The fife of the

3

K-Mak- Auk Make Make Make Make

Mr. GOODRICH's

SERMON:

AT THE

ORDINATION

OF

Mr. Roger Newton.

The Duty of GOSPEL-MINISTERS, to take Heed to themselves, and their Flock.

A

SERMON

PREACHED AT THE

ORDINATION

OF THE REVEREND

Mr. ROGER NEWTON,

At GREENFIELD, Nov. 18, 1761.

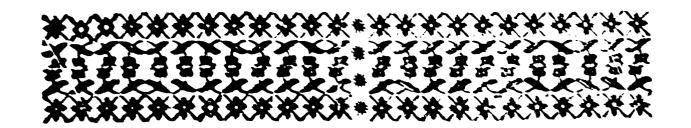
By Elizur Goodrich, A.M.

Paster of the Church of Christ in Durham.

COL. IV. 17. Say to Archippus, Take Heed to the Ministry which thou hast received in the Lord, that thou sulfil it.

BOSTON:

Printed and Sold by Edes & Gill in Queen-Street, M,DCC,LXII.



AN

ORDINATION SERMON.

A C T S XX. 29.

Take Heed therefore unto yourselves, and to all the Flock, over the which the Holy Ghost bath made you Overseers, to seed the Church of God, which he hath purchased with his own Blood.



THE Office and Work of the Gospel-Ministry, is by the Appointment and Institution of Jesus Christ, the great King and Head of the Church. And as this Office was inflituted by the LORD JESUS at first; so it is his Plea-

fure that there be a standing Gospel-Ministry, with which he harh promised his Presence, to the End of the World. Hence the same Qualifications required of, and Duties enjoined upon the first Ministers of the Gospel as Overscers in the Church, are necessary to those who are now introduced into this sacred Employment: in the full and faithful Discharge of which, it

is of equal Importance to us, who are honoured with this holy Office, as it was to the Elders of Epbesus, diligently to mark, and carefully comply with the Exhortation of St. Paul, in the Words which have been now read. Take Heed therefore unto yourselves, and to all the Flock, over the which the Holy Ghost hathemade you Overseers, to feed the Church of God, which be bath purchased with his own Blood.

The whole of the Apostle's Discourse with the Ephesian Elders, who in the Text are called Bilhops, is peculiarly instructive and engaging; but the Limits of a Discourse on this Occasion, confine me to the Consideration of that Part, which hash been read; wherein St. Paul represents to the Ministers of the Gospel their Duty, both with Respect to themselves, and to the People of their Charge.

THE Exhortation is contained in those Words, Take Heed; which implies that unwearied Care and Diligence, unshaken Faithfulness and persevering Constancy, which are necessary to the Christian Minister, both in Regard to himself, and the Souts committed to his Care; especially in feeding the Church of God, teaching and guiding all the Flock in the Way of Salvation.

To enforce a Compliance with this Exhortation upon the Ministers of the Gospel, thus to take Heed, the Apostle useth such Arguments as these—Their Engagement and Relation; being by Office Overseers of the Flock—The Excellency and Authority of that divine Person, who calls, and appoints them to this Business; which is the Holy Ghost, who made them Overseers:—The Dignity and Worth of the Object committed to their Charge: It is the most horourable and excellent Society in the World—the Flock of Christ, the Church of God:—and lastly the tender Leve and Concern, which the Lord Jests, that good Shepherd.

Shepherd, hath manifested unto his chosen People, in the Price he paid for their Ransom: this was his own Bleod—a Ransom infinitely meritorious and sufficient, as he was, not only Man, but also truly God. These Arguments, which the Apostle so closely joins together, should have a powerful Instuence on all, who undertake the sacred Office of the Gospel-Ministry, to take Heed to themselves, and to an the Flock, in the whole of their pastoral Work. Not to touch upon those Controversies which are connected with some of the Terms used in this Exhortation; nor stand to collect the several Doctrines contained in the Text, I shall endeavour to shew,

- I. What it is for the Ministers of the Gospel 19 take Heed to themselves.
- II. How, as Pastors and Overseers of the Churches, they are to take Heed to all the Flock, and seed the Church of Cod. And,
- III. I shall endeavour to enforce the Exhortation by the Motivesand Arguments suggested to our Minds in the Words of the Text.

I am to shew,

I. How the Ministers of the Gospel are to take Heed to themselves.

THE Charge given to Ministers is solemn and weighty; their Work and Business is great and difficult; the End of their Ministrations is noble and glorious: and nothing less than their own everlashing Interests, as well as of Multitudes, may depend on the Manner. in which they discharge the Work they are engaged in. A scrious Sense of these Things, will excite them in the first Place to take Heed to themselves, that they

be found approved of God, and faithful to their own Souls, and the Souls of others. Particularly,

A. A Minister of the Gospel, who watches for the Scals of others, must take Heed to himself, that there le the Reality, Life and Power of Religion in his own Scal; lest when he hath preached to others, he himself should be a cast-away.

