### A 44. 1. C.9

# SERMOM

Preach'd at

BOSTON in NEW-ENGLAND

On Thursday the 23d. of August.

I7I6.

Being the Day of

# Publick Thanksgiving,

For the Suppression of the late Vile and Traiterous Rebellion in

### GREAT BRITAIN.

By BENJAMIN COLMAN, M. A.

Pattor of a Church in Boston.

BOSTON:

Printed by A. Fleet and A. Crump; Sold by Samuel Gezrill on the North side of the Town-House. 1716.

#### EXTENDED & COUNTY COUNT

## A Thanksgiving Sermon

For the Suppression of the late Vile and Traiterous Rebellion in

### GREAT BRITAIN.

#### r King. X. 9.

Blessed be the LORD thy God which delighted in Thee, to set Thee on the Throne of Israel; Because the LORD loved Israel for Ever, Therefore made He Thee King, to do Judgment and Justice.

Publick Appearance of Solomon in all his Glory; His Wisdom yet remaining with him. He is visited here and admir'd by the Renowned Queen of Sheba. She had heard the fame of his Great Wisdom, as well as of his Magnificence and Great Buildings:

ings; but more the fame of his Religion, and concerning the Name of the LORD whose House he had built; and she came to be Instructed by him, both in matters of Government and the Worship of the true God. She came with a Great Equipage and very Princely Retinue. She came to trade for Wisdom, to purchase it at any Rate, with very much Gold and precious Stones, which yet were not to be weigh'd with Wildom. She appear'd even a Rival to Solomon in Riches and Magnificence, Generosity & Largeness of heart. She came with Great Expectations, rais'd by the Reports she had heard in her own Land, but owns the one half had not been told her. When she had Jeen all his Wisdom, and the House that he had built, and the meat of his Table, and the sitting of his Servants, and the Attendance of his Mimisters, and their Apparel, and his Cup-bearers, and his Ascent by which he went up into the House of the LORD, (and I suppose with what Gravity and Seriousness, true Majesty, Humility and Devotion this Great Prince was won't to worlhip) there remained no more any Spirit in Her. She bles'd his very Servants, and was ready to envy them, and wish her tell in their place. Happy are thy Men, happy are these thy Servants, which stand continually before thee, end hear thy Wisdom. E Finally, She blesses GOD the Giver of Solomons Wisdom, Wealth and Grandeur, and the Author of his Advancement; Blessed be the Lord thy GOD which delighted in thee, to set Thee on the Throne of Israel; because the LORD loved Israel for ever, therefore made He Thee King, to do Judgment and Justice.

THUS she turns all her Amiration and Delight into an Act of Religious Thanksgiving to GOD. Something is said of Solomon, but more of God, by whom he reigned. He was made King, and set on the throne of Israel, to do Judgment and Justice. But it was GOD that made him King, and who advanc'd him to the Throne, partly in kindness to Him, because that he delighted in him; but more in kindness to his People, because the Lord loved Israel for Ever.

MIND the Decency and Devotion of this wise and Princely Speech: which tho' it was the most honourable to Solomon that cou'd be, yet was void of Flattery. Flattery—, No, Solomon's State and Wisdom were too Great to allow it, and Her Noble Heart and Majesty, as well as Discretion, too High to give it. Her Words are Grave and Solemn, and did in excellent manner admonish Solomon, that he receiv'd his Crown from God; that he was to reign for Him; to be Just, ruling

A 3

111

in his fear; that it was from the Undeserved Love and Good Will of God towards him that he was Accomplisht for and Exalted to the Throne from among his Brethren; that what God had done for him was done in favour to Israel, and from his love unto them; and finally that He was bound and so were others to bless & praise the LORD his God, and give him all the Glory of his Advancement to and Establishment on his Throne: Blessed be the Lord thy God which delighted in thee, &c.

The Words teach us this Doctrinal Truth.

THAT when God raises up a wise and good KING to do Judgment and Justice, it is a signal Expression of his delight in Him and of his love unto his People, for which they are highly Obliged to laud and praise him. Or, That when God delights in a PRINCE to set him on the Throne over his People, because he loves them, they are highly obliged to render Him their thankful praises.

I will take the Text into the following Propositions.

I. That

- 1. That it is the GOD of Heaven that makes Men Kings, and sets them on their Thrones.
- 2. That with a more peculiar Care and Providence does the Lord their God fill the Throne of his Israel.

3. That he raises up wise and good Kings

to do Judgment and Justice.

