GRACE ABOUNDING

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CHIEF OF SINNERS:

OR,

A Brief and Faithful Relation of the exceeding Mercy of God in Christ, to his Poor Servant JOHN BUNYAN.

Wherein is particularly shewed, the manner of his conversion, his fight and trouble sor sin, his dreadful temptations; also, how he despaired of God's mercy, and how the Lord at length, through Christ, did deliver him from all the guilt and terror that lay upon him.

All which was written by his own hand, and now published for the support of the weak and terapted people of God.

Psal. lxvi. 16. Come, and hear, all ye that fear God, and I will diclare what he hash done for my-soul.

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The PREFACE:

Or, a brief eccount of the publishing of this Work: written by the Author thereof, and dedicated to those whom God hath counted him worthy to beget to Faith, by his Ministry in the Word.

CHILDREN, grace be with vou. Amon. I bring taken from you in preferce, and so tied up, that I cannot perform that dony that from God doth lie upon me, to you-ware for your further editying and building up in south and holmels, &c. Yet that you may see my soul bath fatherly care and defire after your splicitud and everlatting welfare; I now once again, as from the pop of Shenir and Hermon, so from the Lions done, and from the mountains of the Leopards, (Song iv. 8.) do lock yet after all, greatly longing to see your safe arrival into the d fired haven

I thank (Ind upon every remembrance of you, and rejoice ever while I flick between the teeth of the Lons in the wilderness, at the grace, and mercy, and knowledge of Christ our Saviour, which God bath bet owed upon you, with abundance of faith and love. Your hungerings and thirlings also after further acquaintance with the Father in his Son p your tenderness of beart, your combling at fin, your sober and holy department to me: Laryon are my glary, and jey, a Thesi ii, 20.

I have fent you here enclosed a drop of that honey that I have taken out of the carcale of a Lion. Judge xiv 5, 6, 7, 8. I have eaten thereof mylelf alfo, and I am much i froshed thereby, immorations when we meet with them at first, are as the I ion that round upon Sampson: but if we overcome them the next time we see them, we shall find a nost of honey within them. I The Philishines understand me not: It is something a relation of the work of God upon my own soul, even from the very fiest, tall now: wherein you may perceive my casting down, and risings up: for he woundeth and his hands make whole. It is written in the scripture, Is axxviii. 19. The father to the children shall make known the fath of God. Yea, it was for this reason. I lay so long in Sinai, (Lov. iv. 10. 11.) to see the fire and the cloud, and the darkness, that I might fear the Lord all the days of my life upon earth, and test of his weadrons works to my children, Plalms laxviii. 2, 4, 5.

Moles Numb. xxxiii. 1. 2. writes of the journeying of the children of Ifreel from Faypt to the land of Canap; and commanded also, that they remember their forty years travel in the wilderness. Then failt temember, all the way weak the Lord thy God hel thre thefe forty years in the millernels, to humble thee, and to prove thie, and to know what was in thine heart, whether thou woulded keep his commandments or no. Deut. viii. 2, 3. Wherefore this I have endeavoured to do; and not only fo, but to publish it also; that, if God will, others may be put in remembracce of what he bath done for their fouls, by reading his Rock apon its.

A is profitable for Christians to be often calling to mind the ve., beginnings of grace with their fouls. It is a night to be much observed to the Lord, for bringing them not from the land of Egypt. This is that night of the Lord to be observed of all the children of Israe! in their generations, Exod. xii. 42. My God, faith David, Pfal. xiii: 6. My fool is cast done within me, but I will remember thre from the land of jordon. and of the Hermonites, front ke kill Mizzr. He remembered also the Lion and the Bess, when he went to fight with the Giart of Gath,

1 Sam. xvii. 38, 37.

It was Paul's accultomed manner, Acts 22, and that when tried for his life, Acts 24, even to open before his judges the manner of his conversion: He would think of that day, and that hour, in which he first did meet with grace : for he found it supported him. When God had brought the children of Israel through the Red Sea, far into the wilderness; yet they mult return quite about thither again, to remember the drowning of their enemies there. Numaxiv. 23, for though they fang his praise before, yet they foon forgot his works, Plalms evil

In this discourse of minn, you may see much; much, I say, of the grace of God towards me : I thank God I can count it much, for it was above my fins, and Satan's temptations. can remember my seers, and doubts, and sad months, with comfort; they are as the head of Goliah in my hand: there was nothing to David like Goliali's sword, even that sword that should have been sheathed in his bowels; for the very fight and remembrance of that, did preach forth God's deliverance to him. O the remembrance of my great fins, of my great temptations, and of my great lears of my perishing for-They bring fresh into my mind, the remembrance of my great help, my great support from heaven, and the great grace that God extended to such a wretch as I.

My dear children, call to mind the former days, and years of ancient times; remember also your longs in the night, and commune with your own heart, Plal. Ixxiii, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12. Yea, look diligently, and leave no corner therein unlearched; for that is treasure hid, even the treasure of your first and second experience of the grace of God toward you. Remember, I say, the word that first laid hold upon you; remember your terrors of conscience and sear of death and hell: Remember also your tears and prayers to God, yea, how you fighed under every bedge of mercy. Have you never a hill Mizar to remember? Have you forgot the close, the milk-house, the stable, the barn, and the like where God she vifit your foul? Remember also the word, the word, I ing, upon which the Lord bath canfed you to hope; if you have finned sgainst light. If you are tempted to blaspheme, if you are down in despair, if you think that God fights against you, or if heaven is hid from your eyes, remember it was thus with your father, int out of them all the LORD delivered ac.

I could have enlarged much in this my discourse of my temptation and troubles for sin, as also of the merciful kindness and working of God with my soul: I could also have stept into a still much higher than this in which I have here discoursed, and could have adorned all things more than here I have seemed to do: but I date not: God did not play in convincing of me: the devil did not play in tempting of me: neither did I play when I sunk as into a hottomless pit, when the pange of Hell caught field upon me: wherefore I may not play in my relating of them, but be plain and simple, and lay down the thing as it was: He that liketh it, let him receive it; and

he that does not, let him produce a better-Farewell

My dear Children,
The Milk and Honey is beyond this Wilderness;
God be merciful to you, and grant you be not fisthful to go in to possess the Land.
70HN BUNYAN.

GRACE ABOUNDING

TO THE

CHIEF OF SINNERS:

OR,

A Brief relation of the exceeding Merey of God in Christ, to his poor Servant JOHN BUNYAN.

IN this my relation of the merciful working of God upon my foul, it will not be amils, if in the first place, I do in a few words give you a hint of my pedigree, and manner of bringing up; that thereby the goodness and bounty of God towards me, may be the more advanced and magnified before the sons of men.

2. For my descent then, it was, as is well known by many of a low and inconsiderable generation; my father's house being of that rank that is meanest, and most despised of all the families in the land. Wherefore, I have not here as others, to boast of noble blood, for a high born state, according to the sless; Though all things considered, I magnify the heavenly Majesty, for that by this door he brought me into this world, to partake of the grace and isse that is in Christ by the gospel.

3. But yet notwithstanding the meanness and inconsiderableness of my parents, it pleased God to put it into their hearts, to put me to school, to learn both to read and write; the which I also attained, according to the rate of other poor mens children, though to my shame I confoss, I did soon lose that lkile I learnt, even almost utterly, and that long before the Lord did work his gracious work of

convertion upon my foul.

4. As to my own natural life, for the time that I was without God in the world, it was indeed, according to the curse of this world, and the spirit that now worketh in the children of disobedience, Eph. ii. 2. 3. It was my delight to be taken captive by the devil at his will, 2. Tim. ii. 26. Being filled with all unrighteouthels; the which did also to strongly work, and put forth itielf, both in my heart and life, and that from a child, that I had but few equals, (especially considering my years, which were tender, being few) both for curfing, Iwearing, lying and blaspheming the holy name of God.

5, Yea, so settled and rooted was I in these things, that they became as a second nature to me; the which, as I also have with soberness considered face, did so offend the Lord, that even in my child-hood he did icare and affright me with fearful dreams, and did terrify me with dreadful visions. For often after I had spent this and the other day in fin, I have in bed been greatly afflicted, while assep with the apprehensions of devils, and wicked ipirits, who still, as I then thought, laboured to draw me away with them; of which I could never get rick. Also I should at these years be greatly afflicted and combled with the thoughts of the fearful torments of hell fire; fill fearing that it would be my let to be found at last among those devils and heilili fiends, who are there bound down with the chains and bonds of eternal darkness.

6. Their things, I lay, when I was a child about nine or ten years old, did to distress my soul, that when in the midft of my sports and childish vacities, amidst my vain companions. I was often much cast dawn and afflicted in my mind therewith; yet

could I not 'et go my sins : Yes, I was to overcome with despair of life, and heaven, that then I should often with, either that there had been no hell, or that I had been a devil; supposing they were only tormentors; that if it must needs be, that I indeed went thither, I might be rather a tormentor, than be tormented mylcli.

7. A while after, thefo terrible dreams did leave me, which also I soon forgot; for my pleasures did quickly cut off the remembrance of them, as if they had never been; wherefore, with more greedinels, according to the strength of nature, I did still let loofelibe reins to my luft, and delighted in all transgreshous against the law of God: so that until I came to the fiste of marriage, I was the very ringleader of all the youth that kept me company, in all manner of vice and ungodlineis.

8. Yes, such prevalency had the lust and fruits of the flesh in this poor soul of mine, that had not a miracle of grace prevented, I had not only perished by the stroke of eternal justice, but also lasd myself spen to the stroke of the laws, which bring some to digrace and open thame before the face of the world.

9. In these days, the thoughts of religion were very grievous to me; I could neither endure it myfell, nor that any other should; so that where I have feen some read in those books that concerned christian piety, it would be, as it were, a priton to Then I faid unto GOD, depart from me, for I desire not the knowledge of thy ways, Job xxi. 14. 15. I was now void of all good confideration; heaven and hell were both out of fight and mind; and as for laving and dainning, they were least in my thoughts. O Lord, thou knowest my life, and my ways were not hid from thee.

10. But this I will remember, That though I could

myself sin with the greatest delight and ease and also take pleasure in the viloness of my companions, yet even then, if I have at any time seen wicked things by those who professed goodness it would make my spirit to tremble. As one above all the rest, when I was in my height of vanity, yet hearing one to swear, that was re-koned for a religious man, it had so great a stroke upon my spirit, that it made my heart ake.

11. But God did not utterly leave me, but followed me ftill, not now with convictions but judgements, yet such as were mixt with mercy: For once I fell into a creek of the sea, and hardily escaped drowning. Another time I fell out of a boat into Redford river, but mercy yet prevented me alive; besides, another time being in the field, with one of my companions, it chanced that an adder passed over the high way, so I having a stick in my hand, struck her over the back, and having wounded her, I forced open her mouth with my stick, and plucked her sting out with my singers, by which ast had God not been merciful to me, I might have brought myself to my end.

This also have I taken notice of with thanksgiving: When I was a soldier. I with others were
drawn out to go to such a place to besiege it, but
when I was just ready to go one of the company
desired to go in my room, to which when I had
consented, he took my place, and coming to the
siege, as he stood centinel, he was shot in the head

with a musket bullet, and died.

Here, as I said, were judgments and mercy, but neither of them did awaken my soul to righteousness, wherefore I sinned still, and grew more and more rebellious against God, and careless of mine own salvation.

TO THE CHIEF OF SINNERS.

12. Presently after this I changed my condition into a married state; and my mercy was to light upon my wife, whole father was counted godly: This woman and I, tho? we came thithef as poor as poor. might be, (not having so much household stuff as a difh, or spoon betwixt us both) yet this she had for her pari. The plain man's path-way to Heaven, and, The practice of Piety, which her father had left her, when he died. In these two books, I should sometimes read with her, wherein I also found some things that were somewhat pleasing to me; (but all this while I met with no conviction.) She also ofsen told to me what a godly man her father was, and how he would reprove and correct vice, both in his house, and amongst his neighbours; what a strict life he lived in his day, both in word and deed.

13. Wherefore these books, with this relation, tho' they did not reach my heart to awaken it about my sad and linful state, yet they did beget within me some desires to religion: so that because I knew no better, I fell in very early with the religion of the times, viz. to go to church twice a day, and that too with the foremost, and there should very devoutly both say and sing as others did; yet retaining my wicked life; but withal, I was to over-run with the spirit of superatition, that I adored, and that with great devotion, even all things (both the high place, priest, clerk, vostments, service and what else) belonging to the church; counting all things holy that were therein contained: and especially the priest and clerk most happy, and without doubt greatly blessed because they were the servants as I then thought, of God: and were principal in the holy temple, to do his work therein.

14. This conceit grew so strong in little time upon my spirit, that had I seen but a pricst (the ever

follordid and debauched in his life) I should in my spirit fall under him, reverence him and knit unto him; yea, I shought for the love I did bear unto them, (supposing they were the ministers of God) I could have lain down at their feet, and have been trumpled upon by them: their name, their gath, and word, did so intoxicate and be witch me.

is. After I had been thus for some confiderable time, another thought came in my mind, and that was whether we were of the Ifraelites or no? For finding in the scriptures, that they were once the peculiar people of God, I thought, if I were one of this race, my soul must needs be happy. Now again, I found within me a great longing to be rosolved about this question, but could not tell how I should: at last, I asked my father of it, who told me, No we were not: wherefore then I fell in my spirit, as to the hopes of that, and so remained,

is. But all this while I was not sensible of the danger and evil of sin: I was kept from considering that sin would damn me, what religion seever I followed, unless I was found in Christ: nay, I never thought of him, nor whether there was one or no. Thus man, while blind, doth wander, but wearieth himself with vanity: for he knoweth not the way to

the city of God, Eccles. x. 15.

17. But one' day (amongst all the sermons our parson made) his subject was to treat of the Sabbatts day, and of the evil of broaking that, either with labour, sports, or otherwise; (now I was notwithstanding my religion, one that took much delight in all manner of vice, and especially that was the day that I did solace myself therewith.) Wherefore I sell in my conscience under his sermon, thinking, and believing that he made that sermon on purpose to show me my evil doings; and at that time I selt

what guilt was, tho' never before, that I can remember; but then I was for the present greatly loaded therewith, and so went home when the sermon was ended, with a great burden on my spirit.

18. This for that instant did benumb the sinews of my best delights, and did imbitter my former pleasures to me; but behold, it lasted not; for before I had well dined, the trouble begin to go off my mind, and my heart returned to its old course: But, Oh! how glad was I that this trouble was gone from me, and that the fire was put out, that I might fin again without control! Wherefore, when I had latisfied nature with my food, I shook the lermon from my mind, and to my old custom of sports and gaming, I returned with great delight.

