, in Chesnut street.

ALSO,The lower part of the Cooke house, situate in Broad-street.

ALSO, REB A convenient House and Store, with a small portion of land, in Glocester, formerly occupied by Jesse Tour-

telfot, near the Gate. ALSO, About one hundred acres of Land, situ-

ate in Coventry, formerly owned by Samiuel Wright. For particulars enquire of

WILLIAM PECKHAM. Cranston, or. CYRUS BARKER, Providence. February 20.

TO FARMERS.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Farm on which he now lives, Abington society, about one mile and an half south of the Meeting-House. The above Farm contains about 50 acres of good Land, in suitable proportions for ploughing and pasturing, and is well supplied with wood and water. On said Farm is a convenient one-story dwellinghouse, and a large convenient barn, both in good repair.; and also an orchard from which has been made 50 barrels of cider in a year. Said Farm, if not sold at private sale, will be offered at vendue on the 20th day of March next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Terms and conditions of sale may be learned by application to the subscriber, living on the premises.

CHRISTOPHER GREEN. Pomfret, Con. Feb. 16, 1822.

BRUSHES.

THE subscriber has constantly on hand, for sale, a large assortment of BRUSHES, and will make others to any patterns. Cash given for Hog's Bristles. THADDEUS CURTIS, to exhibit them for settlement, within six

· I wo doors west of B. & C. Dyer & Co's. Weybosset-street. ogn. November 10.

INSURANCE AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

PETHE Providence Washington Insurance Company hereby give notice, that they have commenced the business of Insuring Cotton Mills, Dwelling-Houses, Warehouses and other Buildings; also, Merchandize, Furniture and other property; against loss or damage by Fire, the premiums for which will be moderate. Applications made at the Office, accompanied by a particular description of the risk for which the insurance is wanted, will be promptly attended to.

By order of the President and Directors : JOHN MATHEWSON, Sec'ry. December 15.

Drugs, Medicines, Dye-Stuffs, Spices, &c. AMOS J. RHODES,

Having purchased the stock, and taken the store, lately kept by Mr. Henry Waterman, near the Baptist Meeting-House, at the sign of Galen's head and Unicorn & Mortar, offers for sale, on the most liberal and accommodating

GENERAL assortment of Druge, Medicines, Dye-Stuffs, Spices, &c. of the best quality, at wholesale and retail; his compounds are prepared with great care from the most approved recipes. A great variety of patent medicines, foreign and domestic, procured from sources which enable him to give the fullest assurance of their being genuine. Physicians, Dyers and Clothiers, from town and country, are solicited to call, and are assured of the most prompt attention to their orders.

Medicine chests put up with directions with care and dispatch. Any article not proving good may be returned.

February 16.

NOTICE.

WATHEREAS there are attempts to WW impose on the public certain spurious Cocks for Morris's Block Tin Patent Liquor Cocks—this is to warn all persons from purchasing said spurious Cocks, as the present proprietors of said Patent are determined to prosecute every breach of said Patent, before the Courts of the United States, the validity of said Patent having been recognized by the Courts of the United States, and injunctions issued and suits sustained thereon. A handsome reward will be given to any one who will forward information where a certain person who signs himself John L. Namrod, who has sold a quantity of false Cocks, with the Patentce's name counterfeited on them, may be found, so that he may be brought to justice. All persons are liable for making, vending, or even using any, purporting to be Morris's Patent Cocks, except the genuine, and it is a great aggravation to vend them with the Patentee's name counterfeited thereon.

John Morris, Patentee. New-Haven, Jan. 26, 1822.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers, appointed Commissioners on the estate of Robert Davis, late of Bristol, merchant, deceased, represented insolvent, hereby give notice, that six months from the 8th instant are allowed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the town of Bristol, for the creditors to said estate to bring in and prove their. claims. Said creditors are further notified, that the Commissioners will meet for the purpose of their appointment, every Saturday during the term, at 8 o'clock, P. M. at the office of Joseph W. Torrcy. Esq. in said Bristol.

JOHN WARDWELL,

GOLDEN DEARTH. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately ? Administrators to John Smith, EDWARD SPALDING, Son said estate.

Bristol, September 15. Lady Wellington's Improved Chemical Tooth Powder.

NVING to the antiseptic properties 🔞 👂 of this truly valuable dentifrice, is possesses the happy quality of neutralizing and correcting any fæter of breath, attendant on carious teeth or other causes; without injuring the Enamel in the slightest degree, it removes all concretions which collect on the surface or the interstices of the teeth, (so destructive 'to the beauty of those organs,) bestowing on them a most brilliant white polish—and if steadily perserved in, can be warranted as a most effectual antidote to that troublesome complaint to which neglected teeth are lia-

To be used in the usual manner with a soft brush. Price 50 cents per Box. For sale by appointment at M. Robin-August 29. son's Library.

NOTICE.

FIGHE Gentlemen of the Standing Committee of the Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry, are notified, that the next quarterly meeting of said Committee will be holden at the Manufacturers' Hotel, in Providence, on Wednesday the 20th March, 1822, at 2 o'clock, P. M. when and where a general and punctual attendance is requested.

By order: WM. E. RIGHMOND, Sec'ry. February 16.