4. That when he does so it is from his delight in Them and love to his People.

- favour to a People as calls for their thankful Praises, and obliges them to laud and magnify the Name of God.
- I. THAT it is the GOD of Heaven that makes Men Kings and sets them upon their Thrones. So the Text says that it was the LORD GOD that set Solomon on the Throne, and made him King. The Dominion and Providence of God is the Supream, Absolute and Universal Government. "The Heavens are his "Throne and the Earth is his Footstool. He" is Lord of all. He rules in the Armies of "Heaven above, and over the Inhabitants of Earth below, and doeth his Will. His is "the Kingdom the Power and the Glory. He is the Blessed and only Potentate, King

" of Kings and LORD of Lords. His is the Greatness, and the power and the Glory "and the Victory and the Majesty; for all "that is in the Heaven and on the Earth is his: Both riches and honour come of him, "and he reigns over all, and in his hand is "Power and Might, and in his hand it is to "make Great and to give Strength unto " all. He the most High ruleth in the Kingdoms of Men, & giveth them to whomioe-" ver he will. Wisdom & Might are His: He "changeth the Times and Seasons; He removeth Kings and setteth up Kings; He "giveth wisdom unto the Wise, and Know-"ledge to them that know Understanding. Thus the Kingdom is the Lords, and he is the Governour among the Nations: The "Shields of the Earth belong to him, and he is greatly Exalted.

THE Dominions and Thrones, the Principalities and Powers in Heaven are his Subjects and Vailals; and so are Soverain Princes here on Earth. The Lord is high above all Nations, and his Glory above the Heavens. Who is like unto the Lord our God, who dwelleth on High! who humbles himself to behold the things that are in Heaven and on the Earth! He raiseth up the Poor out of the dust, and lifteth the Needy out of the dunghill, that he may set him with

Princes

Princes, even with the Princes of his People. He gives to Men their Princely Spirits, and another heart, and calls them forth to Reign; Again he cuts off the Spirit of Princes and is terrible to the Kings of the Earth.

BY Him Kings reign and Princes decree Justice, by Him Princes rule and Nobles, even all the Judges of the Earth. Sometimes by a singular Providence he brings Them to their Thrones without their seeking, and calls them to reign by a clear and certain loud Voice of his Providence and of a People, without their Aspiring or forming Designs for their own Advancement; a wonderful Providence makes the motion to them, and opens their Way before them: As David was surprised. by the Divine Election and Anointing, and then by Providence call'd to Court and on the stage of Action; And to the Conduct of Providence he resign'd himself and waited on sit to chuse his Way and lead him in it, and in Its own time to crown him. Such a KING was Solomon, of God's chusing and Anointling: He was not the Eldest Son, nor the first Branch of the Royal Stock; but the Person whom God pitch'd upon and Endowed to fill the Throne.

AND such a KING we bless God for this day, whom He Himself has chosen and

çalled

called to the Throne, and established thereon, by a Wonderful and Over-ruling Government of his own Soverain, Wise and Gracious Providence It has been the Lord's doing and wonderful in our Eyes. The Hearts of Kings and Nobles are in the hand of God, and so the Hearts of a Wise and free People, and the Lord turned them in the Reign before the last, in a legal manner to fix the Succession to the Crown on the Serene Houle of HAN-NOVER, being the next Protestant Heirs. The Subsequent Parliaments in the following Reign did from time to time and many ways Confirm that wise and Happy Settlement of the Crown; which render'd it the most Legal and Rightful that could be. And when at last some Adonijah was exalting himself, and saying I will be King, under the secret Aid and Abetting of such as Joah and Abiathar the Priest; then better Nobles and Princes of the Nation, both Temporal and Spiritual, such as Zadock and Benaiah and Nathan the Prophet remembred the Royal Oath and the Engagement of Providence, and said to one another—" Did we not swear by the Lord, and give the Public Faith unto our People and unto the Serene House of Hannover, that they shou'd now Reign and sit upon the Throne over us? As the Lord liveth that re-

deemeth our Soul out of all distress, as we sware unto them by the LORD our God, even so will we certainly do this day: So they blew the Trumpet and all the People said, God save King George; shouting and rejoicing with so great a Joy as made the Earth to rend again. The Pretender to the Crown and his wretched Adherents were beyond measure surprised and amazed at the wondrous Turn. Scarce cou'd they believe their own Eyes and Ears. And those that wish'd and waited for the Event, but had long despair'd of ever seeing it, were now like them that dream; then was their mouth Ifilled with laughter and their tongue with singing; then said they one to another, The LORD hath done Great Things for us whereof we are glad: O Lord turn again our Captivity`as the Streams of the South. i.e. As when God sends Streams of Water in a hot and parching Season to refresh and revive a Land.