19. But the same day as I was in the midit of a same at cat, and having struck it one blow from the hole: Just as I was about to strike it the second time, a voice did suddenly dart from Heaven into my foul, which faid, wilt thou leave thy fins and go to Heaven? or have thy fins and 50 to Hell? At this I was put to an exceeding maze; wherefore leaving my cat upon the ground, I looked up to heaven, and was as if I had with the eyes of my understanding, seen the Lord Jesus looking down upon me, as being very highly displeased with me, and as if he idid feverely threaten me with tome gricvous punishment for these, and other, my ungodly practices.

20. I had no sooner conceived in my mind, but fuddenly this conclusion was fastened on my spirit. (for the former hint did let my fins again before my face. That I had been a great and grievous finner, and that it was now too late for me to look ofter Heaven, for Christ would not forgive me nor pardon. my transgression. Then I fell to muling upon this alla; and while I was thinking on it, and fearing

least it should be so, I felt my heart sink in despair, concluding it was too late; and therefore I resolved in my mind I would go on in sin; for thought I is the case be thus, my state is surely miserable; miserable, if I leave my sins; and but miserable, if I sollow them. I can be but damned; and if it must be so, I had as good be damned for many sins, as be damned for few.

21. Thus I stood in the midst of my play before all that then were present; but yet I told them nothing: but, I say, I have made this conclusion, I returned desperately to sport again; and I well remember, that presently this kind of despair did so possess my soul, that I was persuaded I could never attain to other comfort than what I should get in sin; for heaven was gone already to that on that I must not think: wherefore I sound within mea great desire to take my fill of sin, still studying what sin was yet to be committed, that I might take the sweetness of it; and I made as much haste as I could to fill my belly with its delicates, lest I should die before I had my desires; sor that I seared greatly. In these things I protest before God I lie not, neither do I seign this form of speech: these were really, strongly and with all my heart, my desires; the Lord, whose mercy is unsearchable, sorgive me my transvessions.

mercy is unfearchable, fargive me my transgressions.

22. (And I am very confident that this temptation of the devil, is more usual among poor creatures than many are aware of. even to over-run the spirits with scursfy and scared frame of heart, and henumming of conscience; which frame he stilly and slily supplieth with such despair that though not much guilt attendeth the soul, yet they continually have a secret conclusion within them, that there is no hopes for them; for they have loved fins, Jes., ii, 25, and 18 12.)

greediness of mind, still grudging that I could not be so satisfied with it as I would: this did continue with me about a month or more. But one day as I was standing at a neighbour's shop window, and there cursing and swearing, and playing the mad-man after my wonted manner, there sat within the woman of the house, and heard me, who the she was a very ungodly wretch, yet protested that I swore and curied at that most searful rate, that she was made to tremble to hear mice and told me surther. That I was the ungodlies she was a fire favouring, that ever she heard in all her life. The shear she said the said

che was the state of this doing was able to spoil all the your in the last of they came but in my conpany.

24. It is in the was filenced, and put to serest shape.

Cod of Heaven; Wherefore while I stood there; and sanging down my head, I wished with all my hear. That I might be a little child again, that my hear. That I might be a little child again, that my hear. That is not shape to speak without this wicked him for thought I, I am so accustomed is but in vain for me to think of a re-

for I thought that it could never be.

Set how it came to pass I know not, I did
time forward so leave my swearing, that it
great wonder to inyself to observe it; and
have authority, now I could speak better, and
with more pleasantness than ever. I could before;
all this while I-knew not Jesus Christ, neither
did I leave my sports and play,

26. But quickly after this, I fell in company with one poor man that made profession of religion, who, as I then thought, did talk pleasantly of the scripture, and of the matters of religion: wherefore, falling into some love and liking to what he said, I

betook me to my Bible, and began to take great pleasure in reading, but especially with the historical part thereof: for, as for Paul's epistles, and scriptures of that nature, I could not away with them, being as yet but ignorant either of the corruptions of my nature, or the want and worth of Jesus Christ to save me.

27. Wherefore I fell to some outward reformation, both in my words and life, and did set the commandments before me, for my way to heaven; which commandments I also did strive to keep; and as I thought, did keep them pretty well sometimes, and then I should have comfort; yet now and then should break one, and so afflict my conscience; but then I should repent and say, I was sorry for it, and promise set of to do better next time, and there get help spain.

28. Thus I continued about a year, all which time our neighbours did take me to be a very godly man, a new and religious man, and did marvel much to see such a great and factous alteration in my life and manners; and indeed so it was, tho yet I knew not Christ nor grace, nor faith, nor hope; and truly as I have well seen since, mad I then died, my state had been most fearful; Well, this I say continued about a twelve month or man.

29. Now you must know, that before this a had taken much delight in ringing, but my conscience beginning to be tender: I thought that such a practice was but in vain, and therefore forced myself to leave it, yet I hankered, wherefore I should go to the steeple house and look on: but I thought this did not become religion neither, yet I forced myself, and would look on still; but quickly after I began to think, how if one of the bells should fall; then I chose to stand under a main beam that lay

over-thwart the steeple from fide to side thinking there I might stand sure: But then I should think again, should the bell fall with a swing it might first hit the well, and then rebounding upon me might kill me for all this beam; this made me stand in the steeple door, and now thought I, I am lafe enough, for if a bell should then fall, I can slip out behind their thick walls, and so be preserved not with flanding. So after this, I would yet go to lee them ring, but would not go no further than the steeple door, but then it came into my head, how if the steeple. itself should fell, and this thought (it may fall for ought I know) would when I food and looked on, continually to thake my mind, that I durlt not stand at the Reeple door any longer, but was forced to fly for fear it should then fall upon mine head,

Another thing was my dancing, I was a full year perfore I could quite leave it: But all this while, when I thought I kept this or that commandment, or did by word an deed any thing that I thought were good, I had great peace in my conscience, and want pleased with myself, God cannot chuse but be pleased with me, yea to relate it in my own way, I thought no man in England could please

God better than I.

worsht poor wretch, as I was, I was all this while igworsht of Christ, and going about to chablish mine own righteousness, had perished therein, had not God in mercy shewed me more of my state by nature.

29. But upon a day, the good providence of God did cast me to Bedford, to work at my calling and in one of the streets of that town I came where there were three or sour poor women, sitting at a door in the sun, talking about the things of God, and being now willing to hear them discounse, I drew near to hear what they said, for I was now a brisk

talker also myself in the matters of religion, But I may lay, I heard, but I understood not, for they were far above out of my reach, their talk was about a new birth, the work of God on their hearts; allo, how they were convinced of their milerable estate by nature: they talked how God had vifited their fouls with his leve in the Lord Jelus, and with what words and promiles they had been refreshed, comforted and supported against the comptations of the devil: moreover, they reasoned of the higgestions. and temptations of Satan in particular, and redd to each other, by which they had been allied, and how they were born up under his allaults; they allo discoursed of their own wretchedness of heart, of their unbelief, and did contemn light and abbor. their own righteoulness, and filthy and insufficient to do them any good.

make them speak; they spake with such pleasantnels of scripture language, and with such appears
ance of grace in all they laid, that they were to me
as if they had found a new world, as if they were
People that dwelt alone, and were not to be rechoned
among their neighbours, Numb. xxiii. 9.

and mistrust my condition to be nought: for I law that in all my thoughts about religion and salvation, the new birth did never enter into my mind, neither did I know the comfort of the world and promise, nor the decitfulness and treachery of my own wicked heart. As for secret thoughts, I took no notice of them, neither did I understand what Sasan's temptations were, nor how they were to be withstood and resisted, &c.

32. Thus therefore when I heard and confidered what they said. I left them and went about my

omployment again: but their talk and discourse went with me, also my heart would tarry with them, for I was greatly affected with their words, both because by them I was convinced of the happy and blessed

condition of him that was fuck an one.

33. Therefore I should often make it my business to be going often into the company of these poor people; for I could not stay away; and the more I went amongst them, the more I did question my condition; and as I still do remember, presently I found two things within me, at which I did sometimes marvel, (especially considering what a blind, ignorant, and ungodly wretch but just before I was) one was a great softness and tenderness of heart, which could me to fail under the conviction of what by scripture they afferted, the other was a bending on my mind to a meditating on them, and on all other good things which at any time heard or read of.

34. By these things, my mind was now seturned, that it lay like a norse leech at the vein, still crying out, Give, give, Prov. xxx. 15. Yea, it was so sixed on eternity, and on the things about the Kingdom of Heaven, (that is so far as I knew tho as yet God knows I knew but little) that neither pleasure, nor profits, nor persuasions, nor threats, could loose it or make it let go its hold; and tho' I may speak it with shame, yet it is indeed a very certain truth, it would then have been as difficult for me to have taken my mind from heaven to earth, as I have sound it often since to get it again from

earth to heaven,

35. One thing I may not omit, there was a young man in our town, to whom my heart before was knit more than to any other, but he being a most wicked creature for curling and swearing, and whering, I shook him off, and forsook his compa-

ny, but about a quarter of a year after I had less hum, I met him it a cortain lane, and asked how he did, he after his old swearing and mad way answered he was well. But Harry, said I, why do you swear and curie thus? what will become of you, if you die in this condition? he answered me in a great chase, What would the Devil do for sometime if it were not for such as I am

company if it were not for such as I am. 86. About this time, I met with some Ranters books that were put forth by lome of our countrymen, which books were also highly in effect by. several old professors; some of these read, but was not able to make a judgment about them. Wherefore, as I read in them, and thought uponthem, (feeling myfelf unable to judge) I should betake mylelf to hearty prayer in this mannet; O Lord, I am a fool, and not able to know that truth from error: Lord leave me not to infe blindness, eitheir to approve of, or condendate doctrine; if it be of God, let me not delpite it. s if it be of the devil, let me not embrace it. Loud, I lay my foul in this matter, only at thy foot, let me not be deceived, I humbly befeech thee. I had one religious intimate companion all this while, and that was the poor man that I spoke of before, but about this time he also turned a most devilish Ranter, and gave himfelf up to all manner of filthineis, elecially uncleannels; he would also deny that there was a God, Angel, or Spirit, and would laugh at all exhortations to sobriety: when I laboured to rebuke his wickedness he would laugh the more and pretend that he had gone through all religions, and eould never light upon the right till

now, he told me also, that in a little time I should see all professors turn to the ways of the Ranters; wherefore, abominating those curied principles, I left his company forth-with, and became to him as great a stranger as I had been before a familiar; Nei-ther was this man only a temptation to me, but my calling lying in the country, I happened to light into several peoples company: who, though strift in religion formerly, yet was also swept away by these Ranters. These would also talk with me of

their ways, and condemn me as legal and dark, pre-tended that they only had attained to perfection, that could do what they would and not fin. O these temptations were suitable to my slesh, I being but a young man, and my nature in its prime, but God who had as I hope designed me for better things, kept me in the fear of his name, and did not suffer me to accept of such cursed principles. And bleffed be God, who put it in my heart to cry to him to be kept and directed, still distrusting mine own wildom, for I have fince seen even the effect of that prayer in his preserving me, not only from ranting errors, but from those also that have sprung p since. The Bible was precious to me in those days.

37. And now, me thought I began to look into the Bible with new eyes, and read as I never did before: and especially the epistles of the Apostle St. Paul were sweet and pleasant to me; and indeed, I was then never out of the Bible, either by reading or meditation, still crying out to God, that I might know the truth, and way to Heaven and Glory. 38. And as I went on and read, I lighted on that

passage, To one is given by the spirit the word of wisdom, to another the word of knowledge by the fame Spirit, and to another faith, &c. 1 Cor. xii. And though, as I have fince feen, that by this icripture the Holy Ghost intends, special things expaord n ry, yet on me it then did fasten with conviction, that I did want things ordinary, even that understanding and wisdom that other Christians had. On this word I mused, and could not tell what to do, especially this word (Faith) put me to it, for I could not help it, but some times must question, whether I had my faith or no, but I was both to conclude I had no faith: for if I do so, thought I taen I shall

go. No, faid I, the I am convinced that I am an ignorant fot and that I want those blessed gifts of knowledge, and understanding that other good pcople have, yet at a venture I will conclude, I am not altogether faithless, the I know not what faith is. For it was shewed me, and that too (as I have fince seen) by Satan, that those who conclude themselves

their fouls; and I was loth to fall quite into despair.

40. Wherefore by this suggestion, I was for a while made as aid to see my want of faith; but God would not suffer me thus to undo and destroy my soul, but did continually against my blind and sad conclusion, create still within me such suppositions, insomuch that I could not rest content, until I did now come to some certain knowledge, whether I had saith or no; this always running in my mind,

in a faithless state, have neither rest nor quiet in

But how if you want faith indeed? But how can you tell you have faith? And belides; I faw for certain if I had it not, I was fure to perish forever.

A1. So that the I endeavoured at first to look over the business of faith, yet in a little time I becar considering the matter, was willing to put myself upon trial, whether I had faith or no, but poor wretch! to ignorant and brutish was I, that I knew to this day no more how to do it, than I knew how to begin and accomplish that rare and curious piece of art,

42. Wherefore while I was thus confidering, and

which I never yet faw or confidered.

being put to my plunge about it (for you must know that as yet I had in this matter broken my mind to no man, only did hear and consider) the tempter came in with this delinion, that there was no way for me to know I had faith but by trying to work Some miracle, urging those scriptures, that seem to look that way, for the enforcing and thengthening his tempration. One day as I was betwixt Elstow and Bedford, the temptation was het upon me, to try if I had faith by doing some miracle; which miracle at that time was, I must say tothe puddles that were in the horse pads, be dry; and the dry places, be you the puddles; and truly one time I was going to lay so indeed but just as I was about to speak, this thought came into my mind, But go under youder hedge, and pray first, that God would make you able : But when I had oncluded to pray, this came hot upon me, that if I prayed and came again and tried to do it, and yet did nothing notwithstanding, then before I had no faith but was a cast away, and : Nay, thought I, if it be so, I will never try yet, but will Ray a little longer. 43. So I continued at a great loss, for I thought if they only had faith which could do fuch wonderful

43. So I continued at a great lots, for I thought it they only had faith which could do such wonderful things, then I concluded, that for the present I neither had it, nor yet for time to come were like to have it. Thus I was tossed becwixt the deviland my own ignorance, and so perplexed, especially at some times, that I could not tell what to do.

44. About this time, the state and happiness of these poor people at Bedford, was thus in a kind of vision present ed unto me: I saw, as if they were set on the sunny side of some high mountain, refreshing themselves with the pleasant beams of the sun, while I was shivering and shrinking; assisted with frost, snow and dark clouds; me thought also betwixt me

and them, I saw a wall that did compass about this mountain; through this wall, my foul did greatly defire to pass, concluding, that if I could, I would go even into the very midst of them, and there also comfort myself with the heat of their sun.