INDEED the Being of a Minister, and the Validity of his Gotpel Administrations, do not depend on his internal gracious Character; otherwise we never could know whom to offeem as Ministers of the Gospel, without that Gift of differning of Spirits, which was peculiar to some in the primitive Age of Christianity, and which bath long fince ceased, with the other miraculous Powers. Nor doth the Efficacy of God's Word preached, arife from the fecret Intentions of those who dispense it. We may not so limit the HOLY ONE of Israel, as to imagine it impossible, for him to improve the Ministrations of unsanctified Men for the Conversion of others, or the Edification of his own People: or that he never doth make them a Means of dispensing that saving Good to others, of which they may be deslitute themselves. On the other Hand, how often have the most faithful Occasion to adopt the Prophet's Complaint, I have laboured in valv, I have Spent my Strength for nought, and in which; to that it is their only Support, and Comfort, which is added :- Though Linel be not gathered, yet shall I be glorious in the Eyes of the LORD, and my GOD shell be my Strength, Haiah 49. 4, 5. This then is a Matter we must leave with the divine Sovereignty.

However this be the Case, yet nevertheless it is, even in Regard to an hopeful Prospect of Success, of high Importance that a Minister of the Gospel be truly a greelous Person. God is pleased to use Means,

and Infiruments in fulfilling the Purposes of his Greek to the Souls of Men: now can it be expected that they are as likely to obtain Success, whose treats are not engaged in the Work, as those, who from a true Love to the Loro Jesus, approve themselves faithful to him that sent them, and to the Souls of their People? Can such as are detutate of the Love of Christ, and are only serving themselves, expect so much of his Presence to asked and direct them, to bless and succeed their Labours, as those who truly aim at the Glory of God, and the Salvation of their sellow Men?

Bur should Gop in the Exercise of his sovereign Grace, blets the Ministry of unfanctified Persons for the Salvation of others; yet how dreadful to be cath away themselves? The Reality, Life and Power of Religion in their own Hearts, are absolutely necessary to their being approved of God, so as to receive the Rewards of faithful Servants. For what other Principle, betides of true Love to Gov, and the Souls of Men, can preferve from the Danger of Unfaithfulnets, and carry through all the Self-Denial, painthI Labour, and watchful Diligence that are necessary to the Discharge of the various Duties of the Gospel-Ministry i As then it is of fuch infinite Importance to their Acceptance with Gon, and the approving themselves faithful to him, who trieth the Heart, that Minitters be holy and gracious Pertons, 'tis is the firth Place neceifary, that they take Heed, left they be void of that faving Grace of God, which they offer to others, and utter Strangers to the effectual Workings, and powerful Inflaences of that glorious Goipel they preach. Oh! How infinitely doth it concern their own Souls, that they be Men of Godlineis!---How highly necessary to the faithful and painful Discharge of their Duty to the Souls of others, that they be converted to God, by the Power of daine Grace,

В

and become experimentally, as well as destrinally, acquainted with the Golpel of Jesus Christ I. Then there will be a more hopeful Prospect of their being improved by God, as successful Instruments of convincing, and converting Sinners, from the Power of Sin and Sman, unto the living and true God; and of building them up in Comfort, and Holiness, through Faith, undo everlaiting Salvation.

2. A Magher of CHRIST must take Heed to his Conversation, that it he according to the Gospek, and an Enample to the Flook.

A Minister of the Gospel is certainly under the Figher Obligation, net only to believe, but to practice what he preacheth to others. He must take Heed that he contradict not in his Behaviour, those holy Rules of the Goffel; the Observation of which, he inculcates on his Hearers, as ornamental to a Christian Profession, and the Way to everlaiting Blessedness. Otherwite he becomes juilly exposed to that severe Reproof of the Apottle, Rom. 2. 21-23. Thou therefore which tearbeit anather, machest teau not thyself? than that preacheft a Man fhadh not Steal, haft than Steal & that fayest a Man should not commit Adultory, dest theu commit caldultery ? thou that alkores? Liele, dest thou commit Sacrilege & theu that makest they Boa't of the Law, through freaking the Law, lifel-noured than GOD? Holinets of Life is a necessary Fruit of Holine's of Heart. Tis then of the lait Importance, in Order that we may appreve ourfelves as faithful Ministers of the New-Testament. God never faved a Man because he was a Preacher; nor because he was an able Preacher, and furnished with many Accomplishments and Endowments, to as to shine bright in the Eyes of others; nor yet, which is more, because he was a successful Preacher, and a Means of the Convertion of others. He must also be a justified

and fanctified Person, and from a Principle of Faith and Love in his Heart, be holy in his Lite, and faithful in his Work.