II. WITH a peculiar Care God fills the Throne of his Israel. The Lord's Portion is his People; as facob was his Inheritance. Happy is the People that is in such a Case, yea happy is that People whose GOD is the LORD. It pleases the LORD to make some Places and People more his own Peculiar than others. As the Children of Israel were so of old, so are the Places

Places which God now favours with the Administrations of the Kingdom of his Grace' in the Purity and Power of them. The People shall dwell alone, and not be numbred among the Nations. They are a favoured and distinguished Race whom God has taken near to himself, and mark'd out for his Own, and given to them his Adoption, his Covenant, his Law and Promises. So when at first the Most High divided to the Nations their Inheritance, when he Separated the Sons of Adam, he set the Bounds of the People according to the number of the Children of Israel: He found him, he led him about, he Instructed him, and kept him as the Apple of his Eye; So the LORD alone did lead him, and there was no strange God with him. God gave them not a King like the Nations round about them, for the LORD himself was their King, & their Government a Theocracy. But when they in process of time would have a King like the Nations round about them, God chose them their Kings. And how many most Excellent Princes did God raise up to them to be their Governours in Supream? Moses and Foshua, and the Judges; Davidand Solomon, &c. It is true too that Israel had their Evil Princes, more especially in their last and degenerate Times; for as they grew 2vorle

pourse and worse, they had at last the worst of Kings, who were given them in Wrath, and bro't on their last Destructions and Captivities.

AND thus it is with the Professing People of God unto this day: altho' it seems to fare with one Nation as with another, all things hapning alike to all, to the Good and to the bad, as well to Places as Persons. There gare Tyrants and Usurpers and Pretenders and Traitors in one Country and in another; and we cannot know good or evil by all that sis before us. Nevertheless there is really a more special Providence concerning it self for and exercised towards the Professing and Covenant People of God, and that more or les peculiar too as they are more or less reformed, and as there is more or less of Vital Religion, Spiritual Worship, and true Obedience among a speople. So the Lord loves a people as he makes them his Own; and as they know and fear him they are dear to him and his special Care; All his Saints are in his hand, and they sit down at his feet and receive of his Words. He covers them and he bears them on Eagles wings, and makes them to ride on the high places of the Earth.

AND in some Measure of Great distin-

ction, such has been the Grace and Favour

of God to Great Britain among the Nations of Europe. How early did the Governing Providence of God bring the Christian Relilion into those happy Islands and Kingdoms. The glad Tydings of Salvation reach'd them and Christianity was received there, whilst the Greatest part of the Continent continued Pagan and in gross darkness. And after the Apostacy of the Church the REFORMATION was early receiv'd in Britain, thro' the peculiar Grace of our God to that favoured Land-There the reformed Religion so fixt it self that the Gates of hell have not been yet able to prevail against it. I wish they may not at last by Debauchery and Lust, after that the many Efforts of Popery have been deteated.

THIS has been the fignal Appearance of God for us from Age to Age. Neither the bloody Martyrdoms in the reign of Queen Mary, nor the Spanish Armada in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, nor the Powder Treason in the reign of King James the First; nor the more secret Reign of Popery and Vice in the Reign of a Prince more Obliged by Providence in his Restoration than all his Predecessors, nor the more Open and barefac'd Power of Popery in the Reign of James the Second, nor the cover'd Treacheries and Persidy in savour of the Return of Popery in the last Scene of the late Reign;

shave been able to restore the Tyranny of Rome over the Liberties and Consciences of the Happy People of Britain. The same Providence that blasted the former Attempts for its Return have blassed these latter; and they are alike the work of God and not of Man. And now lately on the Death of Queen Ann when a Popish Prince was just ready to have stept into the Throne, by some Secret and Mystery of Providence unsearchable to us He was in one Moment wholly frustrated, and our Protestant and Rightful PRINCE ascended the Throne peaceably and without Opposition, tho' the Enmity of a powerful Party to the thing, and the Desligns tormed against it have since openly appeared. We may well look on our Miraculous Deliverance and fing the 124. Plal-If it had not been the LORD that was on our slide, now may Israel say: If it had not been the LORD that was on our side, when men rose up against us: Then they had swallowed us up quick, suben their Wrath was kindled against us. Then the Waters had overwhelmed us, the Stream had gone over our Soul. Then the proud Waters had gone over our Soul. Blessed he the LORD who shath not given us a prey to their teeth. Our Soul is escaped as a Bird out of the snare of the Foreglers; the Snare is broken, and we are escaped. Our help is in the name of the LORD, who made Heaven and Earth.