45. About this well, I thought myself to go again and again, still praying as I went, to see if I could find some way or passage by which I might enter therein, but none could I find for some time: at the last, I saw, at it were a narrow gap, like a little door way in the wall, through which I attempted to pass: now the passage being very strait, I made many offers to get in, but in vain, even until I was quite beat out by striving to get in; at last with great striving, me thought I at first did get in my head, and after that by sideling striving my shoulders, and my whole body; then was I exceeding glad, and went and fat odwn in the midst of them, and so was comforted with the light and heat of their fun.

46. Now this mountain and wall, &c. was thus made out to me; The mountain fignified the church of the living God; the sun that shone thereon, the comfortable shining of his merciful face on them that were therein. The wall I thought, was the word that did make separation between the Christians and the world; and the gap which was in this wall, I thought was Christ, who is the way to God the Father, John xiv. 6. Math. vii. 14. But for as much as the patrage was wonderful narrow, even to narrow, that I could not but with great difficulty, enter into life, but those that were in down right earnest, and unless also they left this wicked world behind them; for here was only room for body and foul, but not for fin.

47. This resemblance abode upon my spirit many

that all which time I saw myself in a forlorn and sad condition, but yet was provoked to a vehement hunger, and desire to be one of that number that this sit in the sunshine: now I should pray wherewer I was, whether at home or abroad, in house or field, and should often with lifting up of heart, sing the fifty first Psalm, O Lord, consider my distress: for as yet I knew not where I was.

48. Neither could I attain to any comfortable perfusion that I had faith in Christ; but instead of hoving satisfaction, here I began to find my soul to be assaulted with fresh doubts about my suture the principle of the day of grate should be past and gone?

By these two temptations I was much afflicted and disquieted: sometimes by one, and sometimes by the other. Add fast, to speak of that about my questioning my election. I found at this time, that the laws in a slame to find the way to heaven and glowing indicated the nothing could bear me off from this, yet question did so offend me, that I was especially then taken away by the force and power thereof. This scripture seemed also to trample upon all my slefters. It is neither in him that willeth nor in him that the sameth, but in God that sheweth mercy, Rom. ix.

do, for I evidently law, unless that the great God of his infinite grace and bounty, had voluntarily chosen me to be a vettel of mercy, though I should desire and long and labour until my heart did break, no good could come of it. Therefore this would still stick with me. How can you tell you are elected? And what if you should not, how then?

gi. O Lord, thought I, what if I should not indeed? it may be you are no, said the tempter: it

may be so indeed, thought I. Why then, said satan, you had as good leave off, and strive no further; for if indeed you should not be elected and chosen of God, there is no talk of your being saved; For it is neither in him that willeth, nor in him that runneth, but in God that sheweth mercy.

52. By these things I was driven to my wits end, not knowing what to say, or how to answer these temptations, for that the elect only attained eternal life, I without scruple did heartily close with; but that I was one of them, there lay the question.

53. Thus for several days, I was greatly assaulted and perplexed: but one day, after I had been so many weeks oppressed and cast down, as I was now quite giving up the ghost of all my hopes of ever attaining life, that sentence fell with weight upon my spirit, Look at the generations of old, and see, did ever any trust in God, and were confounded?

54. At which I was greatly lightened, and encouraged in my foul, for thus at that very instant it was expounded to me: begin at the beginning of Genesis, and read to the end of the Revelations, and see if you can find that there was any that ever trusted in the Lord, and was confounded. So coming home, I went to my bible, to see if I could find that saying, for it was so fresh and comfortable to me, that I was as if it talked with me.

55. I looked, but found it not, only it abode upon me: I then asked first this good man and then another, if they new where it was; but they knew no such place; at this I wouldered, that such a sentence should so suddenly, and with such comfort, seize and abide upon my heart, and yet that none could find it.

56. Thus I continued above a year, and could not and the place, but at last, casting mine eye into the

Apocrypha, I found it in Ecclesiastes, ii. 10. This at the first did somewhat daunt me, but because by this time I had got more experience of the love and kindness of God, it troubled me the less; especially when I considered, that though it was not in those texts that we call holy and canonical, yet for as much as this sentence was the sum and substance of many of the promises, it was my duty to take the comfort of it, and I bless God for that word, for it was of him: and doth still at times shine before my sece.

57. After this, that other doubt came with power upon me. But how if the day of grace be past, and gone? Now I remember, that one day as I was walking in the country, I thought of this, when, to aggravate my trouble the tempter presented to my mind those good people of Bedford, and suggested thus unto me, that these, being converted already, they were all that God would save in those parts, and that I came too late, for these had got the blessing before I came.

deed that this might be well so: wherefore I went up and down bemoaning my sad condition, counting myself far worse than a thousand sools, for standing off thus long, and spending so many years in sin as I have done; still crying out, Oh, that I had turned sooner! Oh, that I had turned seven years ago: it made me also angry with myself, to think that I should have no more wit but to trisle away my time, till my soul and heaven were lost.

fear, and was scarce able to take one step more, just about the same place where I received my other encouragement, these words came into my mind. Compel them to come in, that my house may be filled,

and yet there is room, Luke xiv. 22, 23. Their words, but especially them, And yet there is room, were sweet words to me; for truly I thought I saw that there was place enough in heaven for me; and that when the Lord security spake these words, he then did think of me, and that he knowing the time would come that I should be affected with fear, that there was no place left for me in his bosom, did before speak this word, and leave it upon record, that I might find help thereby against this vile temptation, this I then verily believed.

I continued for a while, and the comfort was the more, when I thought that the Lord should think on me to long ago, and that he should speak that

words on purpole for my take.

But I was not without my temptations to go bick again; temptations, both from Saian, mine own heart, and carnal acquaintance; but I thank God these were outweighed by that found sense of death, and the day of judgment, which abode, as it were, continually in my view. I should often also think of Nebuchadaczzar, of whom it is said, He had given him all the kingdoms of the earth, Daniel v. 18, 19. Yet, if this great man had his portion in this world, one hour in hell fine would make him forget all. This consideration was help to me.

thing concerning the beasts that Moses counted clean and unclean. I thought them beasts were types of men: the clean, types of them that were the people of Goa; but the unclean, types of such as were the children of the wicked one. Now I read, that the clean beasts chewed the cud; that is, they shewed us we must feed upon the word of

God: they also parted the hoof, I thought that signified, we must part, if we would be saved with the ways of ungedly men. And also, in surther reading about them, I sound, that though we did chew the cud as the hare; yet if we walked with claws like a dog, or if we kid not part the hoof like the swine; yet if we kid not che the cud as the sneep, we were still but unclean; for I thought the hare to be a type of those that talk of the word, yet walk in ways of sin, and the swine like him that parteth with outward pollutions, but still wanteth the word of faith, without which there could be no salvation, let man be ever so devout, Deut, xiv.

that those that must be glorified with Chaist in another world, Must be called by him here, Called to the particular of a share of his word, and righteousness, and to a peculiar interest in all those heavenly things, which fore-fit the soul for that rest and house

of glory, which is in heaven above.

knowing what to do, fearing I was not called, for if I be not called, what then can do me good? None but those who are effectually called, inherit the kingdom of heaven. But Oh, how I now loved those werds that spake of a Christian's calling! As when the Lord said to one, Fellow me, and to another, Come after me; and Oh, that he would say to me too! How gladly would I run after him!

64. I cannot now express with what longings and breathings in my soul, I cried to Christ, to call me. Thus I continued for a time, all on a slame to be converted to Jesus Christ, and did also see at that day, such glory in a converted state, that I could not be contented without a snare therein.

Gold! could it have been gotten for gold, what could I have given for it! had I but a whole world, it had all gone for this, that my foul might have been in a converted state.

that I thought to be converted men and women? They shape, and walked like a people that carried the broad-seal of heaven about them. I saw the lot was fallen to them in pleasant places, and they had a goodly horitage, Psal. xvi. but that which made me sick, was that of Christ in Mark, He would and they came unto him, Mark iii. 13.

66. This scripture gave me fear, yet it kindled fire in my soul. That which made me fear was this, lest Christ should have no liking to me, for its called whom he would. But the glory that I saw in that condition, did still so engage my heart, that I could seldom read of any that Christ did call, but I presently wished, would I had been in their clothes, would I had been born Peter, would I had been born John, or would I had been by, and had heard him when he called them, how would I have cried, O Lord, call me also! but Oh, I feared he would not call me.

months together, and shewed me nothing, either that I was already, or should be called hereafter. But at last, after much time spent, and many groins to God, that I might be made partaker of the holy and heavenly calling, that word came in upon me, I will cleanse their blood that I have not cleansed, for the Lord dwelleth in Sion, Joel iii, 21. These words, I thought, were sent to encourage me to still wait upon God, and signified unto me that I were not already, yet time might come, I might be converted unto Christ.

68. About this time I began to break my mind to those poor people at Bedford, and to tell them my condition, which when they had heard, they told Mr. Gifford of me, who himself also took occasion to talk of me, and was willing to be persuaded of me, tho' I think but from little grounds: but he invited me to his house, where I should hear him confer with others about the dealings of God with the foul; from all which, I fill received more conviction, and from that time began to fee fomething of the vanity and wretchedness of my heart, for as yet I knew no great matter therein, but now it began to be discovered unto me: and also to work at that rate as it never did before. Now, I evidently found, that lufts and corruptions put forth themselves within me, in wicked thoughts and defires, which I did not regard before: my defires also for heaven began to fail, I found also, that whereas before my foul was full of longings after God, now it began to hanker after every foolish vanity; yea, my heart would not be moved to mind that that was good, it began to be careless both on my soul and heaven; it would now continually hang back both to, and in every duty, and was a clog on the leg of a bird to

hinder me from flying hinder me from flying

69. Nay, thought I, in w I grow worse and worse,
now I am farther from conversion than ever I was before; wherefore I began to fink greatly in my foul, and began to entertain such discouragement in my heart, as laid me as low as hell; if now I should have burned at a stake, I could not believe that Christ had love for me. Alas! I could neither hear him, nor fee him, nor feel him, nor favour any of his things; I was driven as with a tempest, my heart would be unclean, the Canaanites would dwell in the land. 79. Sometimes. I would tell my condition to the

people of God; which when they heard, they would pity me, and would tell me of the promiles; but they had as good have told me I must reach the sun with my singer, as have bidden me rely on the promile, and as soon as I should have done it; all my sense and feeling was against me, and I saw I had a heart that would sin, and lay under a law that would condemn.

71. These things have often made me think of the child which the father brought to Christ, Who while he was yet coming to him was thrown down by the devil and also so rent and torn by him, that he lay and wallowed foaming. Luke ix. 42: Mark ix, 20.

72. Further, in these days, I should find my heart to shut up itself against the Lord, and against his holy word; I have sound my unbelief to set as it were the shoulder to the door to keep him out and that too, even when I have with many a bitter sigh cried, good Lord, break it open: Lord break these gates of brass, and cut the bars of iron as under, Psal. cvii, 16. Yet that word would sometimes create in my heart a peaceable pause, I girded thee, though thou hast not known me. Isaiah xlv. 5.

73. But all this while, as to the act of sinning: I never was more tender than now, I durst not take a pin, or stick, though but so big as a straw, for my conscience now was lore, and would smart at every touch, I could not now tell how to speak my words, for fear I should misplace them; O how linguity did I then go, in all I did or said; I found myself in a mierybog that shook if I did but stir, and was as bereft both of God and Christ, and the spirit, and all good things.

74. But I observe, tho' I was such a great sinner before conversion, yet God never much charged the guilt of the sins, of my ignorance upon me,

only he shewed me I was lest if I had not Christ, because I had been a sinner. I saw that I wanted a perfect righteoulness to present me without fault before God, and that this righteousness was only to be found but in the person of Jesus Christ.

75. But my original and inward pollution, that was my plague and my affliction; that I saw at a dreadful rate always putting forth itself within me, by reason of that, I was more loathsome in mine own eyes than a toad, and thought I was so in God's also: fin and corruption, I said, would as naturally bubble out of my heart, as water would out of a fountain; I thought now that every one had a better heart than I, I could have changed heart with any body. I fell therefore at the fight of mine own vileness into deep despair, for I concluded that the condition I was in, could not stand with a state of grace, sure, thought I, I am forsaken of God, I am given up to the devil and a reprobate mind, and thus I continued a long while, even for some years together.

76. While I was thus afflicted with the fears of my own damnation, there were two things would make me wonder: the one was, when I saw old people hunting after the things of this world, as if they should live here forever; the other was, when I found professors much distressed and cast down when they met with outward losses, as of husband, wife, child, &c. Lord, thought I, what ado is here about such little things: what seeking after carnal things by some, and what grief in others for the loss of them; if they so much labour after and spend so many tears for the things of this present life, how I am to be bemoaned, pitied and prayed for! my soul is dying, my soul is damning. Were my soul but in a good condition, and were I but fure of it, how rich should I esteem myself, though blest but with bread and water: I should count those but small afflictions, and should bear them as little burdens. A wounded spirit who can bear.

77. And though I was thus troubled and toffed alliched with the fight and lense and terror of my even wickedness, yet I was afraid to let this sense and fight go quite off my mind; for I found that unless guilt of conscience was taken off the right way, that is, by the blood of Christ, a man grew rather worse, for the loss of his trouble of mind, than better. Wherefore if my guilt lay hard upon me, then I should cry, that the blood of Christ might take it off: and if it was going off without it, for the lense of fin would be sometimes as if it? would die, and go quite away; then I would also strive to fetch it upon my heart again, by beinging the punishment for fin in hell fire upon my fpirit, and should cry, Lord let it not go of my heart any other way than by the blood of Christ, and by the application of thy mercy through him to my foul: For that scripture lay much upon me, Without stedding of blood incre is no remission, Heb. ix, 22. And that which made me the more afraid of this, was, because I had seen some, who, when they were under Wounds of conscience would cry and pray, yet seeking rather present case from their trouble than pardon for their fins, cared not how they lost their guilt, so they got it out of their mind: now having got it off the wrong way, it was not fanchified unto them, but they grew harder and blinder, and more wicked after their trouble. This made me afraid, and made me cry to God the more that it might not be so with me.

78. And now was I forry that God had made me man, for I feared I was a reproduce: I counted man,

as unconverted, the most doleful of all the creatures; thus being afficked and tossed about my lad condition. I counted myself alone, and above all men unblest.

79. Yea I thought it impossible that ever I should attain to so much goodness of heart, as to thank God that he had made me a man. Man indeed is the most noble, by creation, of all the creatures in the visible world, but by sin he had made himself the most ignoble. The beasts, birds, sines, &c. I blessed their condition, for they had not a finful nature, they were not obnexious to the wrath of God, they were not to go to hell fire after death, I could therefore rejoice, had my condition been as any of theirs.