Besides, 'Tis of Importance that a Minister take Heed to his Life and Convertation, because he is let as an Example to his People. The Eyes of all will be more upon him, than upon others. And how care he expect that they should think him serious, in whiteing them against these Vices, he himself lives in these in perfivading them to those Duties and Virtues - a constantly neglects. There is then a peculiar and indispensable Obligation on a Minister of Christ. Car he take Heed to his Convertation, left he contradict and own Doctrine. On the contrary, he ought to be an Ensample of all that is hely, virtuous and prrise-worthy. A Man that is not of a blanches and good Behaviour, but on the contrary of a least and scandalous Conduct, is not fit for a Minister of the Sanctuary. This we learn from the Apottle Park who thus deferibes what ought to be the Charact of cal 2 Christian Bishop. 1 Tim. 3, 1-3, 7. This is a total Saying, If a Man define the Office of a Bilkop, we desireth a good Work. A Bishop then must be blane's ? the Husband of one Wife, vigilant, fiber, of good Behaviour, ziven to Hospitality, apt to teach; hit given to Wine, no Striker, not greedy of filthy Lucre, but patient, not a Brazeser, not conclous. - Moveover he my? have a good Report of them which are without, left he full into Reproach, and the Snare of the Devil And as St. Paul thus particularly lays down the Ch refter and Qualification of those, that may be introduced into the Golpel Ministry, so he gives Timothy this solemn Charge, in Respect to his own Behaviour, Be thou an Example of the Believers, in Word, in Conversit on, Li Charity, in Spirit, in Faith, in Parity. 1 Tim. 1V.

I shall add once more,

3. A Minister of the Gospel must take Heel to his Q alifications for the Employment he undertakes, that he be not unfit for it.

Before he engages in this arduous, and difficult Work, he should seriously consider that Christ hath determined the Qualifications, and Furniture, which such ought to have, who are Peachers in his House. This should put the Candidate for the Gospel-Minidey upon a thorough Search and Examination, whether he is so fernished and qualified; lett he presumptuously enter into the Work, without being stited for it, and so run before he is sent.

Now the Qualifications, which are necessary to the Saithful Gospel-Minister, besides real Goodness, strict Virtue, and an exemplary Life, are in general good natural Abilities cultivated by Study, and improved with useful Learning: -An uncommon Degree of Wisdom, and found Knowledge in the Doctrines of Religion.-A free Utterance, and an Aptnets to teach and communicate Knowledge to others :-- Mach Acquaintance with the holy Scriptures, to as to be able lightly to divide the Word of Truth, and to give to every one his Portion in due Seafon. - And a Spielt of Courage and Refelution, Prudence and Dubress at Add their Qualifications should be united in Order to render a Man an able and faithful Minister of the New-Tettament; and each of them might be to the colleged and infilled upon; but what I field rid, mail be encorning that Prudence and Differedon, which are to serviceable, in the Discharge of every Part of our Work. This is that William of the prade a, which is t. underfland die Hav. Prov. XIV. 8. The Wildom of the Scrpent mutt be joined with the Innocence of the Pove. For the greatest natural Parts cultivated in the best Minner by Stady, and improved with the Know-I. dgu of Languege, Nature and Religion, joined even to

a functified Heart, do not fully qualify for the Ministry. without Prudence how to exercise and use those other excellent Accomplithments, and to conduct aright, with Pecency and Dignity in the House of Christ. A Minister of the Gospel ought to be acquainted with the various effections, and Pations of human Nature: to fludy Men as well as Things, in Order to condect towards all, fuitably to their different Tempers and Creumstances. This will enable him to administer Counfels and Warnings, Reproc fs and Encouragements, in a Manner most proper, to promote the sprittal Good of all, with whom he convertes. This will give him the Art of maintaining his own Character in Uprightness, and yet of rendring himself amiable and beloved. And thus as far as in him lies, with a good Confeience, he endeavours to pleate others for their Good, while his highest End is to be approved of the Lord.

Now, as there are so many Things necessary to qualify a Minister for his Work, they ought to take Heed to themselves, that they be not until for it. Methinks it must be a Time of the most selemn Concern, and férious Confideration, when one is about to devote himfelf to this divine and facred Employment. The Weight, Importance, and Difficulty of the Work will come a Mind ibrible thereof, and of it's own Weakness, to cry out, who is it mesent for the fell hings ? and to look to line, with whom is everlating Strength. to make all Grace abound every Way furnicient for the hapotrant Undertaking. And as those, who are entering upon this Work, should, above all Things, be demons to be approved of Gop, and look to him for the Preparation of the Sanctuary; for throughout the whole of their Ministry, they must take Heed, that they be not untit for the special Services they are called to; but give therefelves to Prayer, Study, Reading, and Medication, that their Profiling may acgear aris in Mir.

I shall pass to consider,

II. How Ministers of the Gossel, as Passors and Overseers of the Churches, are to take Heed to all the Fiock, and feed the Church of God.

By Flock in the Text, is not meant the universal Church, which is but one Flock in Relation to Chaist the chief Shepherd; but intends that particular Church, or Churches, over which these Elders were Overseers, er Bisbops, appointed to teach and guide them, according to the Mind of Christ, in the Way to Salvation. The whole Body of Christians is one universal Church, on Earth; all acknowledging Subjection to Christ, the Head and Lawgiver of his People: This large Body is made up of many Members, and diffinct parucular Churches, each furnished with their own proper Officers, having Power to enjoy all CHRIST'S Ordinances. Now, though a Minister of the Gospel be an Officer in the universal Church, and as such, may act wherever he is regularly called; yet, as a fixed Pastor, he is, in a special Manner, an Overseer of that particular Church, which is committed to his Charge. In this Case the Exercise of his Gifts and Guidance is so especially limited to his own People, that he may allow no more of his Help to others, than his own People can spare; or what the common and mutual Concern which all Ministers and Churchought to have for one another, demands of him. that, as the Relation between a Pastor and his Flock, lays the Foundation for their respective Duties, he must be true to his Trust, and they faithful to him, and obey the Directions, which he gives them from the Word of God.