SO has a peculiar Care of Providence from time to time guarded the Liberties and fill'd the Throne of Britain. The Accession of King WILLIAM to the Throne, and now the Accession of King GEORGE will be two Illustrious Instances of it in all Future Times.

III. WHEN God raises up Wise and Good Kings it is to do Judgment and Justice. For this God raised up Solomon; He made the King, says the Text, not to live in ease and pomp and splendor, not to have his will and do what he pleased, but to govern with Right and Equity. And this is the End of Government, and the true Honour and Benefit of it; the Felicity both of Prince and People. So the Rock of Israel said to David, and they are among his Dying Words to his Successor: 2 Sam. 23. 1, 2, 3, 4. Now thefe be the last Words of David: David the Son of Felle said, and the Man who was raised up on high, the Anointed of the God of Facob, and the sweet Psalmist of Israel, said, The Spirit of the LORD spake by me, and his word was in my tongue. The God of Israel said, the Rock of Israel spake to me, He that rulesh over men must be just,

ruling in the fear of God: And he shall be as the light of the morning, when the Sun riseth, even a morning without clouds; as the tender grass springing out of the earth by clear shining after Rain. This is the most Nobie and Elegant Character of a Good Prince that ever was given. Like the Sun and like the Rain he is a Blessing to his Dominions.

KINGS are set in the Throne of Judgment for this End, to scatter away all Evil with their Eyes. It is an Abomination to Kings to commit Wickedneß, for the Throne is Established by Righteousness. Their Government shou'd resemble the Kingdom of God among men, who is the Most Just; and Righteousness and Judgment are the Habitation of his Throne-David in his Prayer for Solomon shews us how we are to pray for Princes, that the Righteousness of their Administrations may answer to the Righteous Scepter of Christ, and the Benefits of their Reign be even like those of the Messiah to the World? Psal. 72. 1,-6. Give the King thy Judgments, O God, and thy Righteousness unto the King's Son.—He shall come down like rain upon the morven graß, as showers that rvater the earth-

SUCH a KING we trust God has now given us, and God forbid but that his Wisdom and Justice, his Moderation and Clemency, his Princely Goodness, and the Mercy that upholds his Throne, his steddy Conduct and true Magnanimity should endear his Name and strengthen his Title in our Hearts. As it was once said by a "Nei'bouring Prince concerning Henry the 7th. That he had three of the best Titles "to his Kingdom of any Prince living; for that he was the Wisest and the Valiantest and the Richest Prince in Christendom. Truly so while the King appears to be Wise and Just and Good in his Administration of the Government, in vain will his Enemies alledge any flaw in his Title; He must needs reign in the hearts of all that are Wise and Good, and the Spirit that came upon Amasai will rest upon them... Thine are we David, and on thy side, thou son of Jesse: Peace, peace be unto thee, and peace be to thine helpers; for thy God helpeth thee. 1 Chron. 2. 18.

O what a GIFT of God, not only to us, but to Europe and to the Reformed Churches, must a Wise and Just King upon the Throne of Britain be. He is a Stranger to the World

that

that knows it not, and he no Friend to Religion nor to the Good of Christendom that is not sensibly affected with it. From an Evil Prince I hope we should be able to suffer much without a traiterous Tho't, but for a Good One methinks we should even dare to die. And I am persuaded that Providence has now given us such a King. Let us be affected with the Great and undeserved Mercy.

#### To which End I proceed,

IV. THAT when God raises up Wise and Good Kings to do Judgment and Justice it is a high Expression of his Delight in Them, and of his Love unto his People. So says the Text God delighted in Solomon to set him upon the Throne of Israel, and because the Lord loved Israel for ever therefore he made him King to do Judgment and Justice.

AT Solomon's Birth, who in his Name was a Type of the Great Prince of Peace, God fent by the Hand of Nathan the Prophet, and called his Name Jedidiah, Beloved of the Lord. 2 Sam. 12.25. In this His Preferment begun, and God intimated his pleasure in him to set him on the Throne after David.