When comforting time was come. I heard one preach is lemon upon these words in the Song. Song iv i. Behalf then art fair, my love, behalf then art fair, my love, behalf then art fair, hat at that time he made these two words my love, his chief and subject matter; from which after he had a little opened the text he observed these several conclusions a That the church and so every saved soul is Christ's love, when loveless. a Christ's love without a spuse in Christ's love when hated of the world. I christ's love then hated of the world. I christ's love from first to left.

81. But I got nothing by what he had la'd at prefent, only when he came to the application of the
fourth particular, this was the word he find. If it le
fo, that the faved feul is Christ's love when under comptation and desertion and thou poor tempted foul when
thou art a faulted and a flitted with semplations and
the hiding of God's face ye think on these two words,

my Love fiel.

82. So as I was going home these words came again into my thoughts, and I wantemember as they came in. I said thus in my heart, Hhat shall I get by think-

ing on these two words? this thought had no sooner passed through my heart, but these words began thus to kindle in my spirit, Then are my love, thou are my dove, twenty times together; and still as they ran thus in my mind, they waxed stronger and warmer, and began to make me look up: but being as yet between hope and sear, I still replied in my heart. But is it true? but is it true? At which that sentence sell in upon me, He wist not that it was true which was done unto him of the Angel. Acts xii. 9.

83. Then I began to give place to the word, which with power did over and over make this joyful found within my foul, Thou art my love, thou art my love, and nothing shall separate thee from my love! and with that, Kom. viii. 39, came into my mind. Now was my heart filled full of comfort and hope, and now I could believe that my fins should be forgiven me? yea, I was now so taken with the love and mercy of God, that I remember I could not tell how to contain till I got home, I thought I could have spoken of his love, and have told of his mercy to me, even to the very crows that sat upon the ploughed lands before me, had they been capable to have understood me, wherefore I said in my soul with much gladness, I would I had a pen and ink here. I would write this down before I go any further, for furely I will not forget ihis forty years hence: but alas! within less than forty tiays I began to question all again, and by times fell to my old courses again.

84. Yet still at times, I was helped to believe that it was a true manifestation of grace unto my sool, though I had lost much of the life and favour of it. Now about a week or fortnight after this, I was much followed by this scripture; Simon, Simon, behold, Satan hath defired to have you, Luke

to it is and formetimes it would found fo loud within the, and cell to frongly after me, that I turned my head over my shoulder, thinking verily that some man had behind me called me, being at a great diffunce, me-thought he called so loud, it came, as I have thought since, to have firred me up to have and watchfulness. It came to acquaint me that a cloud and storm was coming down upon me, but I understood it not.

85. But so soolish was I, and ignorant, that I knew not the reason of this sound, only it would make me muse, and wonder in my mind, to think what should be the reason that this scripture, and has at this rate, so often, and so loud, should still be sounding and rathing in mine cars. But, as I find before, I soon perceived the end of God therein.

86. For about the space of a month after, a very great from came down upon me, which handled me twenty times worse than all I had met with besone at came stealing upon me, now by one piece, by mother: First, all my comfort was taken then darkness seized upon me, after which, whole stoods of bla phemies, both against God, wist, and the scriptures, was poured upon my rit, to my great consuiton and associations them.

These blasphemous thoughts were such as mod up questions in me against the very being of and of his holy beloved Son; as whether there in truth a God or Christ, and whether the ly scriptures were not rather a suble and cunning story, than the holy and pure word of God.

88. The tempter also would much assault me with this: "How can ye tell, but that the Turks had as good scriptures to prove their Mahomet the Saviour, as we have to prove our Jesus is: And could I think so many ten thousands, in so many countries and

kingdoms, thould be without knowledge of the right way to heaven, (if there were indeed a heaven) and that we only, who live in a corner of the earth, should alone be blest therewith? Every one doth think his own religion rightest, both Jews, Moors, and Pagans; and how if our English faith, and Christ, and scriptures, thould but think so too?"

89. Sometimes I have endeavoured to argue against these suggestions, and to set some of the sentences of blessed Paul against them; but alas! I quickly felt, when I thus did, such arguings as these would return again upon me: Though we made so great a matter of Paul and of his words, yet how could I tell, but that in very deed, he being a subtle and cunning man, might give himself up to deceive with strong delusions, and also take the pains and travel to undo and destroy his fellows?

go. These suggestions (with many others, which at this time I may not, nor dare not utter, neither by word or pen) did make such a seizure upon my spirit, and did so over weigh my heart, both with their number, continuance, and siery force that I selt, as if there were nothing but these from morning to night within me, and as indeed there could be room for nothing else; and also concluded, that God had in very wrath to my soul, given me to them to be carried away with them as with a whirl wind.

on. Only by the distaste that they gave unto my spirit, I felt there was something in me that resusted to embrace them: but this consideration? then only had, when God gave me leave to swallow my spittle, otherwise the noise, and strength, and scree of these temptations would drown and overslow. and sas it were) bury all such thoughts, or the remembrance of any such thing. While I was in this temptation I would find often my mind suddenly put upon it to

TO THE CHIEF OF SINNERS.

curse and swear, or to speak some grievous thing of

God, or Christ his Son and of the scriptures. 92. Now I thought, furely I am possessed of thedevil; at other times again, I thought, I should be

bereft of my wits, for instead of lauding and magnifying of God the Lord with others, if I have but heard him spoken of, presently some most horrible blasphemous thought would bolt out my heart against him. So that whether I did think that God was, or

again, did think their were no fuch thing : no loves, nor gracious disposition could I fell within me. 93. These things did sink me into deep despair,

for I concluded that such things could not be found against them that loved God, I often, when these temptations have been with force upon me, I did compare myself, in the case of such a child, whom fome gipfie by force took up in her arms, and is carrying from friend and country; kick sometimes I did and thrick; but yet I was bound in the wings of the temptation, and the wind would carry me away. I thought also of Saul, and the evil spirit that did posis him, and did fear my condition was the same with that of his, 1 Sam. xvi. 14.

94. In these days when I have heard others talk of the fin against the Holy Ghost, then would the tempter so provoke me to desire to that sin, that I. was as if I could not, must not, neither should be quiet until I had committed that; now no fin would ferve but that; if it were to be committed by speaking such a word, then I have been as if my mouth would have ipoken that word whether I would or no, and in so strong a measure was this temptation upon me, that often I have been ready to clap my hand upon my chin to keep my mouth from opening; to that end also, I have had thoughts, at other times to leap with my head downward into some muck hill hole or other, to keep my mouth from speaking.

95. Now again, I beheld the condition of the dog and toad, and counted the offate of everything that God had made, for better than this dreadful flate of mine, and tuch as my companions was: vea, gladly would I have been a dog or horie, for I knew they had no foul to perify under the everlifting weight of hell for fin, as mine was like to do: Nay, though I faw this, felt this, and was broken to pieces with it; yet that which added to my forrow, was, that I would not find, that with all my foul I did define deliverance. That ferryture did tear and rend my foul in the midft of thele delitablions. The wicked are like the troubled fea which cannot reft, whise waters cafe up mire and dirt: There is no peace to the nicked, faith my God, Iia. Ivii. 20. 21.

hard, if I would have given a thouland pounds for a tear, I could not find one. I was much deject to think that this would be my lot: I iaw some consumours and lament their fins, and others again, so quietly talk of, and with gladness remember the of God, while I was only in the storm or teal. This much sunk me. I thought my conditional alone, I should therefore much beweil my hard, but get out of, or get rid of those things, I could it.

about a year, I could attend upon none of the dinances of God, but with lore and great affliction; yea, then was I most distribled with blasphemics if I have been hearing the word, then uncleanned blasphemies, and despair, would hold me a captive there; if I had been reading, then sometimes I had sudden thoughts to question all I read; sometimes again, my mind would be so strangely snatched away, and possessed with other things, that I have neither known, nor regarded, nor remembered so much as the sentence that but now I had read.

38. In prayer also, I have been greatly troubled Mais time: sometimes I have thought I have felt him behind me pull my clothes; he would be alle continually at me in the time of prayer, to have lene, break off, make hafte, you have prayed ingh, and flay no longer; ftill drawing my mind He would lomerimes cast in fuch wicked thoughts as these, that I must pray to him, or for 1; I have thought fometimes of that, Fall down, If thou will fall down and worship me, Mat. iv. 9. og. Allo when, because I have had wandering this in the time of this duty, I have laboured primole my mind, and fix it upon God; then force hath the tempter laboured to dif-I me, and to turn away my mind, by prefenting heart and fancy, the form of a bulh, a buil, or the like, as if I should pray to those; Ealfo he would sometimes so hold my mind, was as if I could think of nothing elle, or thing elle, but to these, or such as they.

affecting apprehensions of God, and the the truth of his galpel; but oh, how heart at such times put forth itself with the fible grounings! my whole soul was then every word, I should cry with pangs after God, at he would be merciful to me; but then I shall be daunted again with such conceits as these, I had think that God did mock at these my praying, said that in the audience of the holy ingels, this poor simple wretch doth hanker after me, as if I had nothing to do with my mercy, but to bestow it on such as stim. Alas, poor soul! how art thou deceived; it is not for such as thee to have sawour with the Highest.

101. Then hath the temper come upon me also with such discouragements as these: "You are very hot for mercy, but I will cool you: many have been as hot as you for a sport, but I have quenched their zeal." And with this, such and such, who were fallen off, would be set before mine eyes; then I should be afraid that I should do so too; but, thought I, I am glad this cometh into my mind, I will watch, and take what heed I can; "Tho" you do (said Satan) I shall be too hard for you, I. will cool your intensibility by degrees; what care I, though I be feven years in chilling your heart, if I can do it at last; continual rocknig will lull a child to fleep; I will ply it close, but I will have my end accomplished: though you be burning hot at present, yet if I can pull you from this fire, shall have you cold before it be long." things brought me into great straits; for as I present could not find myself fit for present deaths fo I thought to live long would make me yet me unfit; for time would make me forget all, and even the remembrance of the evil of fin, the of heaven, and the need I had of the bless Christ to wash me, both out of mind and the but these things did not at present make me my crying, but rather did put me more upon it, like her who met with the adulterer, Deut. xxii. 26. in which days that was a good word to'me, after I had suffered these things a while; I am persuaded, that neither height, nor depth, nor death, nor life, &c. shall separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus, Rom. viii. 38. And now I hoped long life should not destroy me, nor make me milis of heaven.

102. Yet I had some supports in this temptation, though they were then all questioned by me: that

in the 3d of Jeremiah, at the first, was something to me; and so was the consideration of the fisht verse of that chapter, that though we have spoken and done evil things as we could, yet we should cry unto God, My Father, thou art the guide of my

youth, and should return unto him.

103. I had also once a sweet glance from that in 2 Cor. v. 12. For he hath made him to be sin for us, who knew no sin, that we might be made the righte-ousness of God in him. One day, as I was sitting in a neighbour's house, and there very sad at the consideration of many blasphemies, that word came suddenly upon me, What shall we say to these things? If God be for us, who can be against us? Rom. viii.

31. That also was an help unto me, Because I live, we have also, John xiv. 19. But these were but the sure; touches, and short visits, though very when present, only they lasted not.

But afterwards the Lord did more fully and indeed did not not only deliver me from the guilt that by there things was laid upon my conscience, but also from the very filth thereof, for the temptation was removed, and I was put into my right mind again,

as other Christians were.

into the country, and musing on the wickedness and blasphemy of my heart, and considering of the enmity that was in me to God, that scripture came in my mind, He hath made peace by the blood of his cross, Cor. i. 20, by which I was made to see that day that God and my soul were friends by his blood; yea, I saw that the instice of God, and my sinful soul, could embrate and kiss each other through hir blood: this was a good day to me, I hope I shall not forget it.

fire, muting on my wretcheducis, the Lord made that also a precious werd unto me, "For as much then as the children are partakers of fielh and blood, he also himself likewise took part of the same, that through death, the might destroy him that had the power of death, that is, the devil; and deliver those who through the fear of death were all their life subject to bondage," Heb. ii, a4, 15. I thought that the glory of those words was then so weighty on me, that I was easily to swoon as I sat, not with grief and trouble, but with

solid joy and peace.

of holy Mr. Gissord, whose dostrine, by God's grace, was much for my stability. This will made it much his business to deliver the people of God from all those sale and unlound reas that by many we are prone to, take special heed, that we take not up any truth upon trust, as from this or this or any other man or men, but to cry mightily to God, that he would convince us of the realing thereof, and set us down therein by his own spirit in the holy word; for, said he, if you do other wise, when temptations come, if strongly, you no having received them with evidence from heaven will find you want that help and strength now the result, as once you thought you had.

former and latter-rain in their lealen; for I had found, and that by lad experience, the truth of their his words. For I had felt, no man can late include when tempted of the devil, That Jeff Christ is Lord, but the Holy Ghost. Wherefor I found my foul, it will grace, very apt to dring this theftime, we to incline to pray to God, the

in nothing that pertained to God's glory and my sum electrical, he would luffer me to be without the confirmation thereof from heaven; for new I law clearly, there was an exceeding difference netween the notion of field and bloed and the revolutions of God in heaven; also agreet difference between that I lith which is feigued, and seconding to-man's wildom, and of that which comes by a ton being born thereto of God, Manieti, 15, 1 John v. 1.

truth to truth on of God! even from the birth and cradboof the on of God, to his afterfion and fecond companies on heaven to judge the world

and common heaven to judge the world. great dod was very good unto me, for to my reme me, there was not any thing that I cried to the make known and several unito me, but the was pleafed to do it for me; I mean not one art of the Lord Jelus, but I was orderly led into it; me-hough I law with great evidence, from the relation of the four Evangelists, the wonderful work of God, in giving Jelus Christ to lave us, from his conception and pirth, even to his second coming to judgment: me-thought I was as if I had been him born, as if I had leen him grow up, as if I had been him walk through this world, from the cradle to the crois, to which also when he came, I saw how gently he gave himself to be hanged and nailed on it for my lins, and wicked doings; also, as I was musing on his ogreie, that droped on my spirit, as ordainfor the flaughter, 1 Peter 1. 12. 2000

refurrection, and have remembered that, Touch me Mary, &c. I have feen as if he had leaped out

of the grave's mouth, for joy that he was rilen again, and had got the conquest over our dreadful foce, John xx. 1-. I have also in the spirit teen him a Man on the right hand of God the Father for the, and have feen the manner of his coming from heaven to judge the world with glory, and have been confirmed in these things, by these scriptures following, Acts i. 9 10. & vii, 56. & xe42. Heb. vii. 24 & viii, 88 Rev. i 18. 1 Thel. iv. 17, 18. Once I was treubled to know whether the Lord Jesus was man as well as God, and God as well as man; and truly in those days, let mediay what they would, unleis I had it with eviden om henven. y el L let all was nothing to me, I counted cown in any truth of God; well Fwar bled about this point, and could not tell how to be resolved; at last that in the fifth of the Reve came into my mind; 4 and I beheld, and log in the of midst of the Throne, and the four beasts; and in the midst of the Elders Rood a Lamb," In the midst of the Throne, there is his God head, in the midst of the Elders, there is his Man hood. O me thought this did glister, it was a godly touch, and gave me sweet satisfaction; that other scripture also did help me much in this, To us a Child is born, to us a Son is given, and the government shall be upon his faculaers, and his name faall be called Wonderful Counseller, the Mighty God, the Everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace, &c. Ila. ix. 6.