THE Care and Diligence which a Minister must tile, is excessed by taking Heed; and the main Work or Busin to be done, by feeding, or acting as a Paster

to the Church, containing all the Flock, over which he is made an Overseer. Here let us confider,

1. A Ministensfeeding the Church of CHRIST implies, that he be saithful in preaching the Word of GOD.

'Tis his Duty, as a faithful Shepherd of the Flock committed to his Care, to feed Christ's Sheep, and to feed Christ's Lambs: one main Branch of which confills in teaching and instructing them aright concerning the good Ways of the LORD. Now, in all our Preaching, we should ever keep this in View, that the great End and Design of the Gospel, in Subserviency to the Glory of Gon, is the Recovery of fallen Man from the Ruins of his Apostacy from, and Rebellion against Goo; and the bringing perishing Souls to embrace and submit to Jesus Christ, as the glorious Author of Salvation to all who believe. In preaching this Golpel, every Minister should observe that Charge contained in 2 Tim. II. 15. Study to show thyfelf approved unto GOD, a Workman that needetb not to be closmed, rightly airiding the Word of Truth. The Word of Truth is the Rule by, and according to which, we must preach; and in our Discourses endeavour to use a Stile most suitable to the important Truths we deliver, and not so much consult what fine Things we can fay, as how we may most effectually impress the Minds and Consciences of our Hearers with a ferious, influential, and abiding Sente of moral, divine and eternal Things. We should always remember our Character, as Amballadors of Christ Jesus: and as all the Lines of Revelation meet, and center in him; so whatever Subjects we treat, it should be with a View, either of bringing perifaing Sinners to turn unto God by him, or of engaging true Christians to walk worthy of their high Calling, and heavenly Expediations.

THE

THE Subject-Matter of Preaching, is the whole Counfel of GOD: This is contained in the Scriptures of the Old and New Tellament. We are not indeed to fet the Principles of Natural Religion in Oppolition to that which is revealed, but ought rather to infift on the Distates of Reason and Nature as fundamental of, and subservient to the Gospel of Christ. However, the principal Delign of Preaching, is to publish the Gospel of Peace, and bring glad Tidings of good Things. Rom. X. 15. The most important Subjects of Gospel Preaching, are such as have the most apt, and effectual Tendency toward the saving Conversion of Sincers; and the Building them up in true Holiness and Comfort, through Faith unto eternal Salvation. Hence a Minister of the Gospel must inculcate on his Hearers, the Being, Nature, and glorious Perfections of the GREAT GOD, and his supreme and univerfal Government and Dominion: -- The effential and eternal Difference of Right and Wrong, Virtue and Vice; and the unchangeable Obligation on all moral Beings to be conformed to the divine Law:-The original Glory, Purity and Happiness of Mankind:—
The dreadful Estate of Sin and Misery he is brought into by the Fall:—The Importance, Necessity and Truth of the divine Revelation made to us in the holy Scriptures; and the great Doctrines of revealed Religion therein contained; such as-the Dostrine of the facred Trinity, and the feveral Parts affigu'd to each DIVINE PURSON in the Redemption of Sinners.— How Salvation was purchased by CHRIST, and is applied by the Spirith-Goo's Sovereignty in having Mercy on whom he will have Mercy; and yet the Necessity and Encouragement there is to all to strive , for an Interest in the great Salvation: - The free Justification of a Believer by the kightcousness of CHRIST imputed to him: - The absolute Necessity of spiritual Regeneration, unfeigned Faith in the Re-DEEMER, evangelical Repentance, Leva to Con, and

our Neighbour, an holy Heart and heavenly Life, and Perseverance and Progress novery Christian Grace and Virtue, to the End through the efficacious Influence of that all-powerful AGENT, who siest begins this good Work in the Soul, and will perferm it until the Day of Jesus Christ. Phil. 1. 6. And finally, the Doctrines of Death and Judgment, the Resurrection of the Body at the last Day, and an eternal State of Rewards and Punishments, assigned to every one according to his Works, whereof we have the highest Assurance, the Word of God can give, should be represented in all their Glory and Terror; to arouse and alarm Sinners, and engage true Christians to keep in Mind the Day of the Lord, and to consider what Manner of Persons they ought to be in all holy Conversation.