BUT was it for Solomon's sake only, or David's either, that God delighted in Him to make him this Wise and Good and Great Prince? No, no! As David said on this very Occasion, (that is, on the Promise and Prospect of it,) Who am I and what is my house-! O Lord according to thine own Heart hast thou done all this Greatnes! ----for thou didst make thy People Israel thine onen people and becamest their God. In truth there can be no higher Compliment made to a Prince than these two in the Text; Because the Lord thy God delighted in thee, and because he loved his People for Ever. Huram the King of Tyre knew this, and Congratulates in these very Words: 2 Chron. 2. 11. Because the Lord hath loved his people, he has made thee King over them.

God's delight in the Person whom he makes a Good and Wise and Righteous Prince. For wherein can Providence show a Man more savour on this side Heaven (at least in a Humane Judgment of things) than sirst to qualifie, and furnish Him for the highest Dignities and Powers in the World, and then to advance him to them? It is no ways desirable

to be a Prince in Name or by Birth without a Princely Spirit: The folly is but the more exposed in the high Dignity. Rule carries worldly Greatness, Riches and Honour along with it; but the true Glory lies in the Internal Accomplishments of the Mind, Intellectual and Moral. A Prince without Knowledge becomes an Image and a Stock; or it may be a Scorpion, a roaring Lion and a ranging Bear to the poor people: Or the the Prince have the Knowledge of an Angel yet if without Goodness and Vertue he only becomes a Devil to his wretched Subjects. Wherefore I conclude, that as it is no favour to us that we be, unless we be wise and good; so neither is it any favour of Providence to any one that he is a Prince, a Gowernour, a Magistrate, if he be a foolish and a wicked one. I am sure God can have no delight in such a one, and I'm sure he ought to have no delight in himself nor in his Station, nor can his People have any delight in him. His Advancement is a Judgment upon himself and a Curse to his People. But now where there is Personal Worth and a Princly Spirit, Solomon's Wildom and Largenels of Heart, and then a Throne given to shine on and Power to do good with, how has God delighted to honour the Person? To make

Him a Public Extensive Blessing, a Father and a God to his People, like the light of the : Morning for pleasure after a dark night, and like the clear shining after rain for Benisicence. There is as much difference between a wife Prince and one that is destitute within, as there is between the Princes Stamp on Paper and on Gold. The one has an Intrinsic Value and is worth what it passes at, but the other in a time of necessity may pass for as much when it is in itself worth nothing. Then again, what a noble Pleasure is it to a Princely Mind, to be in Gods stead to the World in respect of unknown Benefits done to it, and to know that he reigns not only over luch a Kingdom and Provinces, but in the Reverence, Honour, Esteem and Love of the hearts of all that are Wise and Good in his Dominions? While foolish and wicked Princes are contemned and despised, loath'd and hated in the hearts of them whom they tyrannise over and oppress. This Prayer therefore let us make for our King, That his Wisdom Justice and Mercy may ever be such as shall show that he is the Delight of his GOD and of his People. Which brings to my Mind the glorious Style given to Titus the Roman Emperor by Historians, that he was Delicium Humani Generis: The Delight of Mankind.

when God sets a wise and love to his People when God sets a wise and righteous Prince upon the Throne over them to do Judgment and Justice. Because the LORD loved Israel for Ever. And indeed what one Instance is there in any outward and temporal thing, wherein there can be an Equal Expression of an universal Regard to the Happiness and Weal of any People, as in this of a wise and righteous Prince on the Throne over them? What a direct and strong Instuence has this upon the Felicity and Flourishing of a Nation? yea unto the Comfort of many Nations may the Instuence extend.

of Mankind. The People are not made for the Prince, to make Him Great; so much as the Prince for his People, to do them Good and make them Happy: That under his wise and just Administration his Dominions may enjoy Tranquility and Peace, their due Rights and Liberties, both as Men and Christians; That Vertue and Religion, Learning and Arts, Trade and Commerce may flourish together; and the Kingdom grow Wise and Rich, Potent and Renowned; the Subjects leading quiet and

peaceable lives in all Godliness and Honesty; évery one sitting under his own Vine and under his Fig-tree, and baving none to make them afraid. Ila. 32. 1, 2. Behold, a King shall reign in Righteousness, and Princes shall rule in Judgment. And a Man shall be as an hiding-place from the Winds and a coviert from the Tempest: as rivers of Waters in a dry place, as the shadow of a great Rock in a weary Land. Moses and Samuel and David, and Hezekiah were luch Bleffings to Israel, and wherein did Providence ever, favour a people more than in raising up such Men unto the chief Command? But a wicked Prince is an equal Curle and Plague to his Dominions and to the World. Psal. 109.6. Set thou a Wicked Man over him and let Satan stand at his Right Rand. 'Tis much at one, the devil let loose upon a people, or a cruel oppressing Tyrant set over them.