112. Also besides these teachings of God in his word, the Lord made use of two things to confirm me in these things, the one was the errors of the Quakers, and the other was the guilt of Sin: for as the Quakers did oppose his truth, so God did the more confirm me in it, by leading me into the scriptures that did wonderfully maintain it; and

as I said, the guilt of sin did help me much, for still as that would come upon me, the blood of Christ did take it off again, and that too, sweetly according to the scriptures. O friends, cry to God to reveal Jesus Christ unto you, there is none teacheth like him.

you in particular, how God did set me down in all the things of Christ, and how he did, that he might to bo, lead me into his word, yea and also, how he did open them unto me, and cause them to dwell with me, talk with me, and comfort me, both of his own being, and the being of his Son,

and spirit, word and gospel.

your again, that in general, he was pleased to take this course with me; first to suffer me to be afflicted with temptations concerning them, and then reveal them to me; as sometimes I should lie under great guilt for sin, even crushed to the ground therewith, and then the Lord would shew me the death of Christ, yea, and so sprinkling my conscience with his blood, that I should find, and that before I was aware, that in that conscience, where but just now did reign and rage the law, even there would rest and abide the peace and love through Christ.

many golden seals thereon, all hanging in my sight; now could I remember this manifestation, and the other discovery of grace with comfort; and should often long and defire that the last day were come, that I might be forever inflamed with the sight, joy, and communion of him, whose head was crowned with thorns, whose face was spit on, and body broken, and soul made an offering for my

thus: for whereas before I lay continually trembling at the mouth of hell: now me-thought I was got to far therefrom, that I could not, when I looked back. Scarce discern it: and, O thought I, that I were fourieous years old now, that I might die quickly, that my foul might go to reft.

110. But before I had got this far out of the my temptations, I did greatly long to fee fome a cient Goody man's experience, who had write four hundred years before I was born; for thos who had write in our days, I thought (but I define them now to pardon me) that they had write only that which others felt, or else had through the fireigth of their wits and parts, studied to answer fach objections as they perceived others were perplexed with, without going down themielves into the deep. Well, after many longings in my mind the God in whole hard are our days, did can into. my hand (one day) a look of Martin Lutiler, his comment on the Galatians, so old that it was ready to fall to pieces, if I did but turn it over. Now ? was pleated much that such an old book had fallen into my hand; which, when I had but a little way perused, I found my condition in his experience, so largely and profoundly handled, as if his book had been written out of my heart; this made me marvel: for thus thought I, this man could not know any thing of the state of christians now, but must needs write and speak the experience of former days. Besides, he doth most gravely also in that book debate of the rife of thele temptations, namely blasphemy, desperation and the like, shewing that the law of Moles, as well as the devil, death and hell hath a very great hand therein, which at first was very strange unto me, but by considering and watching, I found it so indeed, But of particulars here, I intend nothing, only this me thinks, I must let fall before all men, I do prefer this book of Mir. Luther upon the Galatians, (excepting the lay Bible) before all the books that ever I have been, as most fit for a wounded conscience.

ed Christ dearly. O me thought my soul cleaved cunto me: my affections cleave unto him. I felt love to him as hot as fire, and now as Job said, I thought I should die in my best: But I did quickly had that my great love was but little, and that I, who had as I thought, such burning love to Jesus Christ, could let him go again for a very triffe. God can tell how to abase us: and can hide pride from mm. Quickly after this my love was tried to purpose.

graciously delivered me from this great and fore semptation, and had fet me down to tweetly in the faith of his holy gospel, and had given me such touching my interest in his love through Christ; the tempter came upon me again, and that with a more grievous and dreadful temptation than before.

119. And that was to fell and part with this most bessed Christ, to exchange him for the things of this life, for any thing: the temptation lay upon me for the space of a year, and did sollow me to continually, that I was not rid of it one day in a month, no, not sometimes one hour in many days together, unless I was assep.

120. And tho', in my judgment I was persuaded, that those who were once effectually in Christ, (as I hoped, through his grace, I had seen myself) could never lose him forever, (for the land shall so be fold forever, for the land is mine, saith God;

Levet. xxv. 23.) yet it was a continual vexation to me, to think that I should have so much as one such thought within me against a Christ Jesus, that had done for me as he had done.

nor yet any defire or endeavour to refift it, that in the least did shake or abate the continuation, or force and strength thereof: for it did always in almost whatever I thought, intermix itself therewith: but still the temptation would come, Sell Christ for this, sell Christ for that, sell him, sell him.

not is little as an hundred times together, sell him sell him, sell him: against which, I may say, for whole hours together, I have been forced to stand as continually leaning and forcing my spirit against it, less happily before I were aware, some wicked thought might arise in my heart that might consent thereto; and sometimes also the temper would make me believe I had consented to it, then should I be as tortured upon a rack for whole days together.

lest I should at sometimes, I say consent thereto, and be overcome therewith, that by the very force of my mind in labouring to gainly and resist this wickedness, my very body would be put into action or motion, by way of pushing or thrusting, still answering, as fast as the destroyer said, sell him, I will not, I will not, I will not, no, not for thousands, thousands, thousands of worlds: thus reckoning, lest I should in the midst of these assaults, set too low a value of him, even until I scarce well knew were I was, or how to be composed again.

my food in quiet, but forfooth, when I was fet at the table at my meat, I must go hence to pray, I

must leave my food now, just now, so counterseit hely would this devil be. When I was thus tempted, I should say in myself, now I am at meat, let me make an end: No, said he, I must do it now, or I should displease God, and dispise Christ, Wherefore I was much afflisted with these things: and because of the sinfulness of my nature (imagining that these things were impulses from God) I should deny to do it as if I denied God; and then should'I be as guilty, because I did not obey a stemptation of the devil, as if I had broken the law of God indeed.

bed, I was as at other times most siercely assulted with this temptation, te sell and part with Christ; the wicked suggestion still running in my mind, sell him, sell him, sell him, as fast as a man could speak; against which also in my mind, as at other times, I answered no, no, not for thousands, thousands, at least twenty times, together: but at last, after much striving, until I was almost out of breath, I felt this thought pass through my heart, Let him go if he will! and I thought also, that I felt my heart consent thereto; and where was my love to Christ now?

as a bird that was shot from the top of a tree, into great guilt and searful despair: thus getting out of my bed, I went mopping into the field, but God knows, with as heavy a heart as mortal man could bear: where, for the space of two hours, I was like a man bereft of life, and as now past all recovery, and bound over to eternal punishment.

127. And withall, that scripture did seize upon my soul. O profane person, as Esau, who for one morsel of mest, sold his birth right; for ye

' know that afterwards, when he would have in-

' herited the bleiling, he was rejected; for he found

on place of repentance, tho' he fought it care-

' fully with tears.' Heb. xii. 16, 17.

128. Their words were to my foul like fetters of brais to my legs, in the continual found of which I went for several months together. But about ten or eleven o'clock on that day, as I was walking under a hedge, full of forrow and guilt, God knows, and bemoaning myleif for this hardship, that such a thought should ariso within me, suddenly this ientence bolted in upon me, The blood of Christ remits all guilt; at this I made a stand in my spirit, with that this word took hold upon me. The blood of Fesus Christ his Son, cleanseth from all sin, 1 John i. 7. Now I begin to conceive peace in my toul, and me-thought I saw as if the temptor did-lear and steal away from me, as being ashaned of what he had done. At the same time also, I had my sin and the blood of Christ, thus represented to me; that my fin, when compared to the blood of Christ, was no more to it, than this little clod or stone before me is to this vast and wide field that here I fee: this gave me good encouragement for the space of two or three hours, to which time also, me-thought I saw by faith, the Son of Gol as suifering for my sins. But because it tarried not, I funk again under exceeding gult.

concerning Elau's felling of his birth right, for it would lie all day long, yea, all the week, all the year long on my mind, and hold me down, to that I could by no means lift up myfelf, for when I would strive to turn to this scripture or that for relief still that sentence would be sounding in me; For ye know, how that afterwards, when he would

have inherited the blessing, he found no place of repentance, though he sought it carefully with tears.

130. Some time indeed I should have a touch from that in Luke xxii. 31. I have prayed for thee that thy faith fail not; but it would not abide upon me; neither could I indeed, when I considered my state, find ground to conceive in the least, that there should be the least root of grace within me. Now was I torn and rent in a heavy case, for

many days together.

131. Then began I with fed and cereful heart to confider of the nature and largeness of my fin, and to fearth in the word of God, if I could in any place elpy a word of promile, or any encouraging ientence by which I might take relief. Wherefore I began to confider that third of Mark, All manner of fins and blesphemies shall be forgiven unto the sons of men wherewith soever they shall blaspheme. Which place, mu-thought did contain a large and glorious promile for the pardon of high offences; but confidering the place more fully, I thought it was rather to be understood, as relating more chiefly to those who had in a natural estate committed such things as are there mentioned, but not to me, who had not only received light and mercy, but that hath both after, and also contrary to that, flighted Christ as I had done.

nine, might be that fin unpardonable, of which he there thus speaketh: But he that shall blaspheme against the Holy Ghost hath never forgiveness, but is in danger of eternal damnation, Matth, iii. And I did the rather give credit to this, because of that sentence in the Hebrews. For you know how that afterwards, when he would have inherited the blessing, he was rejected; for he sound no place

' of repentence, tho' he fought it carefully with

tears, for this fluck always with me.

time that was post, wishing a thousand times twice told, that the day was yet to come, when I should be tempted to such a sin; concluding with great indignation, both against my heart, and all assaults how I would rather have been torn in pieces, than have consented thereto; but also! these thoughts and withings, and resolvings, were now too late to help me; the thought had possed my heart, God hath let me go, and I am fallen: O! thought I, that it was with me as in months past, as in the days when God presented me! Job xxix. 2.

perish, I began to compare my sin with others to see if I could find that any of those that are saved had done as I had done. So I considered David's adultery and murder; and found them most henious crimes, and those two committed after light and grace received; but yet by considering. I perceived that his transgressions were only such as were against the law of Meses, from which the Lord Christ could with the consent of his word deliver him: but mine was against Gospel, yea, against the me-

"diator thereof, I had fold my Saviour.

135. Now again, should I be as if racked upon the wheel, when I considered, that besides the guilt that possessed me, I should be so void of grace, so bewitchings: what, thought I, must it be no sin. but this? must it needs be the great transgression? Pfal. xix. 13. Must that wicked one touch my soul 1 John v. 18. O what stings did I find in all these sentences!

136. What! thought I, is there but one fin that is unpardonable! but one fin that layeth the foul

without the reach of God's mercy, and must I be guilty of that! is there but one sin amongst so many millions of sins, for which there is no forgivene! and must I commit this! Oh! unshappy man! These things would so break and confound my spirit, that I could not tell what to do, I thought at times they would have broke my wits, and still to aggravate my misery, that would run in my mind. You know, that afterwards, when he would have inherited the blessing, he was rejected Oh! none knows the terrors of these days but myself.

which he committed in denying his Master; and indeed this came nighest to mine, of any that I could find, for he had denied his Saviour, as I, aster light and mercy received: yea, and that too aster warning given him: I also considered, that he did both once and twice, and that after time to consider betwixt. But the' I put all these circumstances together, that if possible I might find help, yet I considered again, that his was but a denial of his Master, but mine was a selling of my Saviour. Wherefore I thought with myself, that I came nearer to Judas, than either David or Peter.

and afflict me; yea, it would grind me, (as it were) to powder, to confider the prefervation of God towards others, while I fell into the inare; For thus confidering other mens fins, and comparing them with my own, I could evidently see God preserved them notwick standing their wick duess, and would not let them, as he had let me, become a jon perdition

of perdition.

139. But O! how hid my soul at this time prize the preservation tips God did tot about his Péople? Ah, now lasely did I see them wask, whom God

both hedged in, they were within his care, and protection: they were full as bad as I by nafure; yet because he loved them, he would not fuffer them to fall without the range of mercy: but as for me, I was gone, I had done it. he would not preserve me; nor keep me, but suffered me, because I was a reprobate, to fall as I had done. Now did those blessed places that speak of God's keeping his people, shine like the sun before me, tho' not to comfort me, but to shew me the blessed siste and heritage of those whom the Lord had bleffed.

140. Then again I began to compare my fin with the fin of Judas, that if possible I might find that mine differed from that which in truth is unpardonable; and, O thouht I, if it should be but the breadth of an hair, what a happy condition is my soul in! and by confidering I found that Judas did his intentionally but mine was against my strivings, besides his was committed with much deliberation; but mine in a searful hurry on a sudden. was to Ead to and fro, like the locusts, and drivan from trouble to forrow; hearing always the found of Elau's fell in mine ears, and of the dreadful conlequences thereof.

141. Yet this consideration about Judas his sin, was for a while some little selief unto me: for I law I had not, as to the circumstances, transgressed so foully as he; but this was quickly gone again, for I thought with mylelf, there might be more ways then one to commit the unpardonable fin: allo I, thought that there might be degrees of that, as well as of other transgrafficus; wherefore, for ought I yet could perceive, this iniquity of mine might be luch as might never be passed by.

142. I was often now alhamed that I should be like such an ugly man as Judas; I thought also, that I could scarce see a good man, that I believed had a good conscience, but I should feel my heart tremble at him, while I was in his presence. I now saw a glory in walking with God, and what it was to have a good conscience before him.

content myself, by receiving some falle opinion, as that there should be no such thing as a day of judgment; that we should not rise again, and that sin was no such grievous thing. The tempter suggesting thus, For if these things should indeed be true, yet to believe otherwise, would yield you case for the present. If you must perish, never torment yourself so much before hand, drive those of damning out of your mind, by possessing your mind with some such conclusions that Atheists and Ranters use to help themselves with.

my heart, how, as it were with a step, hath death and Judgment been in my view. Methought, the Judge stood at the door, I was as if it was come aiready: so that such things could have no entertainment: but methinks I see by this, that Satan will use any means to keep the soul from Christ. He loveth not an awakened frame of spirit, security, blindness, darkness, and error, is the very kingdom and habitation of the wicked one

kingdom and habitation of the wicked one.

come in, it's too late; I am lost, God hath let me fall not to my correction, but condemnation: My fin is unpardonable, and I know concerning Elau how that after he had told his birth right, he would have received the blessing, but was rejected,

bling, infomuch that at iometimes I could for whole days together feel my very body, at well as my mind, to shake and totter under the settle of the dreadful judgment of God, that should and those that have sinned that most fearful and and pardonable sin. I selt also such a clogging and heat at my stomach, by reason of this my terror, and it seemed at times that my breast-bone would split asunder. Then I thought of that concerning fustas, Who by his falling head-long, burst asunder, and all his bowels gushed out, Acts i.