In declaring the Doctrines of Religion, a Minister, while he neglects not Things of less Weight, must infift chiefly on the greatest, most certain and necessary Things: These are to be opened with Clearness and Evidence, and then applied with Closeness and Energy. Whatever we preach, it should be with a Design to be understood, and therefore made plain and easy to the Capacities of those who hear us: or else how can the Understanding be enlightened; the Conscience awakened; the Heart changed; or the Life reformed. 'Tis too much a Sign of Infincerity, to hide one's Mind under Pretence of revealing it; and purpotely to use ambiguous Expressions, when we should be plainly declaring to our People, the Counsel of God, for the Salvation of their Souls. But though we should declare the Counsel of God, fully in the whole Extent of it, and plainly, so as to be thoroughly understood; yet we ought to use Prudence and Discretion, and even fuch Condescention to the Weakness of Mankind may be best calculated to recover them from their Prejudices, and guide them into the Way of Salvation.

In

In addressing their Hearers, Ministers should carefully adapt their Discourses to their several Conditions and Circumstances, and so take Heed to give every one his Portion in due Season. By the Terrors of the Lord, they must persuade Men; alarm the bold and presumptious Sinner, and awaken the secure and unfound Professor. Those who are enquiring the Way to Zion, with their Faces thitherward, must be directed, and suitably encouraged. And all God's Children, assisted according to their peculiar Wants, and quickened to preserve, and improve their Graces, and to hold out to the End.

Upon the whole, what need have Ministers of the Gospel to take Heed, that they be found faithful in Preaching the Gospel, fully, plainly, and affectionately; teaching their Flock whatsoever Christ hath commanded them; so as, to be able to address their People in the Words of St. Paul, preceding the Text, even under the solemn Prospect of seeing their Faces no more. If herefore I take you to record this Day that I am pure from the Blood of all Men; For I have not shunned to declare to you the whole Counsel of God?

II. A Minister of the Gospel must take Heed in guiding the Flock committed to his Charge, according to the Mind of Christ; and in administring the Seals of the Covenant.

A Shepherd guides, and conducts his Flock; so should a Minister, the People of his Charge. His Bufiness is to feed the Church: the original Word is Poimainein, which implies, that he discharge the whole Duty of a Shepherd: which, besides feeding the Flock, shews it also to be his Duty, carefully to guide, and oversee it. Hence that Exhortation, Heb. xiii. 17. Obey them that have the Rule over you, and submit yourselves; for they watch for your Souls, as they that must

give an Account: that they may do it with Joy, and not with Grief; for that is unprofitable for you. The Care of a Church is weighty; and often requires the Exercise of Courage and Resolution. Every Part of the Ministers Work, requires Skill, and Prudence : but more especially, how to behave in the House of Christ; to manage, over see, and guide the Affairs of his Church. What holy Skill is necessary, in preaching the Cossel; to make plain the Truth, and convince the Hearers; to let irrelittible Light into their Consciences, and fix it there, 'till the Gospel be worked into their Assections and Lives; 'till their Eyes be opened, and turned from Darkness to Light, and their Hearts from the Power of Satan unto God, that they may receive Forgiveness of Sins, and Inheritance among them that are suctified, by Faith that is in Christ. Acts xxvi. 18. But though there be fuch Skill and Care necessary to Preaching; yet there may be those, who shall be esteemed good Preachers, and yet be greatly defective in guiding and conducting their Flock. Ch! what holy Prudence, what Meckneis, what Humility, what Condescention and Patience; yet what Zeal, what Courage, what Steadiness. Resolution and Constancy, are requifite, to take the Overlight of a Church; and so to conduct all Matters, as shall be for the Honour of God, the Advancement of Religion, the Peace and Edification of all the Flock, and the winning those that are without, to come in, and tubmit to the Orders of Christ's House, and to walk in all the Ordinances and Commandments of the Lord blameless? 2 Tim. ii. 24, 25. The Servant of the Land must not strive; but be genile unto all Men, apt to teach, patient, in Meekness instructing these that oppose themselves. But though Ministers must be gentle, meek and patient, yet resolute and undaunted in their Work. 2 Tim. i. 7, 8. God hath not given us the Spirit of Fear; but of Power, val of Love, and of a found Mind. Be not thou therefore albamed of the Testimony of our Lord .---**C** ? MINISTERS

MINISTERS of the Gospil must likewise go before their People in the Worthip of Gop, to be their Mouths to Gop in Prayer, and to bless them in the Name of the Lord. They must study how to pray, as well as low to Preach; and take Heed to know their People's Wants and Circumstances, not only that they may adapt their public Discourses thereto, but also lay them before Gop, in public and private Prayer.

ONCE more; Ministers of Christ must take Heed to maintain, and keep up the Discipline of his House, and see that it is exercised in a duc Manner; and likewise faithfully to administer the Seals of the Covenant to all such as are qualified to receive them. Oh! what Care and Caution should we use, in all our public Administrations? and especially of those Ordinances wherein there is made a Difference between the clean and unclean, the holy and unholy, that they be so administred as to show every one his strict Covenant Engagements to be the Lord's; the peculiar Priviledges of God's covenant People; and the manifold and infinite Blessings assured, to all his faithful Servants.