WHAT a Token of the Divine Favour, Love and Pity to a finful People should we then account it, that God has given us this Day a Protestant Prince endued with Wisdom and Justice, to sit upon the Throne of Great Britain? We are not yet for saken of God, tho the Land be full of Sin against the Holy One! Because the Lord had Compassion.

on his People, and pity for his holy Name called on us, therefore has he not given us yet up to Reproach and Servitude, that they which hate our Religion and Liberties should reign over us. Wherefore,

V. And lastly, We are highly obliged to renider unto the LORD our God our Thankful Praises this Day, and to say,—Blessed be the LORD our God which has delighted in our King to set Him on the Throne over us; Because the LORD loves his People for ever, therefore we trust that He has made him King, to do Judgment and

Justice.

IT is a Noble and Illustrious Law of our Holy Religion, that Supplications Prayers, and giving of Thanks be made for all Men; more especially for Kings and for all that are in Authority, (or in Eminient place, as the Margin reads it) that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and honesty. In Obedience to this Precept of CHRIST our Saviour, which is so Agreeable to the Natural Dictates of Justice and Gratitude, we are Convened this Day to offer the Sacrifice of Praise to the GOD of Heaven, giving Thanks to his Name for one of his Singular and Great Gifts to the Children of Men; that he has been pleas'd of his Infinite Mercies to set a PRINCE of such excellent Wisdom and Fustice,

Moderation and Mercy over us. This has been constantly and always done, every Sabbath and every Lecture in our Solemn Assemblies, since his MAJESTY's happy Accession; and blessed be God neither Ministers nor People need any Call to do the thing, for we dwell in a Loyal Land where none are Indisposed to it. Wou'd to God that all the Kings Subjects were Sensible as we are of the Mercy of God, affected with it and disposed like us; and wou'd to God that our Resentment of it were as devout towards God, as I believe it is sincerely Loyal towards the King.

Profaness and Contempt of Providence, in the Vile and Traiterous Rebellions lately carried on in Great Britain! How have a base and stupid Faction, mindless of God's Wonders and Mercies to the Nation, been murmuring first and mutinying, and then rising in Arms against God and his Anointed! quarrelling with their Happiness, weary of their Religion, Liberties and Laws, courting Popery and Slavery, rejecting not the King so much as God that He should reign over them, and this by the blackest Treacheries, Perjuries, Hypocrises and Mockery of God. Shall I say, the Queen of the South shall rise up in

the Judgment against this Generation and shall condemn them? that wou'd be too mild a Cen-sure and Condemnation of their Villany.

WHEN I consider the Treasons that have been acting against the King since his Accession to the Throne, and the horrid Spirit of the Men that appear against his Title, it brings to my mind the words of David which he spake before the Lord concerning the Enemies of his House and Family; These Sons of Belial (said he) are Thorns not to be taken with hands; but the Man that shall touch them must be fenced with Iron, and the staff of a Spear.

O what a doleful Prospect does it afford unto us, if God do not beal their Spirit and change their Heart! should God return their Wickedness upon their own heads, even all that their own Heart is privy to; tho' the King might be blessed and his Throne thereby be Established before God for ever; yet how are the Convulsions and Consusions to be deprecated, which may be fear'd from that infamous and cursed Spirit of Persidy and Violence that has already appear'd!

O might it never be nam'd more, to the Infinite Reproach of our Name and our Profession! Can Protestants so prophanely forget their Religion, and Englishmen so basely be-

of our United Brethren, so denominated in Great Britain, have thro' the Grace of God stood sirm to a Man unto the Protestant Succession, and been true in this day of tryal to God, their King and their Country. The Lord show kindness and truth unto them.

LET us continue stedfast to our Religion and Allegiance, and wait upon God for his further Mercies to our King and our Nation and the Protestant Interest. My Son fear thou the Lord and the King, and meddle not with them that are given to change. Let the Apostle Peter's Precept and Exhortation to us sink deep into our hearts: 1 Pet. 2, 13-17. Submit your selves to every Ordinance of Man for the Lord's sake: whether it be to the King es Supreme: or unto Governours, as unto them that are sent by him for the punishment of evil doers, O for the praise of them that do well. For so is the will of God, that with well-doing you may put to silence the ignorance of foolish men: As free, and not using your liberty for a cloak of Maliciousness, but as the Servants of God. Honour all Men. Love the Brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King. 10 AP 51

TIJIC.