147. I feared also, that this was the mark that the Lord did set on Cain, even continual fear and trembling under the heavy load of guilt that he had charged on him or the blood of his brother. Abel. Thus did I shrink under the burden that a was upon me; which burden did so oppress me,

that I could not be at rest or quiet.

148. Yet that saying would sometimes come to mind, He hath received gifts for the rebellious, Pial. laviii. 18. The rebellious! Why surely, tho't I, they are such as once were under subjection to their prince, even those who after they have sworn subjection to his government, have taken up arms against him.

149. This i sometimes thought on, and thould labour to take hold thereof, that some small refreshment might have been conceived by me: but in

this alio, I missed of my desire.

150. After I had thus confidered the fins of the faints in particular, and found mine went beyond them; I began to think thus with myself. Set the case I should put all theirs together, and mine alone against them, might I not then find some encouragement? For if mine, the bigger than any one,

yet should be equal to all, then there is hopes: for that blood that bath virtue enough to wash away all theirs, hath virtue enough to do away mine though it be bigger than all theirs. Here again I divide consider the sin of David, of Solomon, of Manasseh, of Peter, and the rest of the great offenders, and should also labour what I might, with fairness to aggravate their sins.

blood to cover his adultery, and that by the sword of the children of Ammoa, a work that could not be done but by continuance. deliberate contrivance, which was a great aggravation to his sin. But then this would turn upon me: Ah, but these were but sins against the law, from which there was a Jelus sent to save them, but your's is against the Saviour,

and who shall save you from that?

in loving strange women, in falling away to their idols, in building them temples, in doing this after light, in his old age, after great mercy received: but the same conclusion that cut me off in the former consideration cut me off as to this: namely, that all those were but sins against the law, for which God had provided a remedy. But I had sold my Saviour, and there now remained no more sacrassice for sin.

ins of Manasseh, how that he built afters for idols in the house of the Lord, he also observed times; used enchantments, had to do with wizards, was a witch, had his familiar spirits, burnt his children in the fire, in sacrifice to devils, and made the streets of Jerusalem run down with the blood of innocents. These, thought I, are great sins, sins of a bloody colour; but yet it would turn again

upon me, they are none of them of the nature of your's, you have parted with Jesus! you have sold

your Saviour !

154. This out consideration would always kill my heart, My fin was point blank against my Sevieur, and that too, at that height, that I had in my heart said of him, let him go if he will. O! mo-thought, this fin was bigger than the fins of a whole nation which in the kingdom, or of the whole world, all of them together was not able to equal mine, which out went them all.

155. Now I should feel my mind to fee from God, as from the face of a dreadful judge; yet this was my torment, I could not escape his hand. (It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living Cod, Heb, x.) But bleffed be his grace, that icripsure in these flying his would call as running after 'I have blotted out as a thick cloud thy transgressions, and as a cloud thy sins: return unto me for I have redeemed thee, Ila. xliv. 33. could not return, but fled, though at sometimes it crici, 'Return, return,' as if it did follow after me: But I feared to close in therewith, lest it should not come from God, for that other was still lound. ing in my conscience, 'For you know, how that e afterwards, when he would have inherited the bleffing, he was rejected, &c.'

256 Once as I was walking in a good man's shop, bemoaning to myielf in my sad and doleful state, all ding myiels with abhorizance for this wicked and ungoidy thought: lamenting also this hard hap of mine, for that I should commit so gotht a sin greatly searing, I should not be pardoned; praying also in my heart, that is this sin of mine did differ from that against the Hol. Ghost the Lord would show it me:

And being now ready to fink with fear, suddenly there was, as if there had rushed in at the window, the noise of wind upon me, but very pleasant, and as if I had heard a voice speaking, Didft then ever refuse to be justified by the iloud of Christ ? And withail, my whole life of profession past, was in a moment opened unto me, wherein I was made to see, that defignedly I had not, so my heart answered groaningly, No. Then fell with power that word of God upon me, See that ye refuse him that speaketh, Heb. xii. 24. What this was I know not: I have not yet in twenty years time, been able to make a judgment of it. I thought then what here I should be loath to speak. But verily that sudden rushing wind, was as if an Angel had come upon me; both it and the falutation, I will leave until the day of judgment, only this I say, it commanded a great calm in my foul; it persuaded me there might be hope; it shewed me as I thought, what the sin unpardonable was, and that my foul had yet the bleffed privilege to fly to Jelus Christ for mercy. But, I lay concerning this dispensation, I know not what yet to lay unto it, which was allo in truth the caule that at first I did not speak of it in the book. I do now also leave it to be thought on by men of found judgment. I lay not the stress of my falvation thereupon, but upon the Lord Jesus in the promise: yet seeing I am here unfolding of my secret things, I thought it might not be altogether inexpedient to let this also shew itself, though Iscapnot now relate the matter as there I did experience it. This lasted in the favour of it, for about three or four days, and then I began to mistrust, and to delpair again.

157. Wherefore, still my life hung in doubt befere me not knewing which way I hould tip: only this, I found my foul defire, even to cast itself at the foot of grace, by prayer and supplication. But, O, it was hard for me to bear the face to pray to this Christ for mercy, against whom I had this most vilely finned! yet I knew this must be the way for marcy was no where clie.

158. Which when the temper perceived, he strongly suggested to me. That I ought not to pray to God, for prayer was not for any in my cale, neither could it do me good, because I had rejected the Mediator, by whom all prayers came with acceptance to God the Father, and without whom, ens prayer could come into his presence: wherefore, now to pray, is but to add fin to fin, seeing God hath cast you off is the next way to anger and offend him more than ever you did before.

159. 'For God (faid he) hath been weary of you for these several years already, because you are one of his: your bawling in his ears hath been 'no plealant voice to him and therefore he'll let you fin this fin; that you might be quite cut off, and ' will you pray ftill." This the devil urged and fet forth, that in numbers, when Moses said to the children of lirael. 'That because they would not go up to possess the land, when God would have them, therefore forever after, he did barr them out from thence, though they prayed they might ' with tears,' Numb. xiv. 36, 37, &c.

160. As it is faid in another place, Exod. xxi, 14. The man that fins presumptuously, shall be taken from: God's altar, that he may die: Even as Joab was by king Solomon, when he thought to find shelter there, 1 Kings ii 27, 28, &c. These places did pinch me very sore, yet my case being desperate, I thought with myfelf, I can but die, and if it must be lo, it shall once be said, that such a one died at

the foot of christ in prayer, this I did. but, with great difficulty. God deth know: for still that saying about Elau, would be set at my heart even like a slaming sword, to keep the way of the Tree of Life, lest I should take thereof, and live. O who knows, how hard a thing I found it to come to

God in prayer!

of God forme, but I feared that God would give them no heart to it; yea, I trembled in my foul to think that some or other of them shortly would tell me, that God had said these words to them, that he once did say to the Prophet, concerning the children of Israel, Pray not for this people, for I have rejected them, Jer. xi 14. So, Pray not for him, for I have rejected him: Yea I thought, that he had while pered this to some of them already, only they dust not tell me so, neither dust I ask them of it, for fear it should be so, it would make me quite beside myself. Man knows the beginning of sin (said Spira but who sounds the issue thereof?

break my mind to an ancient christian; and told him my case. I told him also, that I was assaid that I had sinned the sin against the Holy Ghost; and he told me, he thought so too: Here therefore I had but cold comfort, but talking a little more with him, I found him, tho' a good, man, a stranger to much combat with the Devil. Wherefore, I went to

God again, as well as I could for mercy ftill.

in my milery, saying, that seeing I had thus parted with the Lord Jesus, and provoked him to displeature who would have stood between my soul. and the slame of devouring fire; there was now but one way, and that was, to pray that God the Father would

1.7.

be the Mediator betwixt his Son and me, that we might be reconciled again, that I might have that bleffed benefit in him, that his bleffed Saints onjoyed.

164. Then did that scripture seize upon my soul, He is of one mind, and who can turn him? Oh! I saw it was as easy to persuade him to make a new World, a new Covenant, or new Bible besides that we have already, as to pray for such a thing: this was to persuade him, that what he had done already, was mere folly, and to persuade him to altar, yea, to disanul the whole way of salvation; and then would that saying, tent my soul asunder, Neither is their salvation in any other, for their is none other name under heaven, given among stomen, whereby we must be saved, Acts, iv. 12.

165. Now the most free, and full, and gracious words of the Golpel, were the greatest torments to me; yea, nothing so afflicted me as the thoughts of Jesus Christ; for the remembrance of a Saviour because I had cast him off, brought both the vilany of my sin, and my loss by it to mind, O! it is sad to be destroyed by the grace and mercy of God; to have the Lamb, the Saviour, turn Lion, and destroyer, Rev. vr. I also trembled, as I have said, at the sight of the saints of God, especially at those that greatly loved him, and that made it their buliness to walk continually with him in this world: for they did both in their words, their carriages, and all their expressions of tenderness, and fear of an against the precious Saviour, condemn, lay guilt upon, and also add continual affliction and shame unto my soul. The dread of them was put upon me, and I trembled at God's Samuels, 1 Sam. xvi. 4.

166. Now also the tempter began afresh to mock my soul saying, that Christ indeed did pity my case, and was forry for my lose; but for as much as I had finned, and transgressed as I had done, he could by no means help me, nor save me from what I feared; for my an was not of the nature of theirs, for whom he bled and died, neither was it counted with those that were laid to his charge when he hanged on the tree; therefore, unless he should come down from heaven, and die anew for this sin, tho' indeed he did greatly pity me, yet I could have no benefit of him.

167. But, O how this would add to my affliction, to conceit that I should be guilty of such a sin for which he did not die. These thoughts would so confound me, and imprison me, and tie me up from faith, that I knew not what to do: But, Oh, thought I, that he would come down again! O, that the work of man's redemption was yet to be done by Christ! how would I pray, and intreat him to count and recon this sin amongst the rest for which he died? but this would strike me down, Christ being raised from the dead, dieth no more: death hath no more dominion over him, Rom. vi. 9.

168. Thus by the strange and unusual assaults of the tempter, was my soul like a broken vessel, driven, as with the winds, and tossed sometimes headlong into despair, sometimes upon the covenant of works, and sometimes to wish that the new covenant, and the conditions thereof, might so far as I thought mytels concerned, be turned another way, and changed. But in all these, I was but as those that josse against the rocks, more broken, seattered and rent. Oh, the unthought of imaginations; frights, lears and terrors that are assected by a thorow application of guilt, and yielding to despiration. This is the man that hath his dwelling among the tombs with the dead that is always crying out, and cutting himself with stones, Mark v. 1. 2. 3.

But, I say, all in vain, desperation will not comfort 1 im, the Old covenant will not save him. Nay, heaven and earth shall pass away before one jot or tittle of the word and law of grace shall sail or be removed: this I saw, this I selt, and under this I groaned. Yet this advantage I got thereby: namely, a further confirmation of the certainty of the way of salvation, and the scriptures were the word of God. Oh! I cannot now express what then I saw and felt of the steadiness of Jesus Christ, the rock of man's salvation, what was done could not be undone, added to nor altered; indeed sin might drive the sould beyond Christ, even the sin which is unpardonable, but we to him that is so driven, for the world would shut him out.

think of do. One day I walked to a neighbouring town, and fat down upon a fettle in the street, and fell into a deep pause about the most fearful state my sin had brought me to; and after a long musing, I listed up my head, but me thought I law as if the sun that shineth in the heavens did grudge to give light, and as if the very stones in the street, and the supon the houses did bend themselves against me. O how happy now was every creature over I was! for they stood fast and kept their station, but I was gone and lost.

170. Then breaking out in the bitternels of my soul. I said to myself, with a grievous sigh, Ho-can God comfort such a wretch as I? I had no isomer said it, but this returned upon me, as an echo doth aniwer a voice, This sin is not unto death, At which I was as if I had been raited out of a grave, and cried out again; Lord how couldst thou find out such a word as this? For I was filled with admiration at the fitness, and also the unexpectedness of the lentence,

unpardonable; but that there might be hope for me to obtain forgiveness, but, O how satan now did lay about him, for to bring me down again! but he could by no means do it, neither this day nor the most part of the next; for this good sentence stood like a mill post at my back. Yet towards the evening of the next day, I felt this word begin to leave me, and to withdraw its supportation from me; and so I returned to my old fears again, but with a great deal of grudging and peevishness, for I feared the sorrow of it.

172. But the next day at evening, being under many fears, I went to feek the Lord; and as I prayed, I cried to him in these words, O. Lord, I befeech thee, shew me that thou hast loved me with an everlasting love Jer. xxxi. 3.

I had no sooner said it, but with sweetness it returned upon me, I have loved thee with an everiasting love. Now I went to bed in quiet, also when I awakened the next morning, it was fresh upon

my foul.

173. But yet the temper left me not, for it could not be hittle as an hundred times, that he that day, did labour to break my peace. O the combats and conflicts that I did then meet with! as I strove to hold by this word, that of Esau would fly in my face like to lightning: I should be sometimes up and down twenty times in an hour. Yet God did bear me up, and keep my heart upon this word, from which I had also for several days together, very much sweetness and comfortable hopes of pardon. For thus it was made out to me, 'I soved thee whilst thou was committing this sip, I loved ed thee before, I love thee still, and will love thee forever.

66

thy crime, and could not but conclude, and that with great shame and astonishment, that I had horribly abused the holy Son of God, wherefore I selt my sold greatly to love and pity him, and my howels to yearn towards him; for I saw he was sall my friend, and did reward me good for evil: yea, the love and assection that then did burn within, to my Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, did work at this time such a strong and hot desire of revengement upon myself for the abuse I had done unto him, that, to speak as then I thought, had I a thought gallons of blood within my veins, I could freely have spilt it all at the command and feet of this my Lord and Saviour.