3. A Minister of the Gospel must take Heed to all the Flock, over which he is made an Overseer.

His first Care must be about the whole; but he is not to rest in public Duties, as if they were all the Duties of his Office. For all the Flock, all the invidual Souls committed to his Charge, must be watched over. This shews either, that a Church ought not to be larger than what one Pastor can oversee and take Care of; or else that the Number of Pastors should be proportioned to the Largeness of the Flock: For a Ministers Work is not confined to any particular Number of his People, but extends to the whole; and therefore he ought to take Pains, to be acquainted with

the State of the whole Flock with which he is ent. utted. He should endeavour to know their Persons. their Tempers, and their Conversations. This will put him under greater Advantages of doing Good, in his private Countels, and public Preaching. He must inttruct the Ignorant, give Advice and Direction to fuch as come with Cases of Conscience; or in Concern about their eternal State, and scrioutly asking, a kat must ue do to be javed? He mult encourage Family Religion, Order and Government, and take all prudent Care that there be not a carelels, prayerless Family among his People. His Eye muit eigecially be upon the Youth, and his Endeavours incessant, that they may be a Seed to serve the LORD, and accounted to him for a Generation He must prodently and vigilantly oppose Seducers, and cause the Disorderly to be alhamed; but give due Enceuragement to such as shine in their Christian Behaviour, and excite others to imitate them. He must comfort the Afflicted, visit the Widow, and Fatherless, and be ever ready to attend on the Sick, and endeavour to be a Means of fitting them for a fruitful Life, or a happy Death.

To close this Particular. I shall only observe, that the Ways and Means wherein a Minister of the Gospel must take Heed to all the Flock, besides his public Labours, are to many, that his Life mult be a Life of Diligence and paintul Service,—tuch as he never will discharge in a faithful Manner, without taking great Heed and Care. I shall add.

4. A Minister of the Gospel must take Heed to the Manner and Views with which he discharges the warious Duties of his Office.

His Work must be managed purely for God, and not for private Ends. Unless we aim to approve outselves to God, we do not serve him, but ourselves.

We need therefore take Heed, that the Honour of God and the Redeemer, lie near our Hearts, in all our Ministrations unto our People. Joh. XXI. 15. Jesus saith to Simon Peter. Simon Son of Jonas, lovest thou me more than these? He saith unto him, yea Lord; thou knowest that I love thee. He saith unto him, seed my Sheep.

FURTHER, a Minister must take Heed, that he manifest the tenderest Love, and most compassionate Regard, to the Souls of his People. The Relation between a Minister and his People, is an endearing Relation; when they fee that he lays out himfelf for their spiritual Good, and manifelts an affectionate Cencern and Love for their Souls, in the Manner in which he always addresses them, they will be more likely to hearken to his Warnings and Councils, Reproofs and Directions. On the contrary, if it appears that he seeks not them, but theirs, and so is influenced chiefly with a View to his Livelihood, their Affection will foon be alienated from him; which will hinder their profiting by his Labour. We must then be sincerely affectionate and ferious, in all our public and private Exhortations. We should so speak, as realizing the Presence of God, and the Reality and Importance of eternal Things; and so minister, that all may see that we value no outward Things, in Comparison of the Salvation of Souls.

AND finally, a Minister of the Gospel must take Heed, that he carry on his whole Work, with an humble Sense of his own Weakness, and a believing Confidence on the Lord Jesus Christ. When we consider the Greatness, Importance, and Dissibility of this Work, we may justly say, Who is sufficient for these Things? A Minister must then take Heed that, not in his own Strength, but in the Strength of divine Grace, he enter upon, and go through the Work; and then he may safely commit himself and his Work to the

Land, in a well-grounded Hope of reaping the Reward of a faithful Servant.

Mer 'tis Time to proceed to the last Thing proposed. III. I am to enforce the Exhortation, upon Ministers of the Gospel, to take Heed to themselves, and to all the Flock, by a brief View of the Motives and Arguments suggested, in the Words of the Text. And may all of us, whom God hath honoured with this Office, be persuaded so to take Heed, that we may save our own Souls, and the Souls of them that attend on our Ministry.

IS the Minister of CHRIST by Office, an Overseer of the Flock, and to watch for Souls? The Nature of this Office, requires us to take Heed. We have undertaken the Conduct, under CHRIST, of a Band of his Soldiers, against Powers and Principalities, and we must watch ourselves, and keep them watching. It is a Work we have voluntarily engaged in; no Man forced us hereto, so even common Honesty binds us to be faithful to the Trust we have received. Shall we enjoy all the Honour and Priviledges of this Office, and not be faithful in it? Is it not of infinite Importance to our Acceptance, that we take heed: We are Stewards, and it is required of a Steward, that a Man be found faithful. As Overleers of the Flock, do we watch for Souls? We must then take Heed, or be guilty of the Blood of Souls. Let us then attend to those inportant Lines, that awful Admonition to unfaithful Teachers Ezek. III. 17. 18. Son of Man, I have made thee a Watchman unto the House of Israel: therefore hear the Word at my Mouth, and give them Warning from me. When I say unto the Wicked, thou skalt surely die; and thou givest Lim not warning, nor speakest to warn the wicked from his wicked Way, to fave his Life: the same wicked Man shall Se in his Iniquity; but his Blood will I require at thy Hand,