175. And as I was thus in musing, and in my studies, how to leve the Lord, and to express my love to him, that laving came in upon me. If thus Lord, shouldest mark iniquity, O Lord, who shouldst. stand? But there is forgiveness with thee, that there mayest be seared, Pial. cxxx 4. These were good words to me, especially the latter part thereof, viz, that there is forgiveness with the Lord, that he might be feared; that is as then I under ood it, that he might be loved, and had reverence: for it was thus made out to me, . That the great God did fit so high an esteem upon the love of his poor ecreatures, that rather than he would go without f their love, he would pardon their transgressions. 176. And now was that word fulfilled on me, and I was also refreshed by it, Then shall they be simed and confounded and never open their mouth any more, because of their shame, when I am pacified towards thee, for all that thou hast done, saith the Lord. Zach. xvi. 36, Thus was my loul at this time ic: at liberty from being afflicted with my for-

mer guilt and anazement,

to dispond again, fearing. Lest notwithstanding all that I had enjoyed, yet I might be deceived and destroyed at the last: for this consideration came strong into my mind, That whatever comfort and peace I thought I might have from the word of the promise of life, yet unless there could be found in my refreshment, a concurrence and agreement in the scriptures, let me think what I will thereof, and hold it ever so fast, I should find no such thing at the end, For the scriptures cannot be broken, John x. 35.

178. Now began my heart again to ake and fear, I might meet with disappointment at last. Wherefore, I began with all seriouiness to examine my former comfort, and to consider whether one that had finned as I had done, might with confidence trust upon the faithfulness of God laid down in thole words, by which I had been comforted, and on which I had leaned myself; but now was brought thole layings to my mind, 'For it is impossible for those who were once enlightened and have tasted the heavenly gift, and were made partakers of the Holy Ghost, and have tasted the good word of God, and the powers of the world to come; if they shall fall away, to renew them again unto repentance, Heb. vi. For if we sin wilfully. after we have received the knowledge of the truth, there remains no more facrifice for fin, but a certain fearful looking for of judgement and fiery indignation, which shall devour the adversaries, Heb. x. Fixen as Elau, who for one moriel of meat fold his birth right; for you know, how that afterwards, when he would have inherited the bleffing, he was rejected: for he found no place for repentance. though he fought it carefully with tears, Heb, xii,

from my soul, so that no promise or encouragement was to be found in the Bible for me; And now would that saying work upon my spirit to afflict me, Rejoice not, O Israel, for joy as other people, Hosea, ix, i. For I saw indeed there was cause of rejoicing for those that held to Jesus; but as for me, I had cut myself off by my transgressions, and left myself neither soot-hold nor hand-hold amongst all the stays and props in the precious word of life.

a gulf, as an house whose foundation is destroyed. I did liken myself in this condition, unto the case of some child that was sallen into a milk-pit, who though it could make some shift to scrabble and sprawl in the water, yet because it could find no hold, it must die in that condition. So soon as this fresh assault had fastened on my soul, that scripture came into my heart, This for many days, Dan. x. 14. And indeed I found it was so; for Lould not be delivered nor brought to peace again for near two years and an half. Wherefore, these words, though they tended to discouragement, yet to me who feared this condition would be eternal, they were at times as an help to me.

181. For thought I, many days are not for ever; they will have an end; therefore seeing I was to be afflicted, not a few, but many days, yet I was glad it was but for many days. Thus, I say, I could recall myself sometimes, and give myself a help; for as soon as ever the words came in at

first, I knew my trouble would be long.

182. Now, while these scriptures lay before me, and laid sin anew at my door, that saying in the 18th Luke, with others, encouraged me to prayer: then the tempter again laid at me very sore, sug-

gesting, That neither the merce of God, not yet the blood of Christ, did at all concern me, nor could they help me, for my sia. Yet thought I, I will pray; but, said the tempter, your sin is unpardonable. But I still continued to pray, and while at prayer, unered words to this effect, Lord, Satan tells me, that neither thy mercy, nor Christ's blood, is sufficient to save my soul: Lord, shall I honour thee most by believing thou wilt and canst, or by believing thou neither wilt nor canst; Lord, I would sain honour thee by believing thou wilt and canst.

183. And as I was thus before the Lord, that scripture sastened on my heart, U man, great is thy faith. Matth. xv. 28. Yet as I was on my knees before God, I was not able to believe this till almost six months after, for I could not think that I had faith, or that there should be a word for me to act faith on; therefore I should still be as sticking in the jaws of desperation, and went mourning up and down in a sad condition.

than to be put out of doubt as to this thing, and as I was vehemently defiring to know if there was hope, these words came into my mind. Will the Lord cast off sorever, and will he be savourable no more? is his mercy clean gone forever? Doth his promise sail forever more? Hath God sorgotten to be gracious? Hath he in anger shut up his tender mercies? Pial, lxxvii. 7, 8, 9. And all the while they run in my mind, methought I had this still as the answer: 'tis a question whether he hath or no; it may be he liath not: there was still something upon my mind, which with this text did sweeten my heart, and make me conclude; that his mercy might not be quite gone forever.

115. At another time I remember I was again zuch under this question, whether the blood of Christ was sussicient to save my soul? In which doubt I continued from morning till night; and at last, when I was quite worn out with fear, lest it should not lay hold on me. these words did sound suddenly within me, He is able; but, methought, this word Able, was spoken loud unto me; it shewed a great word, and gave such a justice to my fear and doubt, for the time it tarried with me, as I never had in all my life, either before or after that, Heb., vii. 25.

186. But one morning when I was again at prayer, and trembling under the fear of this, that word of God could help me, that piece of a sentence darted in upon me, My grace is sufficient. At this methought I felt some stay, as if there might be hopes: but, O, how good a thing is it for God to send his word! for about a fortnight before, I was looking on the very place, and then I thought it could not come near my foul with comfort, and threw down my book in a pet. it was not large enough for me; but now it was, as if it had arms of grace fe wide, that it could not only inclose me, but many more besides.

187. By these words I' was sustained, yet not without exceeding conflicts, for the space of seven or eight weeks: for my peace would be in it, and out sometimes twenty times a day? comfort now, and trouble presently; peace now, and before I was full of fear and guilt, not only now and then, but whole seven weeks experience, for this about the sufficiency of grace; and that of Elau's parting with his birth-right, would be like a pair of scales within my mind, sometimes one and would be uppermost, and sometimes the other, according to which would be my peace or trouble.

188. Therefore, I did pray to God, that he would some in with this icripture more fully on my heart, viz. that he would help me to apply the whole sentence: for as yet it only helped me thus far, My grace is sufficient; and though it came no farther, it anfwered my former question, viz. that there was hope; yet because for thee, was left out, I was not contented, but prayed to God for that also: wherefore one day, as I was in a meeting of God's people, full of sadness and terror, for my fears again were strong upon me, and as I was now thinking my soul was never the better, but my case most sad and fearful, these words did with great power suddenlybreak in upon me me, ' My grace is sufficient for thee, my grace is fufficient for thee, my grace is sufficient for thee,' three times together: And O! me-thought, that every word was a mighty word unto me; as my end Grace, and fufficient, and for thee: they were then, and sometimes are still, far bigger than others be.

189. At which time my understanding was of enlightened, that I was as tho' I had seen the Lord Jesus look down from heaven, thro' the tiles upon me and direct these words unto me; this sent me mourning home, it broke my heart, and filled me sull of joy, and kid me as the dust, only it staid not long with me, I mean in this glory and refreshing comfort, yet it continued with me for several weeks, and did encourage me to hope. But so soon as that powerful operation of it was taken off my heart, that other about Esau, returned upon me as before: so my soul did hang as in a pair of seales again, sometimes up, and sometimes down, now in peace, and again in terror.

190. Thus I went on for many weeks, sometimes comforted, and sometimes tormented, and especially at sometimes my torment would be very sore, for

would be let before me, as the only lentences that would keep me out of heaven. Then again I should begin to repent that ever that thought went through me; I should also think thus with myself, why now many scriptures are there against me? there is but three or four, and cannot God miss three, and save me for all them! sometimes again, I should think, if it were not for these three or four words; now, how might I be comforted; and I could hatdly forbear at sometimes, to wish them out of the book.

Paul, and John, and all the writers did look with scorn upon me, and hold me in derision and as if they said unto me, all our words are truth one of as much force as another; It is not we that have cut you off, but you have cast away yourself; there is none of our sentences that you must take hold upon, but these, and such as these, It is impossible: there remains no more sacrifice for sin, Heb. vi 'And 'it had been better for them not to have known the 'will of God, than after they have known it, to 'turn from the holy commandment delivered unto 'them, Heb. x. For the scriptures cannot be broken'

I saw, were to be the judges both of my case, and me, while I stood with the avenger of blood at my heels, trembling at their gate for deliverance: also with a thousand sears and mistrusts, that they would shut me out forever, Josh. xx, 3

193. Thus was I confounded, not knowing what to do, nor how to be satisfied in this question; Whether, the scriptures could agree in the salvation of my soul, I quaked at the Apostles; I knew their words were true, and that they must stand forever.

194. And I remember one day, as I was in diverse frames of spirits, and considering that these frames were still according to the nature of the several scriptures that came in upon my mind; if this of grace, then I was quiet, but if that of Esan, then tormented. Lord, thought I, if both these scriptures would meet with my heart at once, I wonder which of them would get the better of me. So me-thought, I had a longing mind that they might come both together upon me; yea, I desired of God they might.

did indeed; they bolted both upon me at a time, and did work and struggle in upon me for a while: at last, that about Esau's birth-right began to wax weak, and withdraw; and this about the sufficiency of grace prevailed with peace and joy. And as I was in a muse about this thing, that scripture came home upon me, Mercy rejoicth against judgement, James ii. 13.

196. This was a wonder to me, yet truly I am apt to think it was of God, for the word of the law and wrath, but give place to the word of life and grace; because, tho' the word of condemnation be glorious, yet the word of life and salvation, doth far exceed in glory, 2 Corn. iii. 8, 9, 10, 11. Also that Moses and Elias must both vanish and leave Christ and his Saints alone.

visit my soul, And him that cometh to me I will in no wife cast out. O the comfort that I had from this word, in no ways: as who should say by no means for nothing whatever he hath done.

198. But notwithlanding all these helps and blessed words of grace, yet that of Esau's selling of his birth-right, would still at times distress my con-

icience; for tho' I had been most tweetly comforted, yet when that came into my mind, 'twould make me Fear again. I could not be quite rid thereof, twould every day be with me; wherefore now I went another way to wask, even to confider the nature of this blafphemous thought, I mean, if I should take the words at the largest, and give them their own natural force and scope, even every word therein: so when I had thus confidered, I found that if they were fairly taken, they would amount to this, that I had freely left the Lord Jelus Christ to his choice, whether he would be my Saviour or no, for the wicked words were these, let him go if he will; then that icripture gave me hope, I will never leave thee, nor sorsake thee, Heb. xiii. 5. O Lord, said I, but I have left thee; then it answered again, 'But I will not leave thee:' for this I. thank God also.

199. Yet I was grievously afraid he should, and found it exceeding hard to trust him, seeing I had so offended him: I could have been exceeding glad that this thought had never befallen, for then, I thought, I could with more ease and freedom have leaned upon his grace; I see it was with me, as it was with Joseph's brethren, the guilt of their own wickedness, did so often his them with fears, that their brother would at last despite them, Gen. i. 15.

200. But above all the scriptures that I yet did meet with, that in the twentieth Joshua, was the greatest comfort to me, which speaks of the slayer that was to sly for refuge. 'And if the avenger of blood pursue the slayer, then, saith Moles, they that are the elders of the city of refuge shall not deliver him into his hands; because he smote his neighbor unwittingly, and hated him not aforetime.' O blessed be God for this word! I was convinced, that I

was the flayer; and that the avenger of blood purfued me. I felt with great terror, only now it remained, that I enquire, whether I have right to enter the city of refuge? To I found that he must not who lay in wait to shed blood; but he who unwittingly, or that did unawares shed blood, even who did not hate his neighbour, before, Wherefore,

cater, for because I had smitten my neighbour unwittingly and hated him not afore-time. I hated him not a fore-time, no, I prayed unto him, was tender of sinning against him; and against this temptation. I had strove for a twelve month before, yea, and also when it did pass thorough my heart, it did in spite of my teeth; wherefore, I thought I had right to enter the city, and the elders, which are the aposses, were not to deliver me up. This theretore was great comfort to me, and did give me hope.

made me that I knew not what ground was fure enough to bear me. I had one question that my soul did much desire to be resolved about; and that was, 'Whether it be possible for any soul that hath indeed sinned the unpardonable sin, yet after that to receive, tho' but the least true spiritual comfort from God thro' Christ?" Which after I had much considered, I found the answer was, No, they could not; and that for these reasons:

203. 1st, Because those that have sinned that sin, they are debarred a share in the blood of Christ, and being shut out of that they must needs be void of the least ground of hope, and so of spiritual comfort, For such there remains no more facrisice for sin. Heb. x. 26. 27. 2dly, Because they are denied a share in the promise of life; they shall never be forgiven, neither in this world nor in that which

is to come, Matth. xii. 31. 3dly, The Son of God excludes them also from a share in his blessed intercession, being forever ashamed to own them both before his Holy Father, and the blessed Angels in heaven, Mark viii.

204. When I had with much deliberation confidered of this matter, and could not but conclude that the Lord had comforted me, and that too, after this my wicked fin: then me thought I durft venture to come nigh unto those most fearful and terrible scriptures with which all this while I had been so greatly affrighted, on which indeed before I durit scarce cast mine eye, (yea, had much ado an hundred times to forbear wishing them out of the Bible, for I thought they would destroy me) but now I say, I began to take some measure of encouragement, to come close to them to read them, and consider them, and to weigh their scope and tendency.

205. The which when I begin to do, I found their vilage changed; for they looked not loggimly as before I thought they did: and 1st, I came to the fixth of the Hebrews, yet trembling for fear it should strike me; which when I had considered I found that the failing there intended, was a falling quite away, that is as I conceived, a falling from, and an abiolute denying of the golpel, of remission of fins by Christ, for from them the Apostle begins his argument, verie 2, 2, 3, 2dly, I found that this falling away must be openly in the view of the world even so as to put Christ to an open shame, adly, I found that those he there intendeth, were torever that up of God, both in blindness, hardness, and impenitency: It is impessible they should be renewed again unto repentance. By all chele particulars, I found, to God's everlasting praise, my fin was not the sin in this place intended.

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11. Hebrews, and found that the wilful fin, there mentioned, is not every wilful fin, but that fin which doth throw off Christ, and then his commandments too. 2dly. That must be done openly, before two or three witnesses, to answer that of the law, verie 28. 3dly, This fin cannot be committed but with great despite done to the spirit of grace: despiting both the distuations from that sin, and the persuations to the contrary; but the Lord knows, tho' my sin was devilish, yet it did not amount to these.