ARE Ministers set apart to this Work, by a divine Inditation, and made Overseers of the Flock, by the Hely Glost? What an Obligation then is laid upon us, by our Call? If our Commission be sent from Heaven, it is not to be disobeyed. The HOLY GHOST makes Persons Overseers, by qualifying them for the Office: by directing the Ordainers to differn the Qualifications: and by influencing the Minds of a People and themselves, for affixing them, to the Care of a particular Church. All this was often done, in the primitive Age of Christianity, by an extraordinary Inspiration; whereas it is now done, by the Ordinary Assistance of the Spirit. But as it is the same Spirit, that hath determined in the Word, that there shall be such an Office; what the Qualifications are, which are necellary to it; how Perfens are to be introduced into it; what Powers and Authority are annexed to the Office; and gives his common and ordinary Affiftance, in the whole Transaction, we are now to esteem Ministers of the Gospel made Overfeers by the Holy Ghost, as well as in the primitive Age, though not in the same extraordinary Manner. A Confideration hereof should quicken us to Faithfulnels. For how can we fly from the Presence of the divine Spirit? Will not our broken Vows, if we take no Heed to ourfelves, nor to our Flocks, be at last most severely punished? Anarias and Sapphira were struck with immediate Death, by the Apostolic Rod, for Lying to the Holly Ghost: And shall we escape, if we mock, and think to deceive that Immense and Omniscient SPIRIT, by receiving the folcmn Charge of Watching for Souls, without taking heed to fulfil the Ministry committed to us?

IS it the Church of GOD, which Ministers are appointed to feed? that glorious, and honourable Society, for which GOD hath displayed such Wonders in the successive Ages of the World? And doth GOD dignify his Ministers with such Honour, as the proint them

Shall we then, who are called to this facred Employment, be infaithful? and neither watch ourselves, nor cause our People to watch? Shall we despise the Trust committed to us, and while we are assep, suffer grievous Wolves to enter, who will not spare, but devour the Flock? or shall we in a Time of Danger, like Hirelings, description our Station, and suffer the Sheep to be scattered? And not rather take heed, and watch with a godly Jealousy. over all the Souls committed to our Care; that if possible, we might win them to Christ, and persuade them to walk worthy of God, who bath called them unto bis Kingdom and Glory. I Thes. II. 12.

WAS this Church, which is committed to the Ministers of the Gospel, purchased with CHRIST's own Blood? What an infinite Treasure then is committed to us? and shall we take no Heed to keep and preserve it? CHRIST, the great and good Shepherd laid down his Life for the Sheep: and shall we dare to despise, and neglect them; and like Hirelings care not for the Flock? The meanest of our Flock was purchased by the Blood of CHRIST: and shall we not take heed to all the Flock, over the which the Holy Ghost hath made us Overfeers; and to all the Individuals of which it consists, lest through our Unwatchfulness, we suffer those to perish, for whom CHRIST, died? His Blood is infinitely meritorious and sufficient; and in Virtue of Gospel Grace, we may offer eternal Life to all who will accept it, upon Gospel Terms: Let us therefore preach the Gospel of Peace, and bring glad Tidings of Good Things, publishing Peace, and Salvation, to perishing Sinners by Jusus Christ.

Upon the whole; What solemn Bonds and Obligations are upon us to be faithful to him that hath sent us, and to the Souls of Men? The Nature of our Work, as Overseers of the Flock of Christ—The

D

awful Charge given us in our Appointment to it—The Worth of immortal Souls, and the Church of God; -The Blood of CHRIST, by which the Church is purchased, and redeemed; -And the strict Account we must all give us to the chief Shepherd, at his appearing to Judgment, should powerfully engage us, to take Heed to surselves, and to all the Flock, over the which the Holy Ghost kath made us Overseers, to seed the Church of GOD, which he bath purchased with his own Blood.

HAVING so interwoven the practical Reslections that arise from the Text, in the Body of the Discourse, I shall conclude with a brief Address, First, to the Person who is now to be made an Overseer of this Flock; and then, secondly, to the Church and People of God in this Place.

DEAR SIR, As your repeated and earnest Request bath called me, however unfit, to speak on this great and solemn Occasion, I trust you will gladly receive a friendly and Brotherly Exhortation. It is with weighty Concern that I now address you: however it is a joyful, as well as folemn Occasion; especially, as we hope that a compassionable Regard to perishing Souls, and an earnest Desire of being used as a Means of their eternal Salvation, to the Praise of God's glorious Grace, by Jesus Christ, hath engaged you to chuse this holy Calling, and inclined your Heart to accept the Invitation and Choice of this People. In this View and Hope, we rejoice in God, and give Thanks to his holy Name, that you have been trained up for, and spirited unto the Work, you are now to undertake. While you have viewed the solemn Trantactions of this Day at a Distance, I trust, it hath caused you seriously to weigh the great and important Employment: -- the many Qualifications necessary to sit for it; and the watchful Care, and faithful Diligence,

ceru:

that must run through the whole Discharge of it. And new, all Things being prepared, the Church waiting with longing Eyes, to receive you as their Palton, and the Ministers of the Gospel, ready to seperate you to that Work, the folemn Charge you have in view. must make it the Language of your Heart, who is Sufficient for these Things? Yet, dear Sir, be not afraid, neither discouraged; the Work is indeed weighty, and requires more than an Ingel's Strength to fulfil, yet He in whose Service thou art folemnly to engage, is infinitely able to make all Grace abound toward you. Wherefore, from an humble Sense of your own Insufficiency, look up to Him, with whom is everlatting Strength; and relling on his all-sufficient Grace, endeavour to be prepared to receive the weighty Trust of the Gospel Ministry, and the solemn Charge of the Souls of this People. And then take Heed to thy felf, and to all the Flock, over which the Holy Ghost makes you an Overseer to seed the Church of God, which he bath purchased with his oven Blood.

OH! Sir, take Heed to thyself; to the Life & Power of Grace in your own Heart: let it shine forth in an holy, exemplary Convertation, evidencing it to be your highest Concern to approve yourself to the Loan Jerus; and to be more, and more furnished and qualified for the Work of the Sanctuary. Take heed unto all the Flock, to feed the Church of GoD; fludy the unfourthable Riches of Christ's Gospel: theje declare, and preach unto your People, plainly, fully, and affectionately; that none perish for lack of Knowledge and Instruction: and so thou shalt be pure from the Blood of all Men. Study how to guide this Church, with all holy Prudence and Care, for it's Peace and Edification Faithfully exercise the Discipline, and Administer the Ordinances of CHRIST's House. to be acquainted with all the Flock; let none be above your Watch, nor any beneath your Notice and Con-D 2

cern; but ren cuber that you watch for the Souls of all this People, as one that must give an Account. At this with not your Heart tremble, and begin almost to fart back from the great Undertaking? Look then to God, and know your Dependence on him, and look to the LORD JESUS CHRIST, who hath engaged his Presence with his faithful Ministers, to the End of the World to direct, comfort, strengthen and succed you. Let this be your Support.

I shall only add; frequently view, on the one Hand, the Autulness of being found unfaithful, and of having the Blood of Souls to answer for: on the other, the Joy of being at last, in the Presence of Angels and Men, approved by CHRIST, as his faithful Servant. And may you be to animated hereby, as to take heed to yourfelf, and to all the Flock, that when CHRIST the chief Shepherd shall appear, you may receive a Crown of unfading Glory.

I SHALL now Address myself to the Church and People of God in this Place.

Beloved Brethren, We rejoice with you in the Goodness of the Lord, that he is a Repairer of your Breaches, and a Restorer of Paths for you to walk in. It is a Token of Good, that your Hearts have been inclined with fuch Unanimity to choose this Servant of God, for your Paster; and that his Heart hath been inclined to accept of the weighty Charge of your Souls. And now, the Ministers of the Gospel called on this solemn Occasion, being about to seperate him to the Office of a Minister of CHRIST, and a pastoral Relation unto you; Oh receive him as a precleus Gift of our ascended Long. Let vour Hearts exuk



exult with Joy, when you view the solemn Transactions of this Day. Isaiah 52. 7. How vecutiful upon the Mountains are the Feet of him that bringeth good Tidings, that publishesh Peace, that bringeth good Tidings of Good, that publishesh Salvation, that saith union, that saith union, that saith union, they GOD reigneth.

Thankfulness, yet not carnal Mirth: but on the contrary you should make it a Mayer of serious Concern, and diligent Enquiry, why you have sent for this Servant of Christ, that so you might be rightly prepared to receive him as your Pastor and Overseer.—

Take heed, that you do not despile him, but esteem him for his Work Sake; and strengther, and encourage him, in the Discharge of it.—While he is spending his Time and strength for your Souls, chearfully, as far as in you lies, assort him the Comforts and Conveniences of Life.—Expect not Persection from him: He is encompassed with the common Passions, and Infirmities of humane Nature: These let Charity cover, while you are careful to mark, and imitate him in whatsoever Things he is an Imitator of Christ Jesus.

Brethren, I bescech you, pray for him: strengthen his blands: encourage his Heart by your fervent Intercessions for him, at the Throne of Grace.—Diligently attend upon his Ministry, and take heed that you receive not the Grace of God in vain; and give him Cause to complain. I have laboured in vain, and spent my Strength for nought, and in vain.—Study Peace and Harmony among your selves, and the God of Peace be with you.

AND now to conclude; May the great Kind and Head of the Church, abundantly bleis the Labours of

his Servant, in this Part of his Harvest: May you and he long rejoice together; and, at last, may he have many Souls, as the Seals of his Ministry, his Joy, and Grown of Rejoicing in the Presence of our Lord Jesus Christ, at his Coming. And now the God of Peace, that brought again from the Dead our Lord Jesus Christ, that great Shepherd of the Sheep, through the Blood of the Everlasting Covenant, make you perfect to do his Will, working in you that which is well-pleasing in his Sight, through Jesus Christ; To whom he Glory for ever and ever. AMEN.

FINIS.