207. And as touching that in the twelfth of the Hebrews, about Elau's felling his birth-right, tho' this was that which killed me, and stood like a spear against me; yet now I did consider, 1st, That his was not a hasty thought against the continual labour of his mind; but a thought consented to, and put in practice likewise, and that too after some deliberation, Gen. xxv. 2dly, It was a public and open action, even before his brother, if not before m more; this made his sin of a more heinous nature than otherwise it would have been. 3dly, He car tinued to flight his birth-right: He did eat and drink and went his way; thus Esau despised his birth-right, Yea, twenty years after, he was found to despile it still. And Elau laid, I have enough, my brother, keep that thou hast to thyself. Gen. xxxiii. 9.

208 Now, as touching this, That Esay sought a place of repentance: This I thought, First, This was not for the birth-right; but for the Blessing; this in clear from the Apostle, and is distinguished by Esau himself, 'He hath taken away my birth right, (that 'is formerly) and now he hath taken away my blessing also,' Gen. xxviii. 36. Secondly, now this being thus considered, I came again to the Apostle, to see what might be the mind of God in a new

Testament stile and sense concerning Esau's sin; and so far as I could conceive this was the minit of God, the birth-right signified Regeneration, and the Blessing, the eternal inheritance; for the Apostle seems to hint, 'Lest there be any profane person, as Esau, who for one morsel of meat sold his 'birth-right;' as if he should say, lest there be any person among you that shall cast off all those blessed beginnings of God that at present are upon him, in order to a new birth, lest they become an Esau, even be rejected asterwards, when they would inherit the blessing.

209. For many there are, who in the day of grace and mercy, despise those things which are the birth-right to heaven, yet, when the deciding day appears, will cry as loud as Esau, Lord, Lord, oben to us: but then as Isaac would not repent, no more will God the Father, but will say, I have blessed these, yea, and they shall be blessed, but as for you, Depart, you are workers of iniquity. Gen. xxvii. 32. Luke xiii.

25, 26, 27.

found that to understand them, was not against, but according to other scriptures; this still added further to my encouragement and comfort, and also gave a great blow to that objection, to wit, 'That' the scriptures could not agree in the salvation of my soul.' And now remained only the hinder part of the tempest, for the thunder was gone beyond me, only some drops did still remain, but now and then would fall on me; but because my former frights and anguish were very tox and deep, therefore it and oft befal me still, as it befalleth to those that have been scared with fire. I thought every voice was tire, fire; every touch would hurt my tender conscience.

and that too with some dashes on my conscience, fearing lestall was not right, suddenly this sentence fell upon my soul, Thy righteousness is in heaven: and, me thought withal, I saw with the eyes of my soul, Jesus Christ at God's right hand: there, I say, was my righteousness: so that wherever I was, or whatever I was doing, God could not say, He wants my righteousness; for that was just before him. I also saw, moreover, that it was not my good frame of heart that made my righteousness botter, nor yet my bad frame that made my righteousness worse: for my righteousness was Jesus Christ himself. The same, yesterday, to day, and for-ever, Heb. xiii. 8.

I was loosed from my afflictions and irons, my temptations also fled away: so that from that time, those dreadful scriptures of God lest off to trouble me; now went I also home rejoicing, for the grace and love of God. So when I came home, I looked to see if I could find that sentence, Thy righteous-ness is in heaven; but could not find such a saying, wherefore my heart began to sink again, only that was brought to my remembrance, I Cor. xiii. He was made unto us of God, wildom, righteousness, satisfaction, and redemption: by this word I saw the other sentence true.

213. For by this scripture, I saw the Man Christ Jesus, as he is distinct from us, as touching his bodily presence, so he is our righteousness and sanctification before God through Christ; O me thought Christ, Christ! there was nothing but Christ that was before my eyes: I was not only for looking upon this and the other benefit of Christ a-part, as of his blood, burial, or resurrection, but considered him a whole Christ; as he in whom all these and

all other virtues, relations offices, and operations met together, and that on the right hand of God in heaven.

and the worth and prevalency of all his benefits, and that because of this: Now I could look from myself to him, and should reckon, that all those graces of God, that now were green on me, were yet but like those crackt goats, and sour pence-haif-pennies that rich men carry in their puries, when their gold is in their trunks at home: O, I saw my gold was in my trunk at home! in Christ my Lord and Saviour! Now Christ was All, all my wildom, all my righteoulness, all my sandification, and all my redemption.

mystery of union with his Son of Cod. that I was joined to him, that I was slesh of his slesh, and bone of his bone, and now was that a sweet word to me, in Eph. v. 30. By this also, was my faith in him, as my righteousness, the more confirmed to me; for if he and I were one, then this righteousness was mine, his merits mine, his victory also mine. Now could I tee myself in heaven and earth at once: in heaven by Christ, by my head, by my righteowsness and life, tho' on earth by my body and person.

216. Now I law Christ Jesus was looked on of God, and should also be looked upon by us at that common or public person, in whom all the whole hody of his cleet are always to be considered and reckoned, that we suffilled the law by him, died by him, rose from the dead by him, got the victory over sin, death, the devil, and hell by him: when he died, we died, and to of his returnection: The dead men shall live together, with my dead body shall they arise, saith he, Iia. xxvi. And again, Mee, two

days he wilt revive us, and the third day we field live in his fight, Hoses vi. 2. Which is now fulfilled by the litting down of the Son of man on the right hand of his Majesty in the heavens according to that to the Ephesians, 'He hath raised us up together, 'and made us six together in heavenly places in 'Christ Jesus.' Eph ii. 6.

217. Ah! these blessed confiderations and scriptures, with many other of the like nature, where in those days made no spangle in mine eyes; 'Praise 'ye the Lord God in his Sanctuary, praise him in the simmanent of his power, praise him for his mighty all, praise him according to his excellent

'greatneis.' Plal, cl. 1. 2.

of the forrow and affliction that my foul went under by the guilt and terror that this my wicked thought did lay me under; and having given you also a touch of my deliverance therefrom; and of the sweet and blessed comfort that I met with afterwards, (which comfort dwelt about a twelve-month with my heart, to my unspeakable admiration.) I will now (God willing) before I proceed any further, give you in a word or two, what as I conceive was the cause of this temptation; and also after that, what advantage at the last it became unto my soul.

cipally two; of which two allo, I was deeply convinced all the time this trouble lay upon me. The first was, for that I did not, when I was delivered from the temptation that went before, still pray to. God to keep me from the temptations that were to come: for tho, as I can say in truth, my soul was much in prayer before this trial seized upon me. Yet then I prayed only, or at the mest principally,

for the removal of present troubles, and for scella discoveries of love in Christ: which I saw aftergrants was not enough to do; I also should have prayed, that the grace of God would keep me from the evil that was to come.

preyer of holy David, who when he was under present mercy, yet prayed that God would hold him back from fin and temptation to come: For then faith he, shall I be upright, and I shall be innocent from the great transgression. Pial. xix. 83. By this very word was I guiled and condemned, quite

through this long temptation.

221. That also was another word that did much condemn me for my folly, in the neglect of this duty, Heb. iv. 16. Let us therefore come boluly to the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy, and find grace to help in time of need'; this I had not done, and therefore was thus suffered to fin and fill, according to what is written, Pray that you enter not into temptation : and truly this very thing is to this day of such weight and awe upon me, that I dare not, when I come before the Lord, go off my knees, until I entrest him for help and mercy against the temptations that are to come; and I do beleech thee, reader, that thou learn to beware of my negligence, by the afflictions that for this thing I did for days, and months, and years, with forrow undergo.

1 had tempted God; and on this manner did I do it: upon a time my wife was great with child, and before her full time was come, her pangs as if a woman in travel were herce and strong upon her, even as if she would immediately have fallen into labour, and been delivered of an untimely bitth:

Now at this very time it was, that I had been so strongly tempted to question the being of God, wherefore as my wife lay crying by me, I said, but with all secrecy imaginable, even thinking in my heart, 'Lord, if thou wilt now remove this sad affliction from my wife, and cause that she be no more troubled therewith this night, (now were her pangs just upon her) then I shall know that thou canst discent the most secret thought of the heart.'

223. I had no sooner said it-in my heart, but her pangs were taken from her, and she was cast into a sieep sleep, and so she continued till morning, at this I greatly marveled, not knowing what to think, but after I had been awake a good while, and heard her cry no more, I sell to sleep also: so when I waked in the morning, it came upon me again, even what I had said in my heart the last night, and how the Lord had shewed me, that he knew my secret thoughts, which was a great astonishment to me for several weeks after.

About a year and an half afterwards, that wicked thought, of which I have spoken before, went through my sinful heart; even this thought, Let Christ go if he will, so when I was fallen under guilt for this, the remembrance of my other thought and of the effect thereof, would also come upon me with this retort, which also carried rebuke with it, "Now you may see that God doth know the most secret thoughts of the heart."

225. And with this, that of the passages that were betwixt the Lord and his servant Gideon; fell upon my spirit; how because that Gideon tempted God with his sleece both wet and dry, when he would have believed and ventured on his word, therefore the Lord did afterwards so try him, as to send him against an innumerable company of e.o.

mies; and that too as to outward appearance, without strength or help, Jud. Iv. 7. Thus he observed me, and that justily, for I should have believed his word, and not have put an if upon the allieeingness of God.

advantages I also have gained by this temptation, and 1st, By this I was made continually to possels in my soul, a very wonderful sense both of the being and gloty of God, and of his beloved Son; in the temptation before, my soul was perplexed with Atheism, but now this case was otherwise, now was God and Christ continually before my face, though not in a way of comfort, but in a way of exceeding dread and terror. The glory of the holiness of God did at this time break me to pieces, and the bowels and compassion of Christ did break me to on the wheel; for I could not consider him but as a lost and rejected Christ, the remembrance of which was as the continual breaking of my bones.

227. The scriptures also were wonderful things unto me; I saw that the truth and verity of them were the keys of the kingdom of heaven: those the scriptures savour, they must inherit bliss, but those they oppose and condemn, must perish for eventure: O this word, For the scriptures cannot be broken, would rend the coul of my heart! and so would that other. Whose sins ye remit, they are remitted; but whose sins ye retain, they are retained. Now I saw the Apostles to be the elders of the city of refuge, Josh. xx. 4. those that they were to receive in, were received to life; but those that they shut out, were to be slain by the avenger of blood.

\$28. Oh, one sentence of the scripture did more afflict and terrify my mind, I mean those sentences

that stood against me (commetimes I thought they every one did) more, Fund, than an army of forty thousand men that might have come against me. Wo be to him against whom the scriptures bend themselves.

229. By this temptation I was made to see more into the nature of the promises, than ever I was before; for I lying now trembling under the mighty hand of God, continually torn and rent by the thundering of his justice; this made me with careful heart, and watchful eye, with great fearfulness, to turn over every leaf, and with much diligence mixt with trembling to consider every sentence, together with its natural force and fortitude.

of my former foolish practice, of putting by the word of promile when it came into my mind, for now, thought I could not suck that comfort and sweetness from the promile as I had done at other times, yet like to a man a sinking, I should catch at all I saw: formerly I though I might not meddle, with the promise, unless I felt its comfort, but now it was no time thus to do, the avenger of blood

too hardly did purfue me.

word, which yet I feared I had no ground nor right to own, and even to leap into the bosom of that promise, that yet I feared did shut its heart against me. Now also I should labour to take the word as God hath laid it down without retraining the natural sorce of one syllable thereof; O what did I now see in that blessed sixth of John, And kim that comes to me, I will in no wife castout! John vi. 37. Now I began to consider with myself that God had a began mouth to speak with, than I had a heart to

conceive with; I thought with myself, that he spake not his words in heart, or in an unadvised heart, but with infinite wisdom and judgment, and in every truth, and faithfulness, 2 Sam. iii. 28.

232. I should in these days, often in my greatest agonies, even flounce towards the promise (as the horses do towards sound ground, that yet stick in the mire) concluding on this, I will resist and stay, and leave the sulfilling of it to the God of heaven that made it. O! many a pull hath my heart had with Satan, for that blessed 6th of John: I did now, as at other times, look principally for comfort (tho', O how welcome would it have been unto me!) Bus now a word, a word to lean a weary soul upon, that I might not sink forever.

233. Yea, often when I have been making to the promise, I have seen, as if the Lord would refuse my soul for ever: Then I shought of Esther, who went to petition the King contrary to the law, Esther iv. 16. I thought also of Beninadad's servants, who went with ropes upon their heads to their enemies for mercy, 1 Kings, xx. 31, &c. The women of Canaan also, that would not be daunted, though called a dog by Christ, Matt. xv. 22, &c. And the man that went to borrow bread at midnight, Luke i. 5, 6, 7, 8, &c. Were great encouragements unto me.

234. I never saw those heights and depths in grace, and love, and mercy, as I saw after this temptation: great sins to draw out great grace; and where guilt is most terrible and sieuce, there the mercy of God in Christ, when shewed to the soul, appears nost high and mighty; when Job had passed thro' his captivity, He had twice as much as he had before, Job. xiii. 10. Blessed be God for Jesus Christ

confervation of, but I would be brief, and therefore tall at this time omit them; and pray God that my harms may make others fear to offend, left they would be made to bear the iron yoke as I did.

I had two or three times, at or about my deliresidence from this temptation, such strange approreasions of the grace of God, that I could hardly
hear up under it; it was so out of measure amazing,
hen I thought it could reach me, that I think, if
that sense of it had abode long upon me, it would

liave made me incapable for busineis.

235. Now I shall go forward to give you a relasion of other of the Lord's dealings with me, of his dialings with me at other fundry seasons, and of the temptations I then did meet with. I shall begen with what I met with when I first joined in Ellowship with the people of God in Ecdford, After I had propounded to the Church, that my defire was to walk in the order and ordinance of Could with them, and was also admitted by them and I thought of that bleffed ordinance of Christ which was his last supper with his Disciples before h death, that scripture, Do this in remembrance of s., Luke xxii. 19, was made a very precious word u to me. But behold, I had not been long a parto ser at that ordinance, but such sad temptations did stiend me at all times, both to blaspheme the ordinance, and so wish some deadly thing to those that to an did eat thereof; that least I should at any time I cally of confenting to these wicked and scarful sights, I was forced to bend mylelf all the while in may to God to keep me from such blasphemies; also to cry to God to bless the bread and cup to them, as it went from mouth to mouth. The reason

of this temptation, I have fince thought, was, because

I did not with reverence partake thereof.

236. Thus I continued for a time, and could not be at rest; but at last the Lord came in upon my foul with that same scripture, by which my soul seas visited before: and after that, I have been usually very well and comfortable in the partaking of that blessed ordinance, and have, I trust, therein differenced the Lord's body as broken for my fins, and that his precious blood has been shed for my transgressions. -

287. Upon a time, I was fomewhat inclinit a confumption, wherewith about the spring, I was juddenly and violently feized, with much weaknessin my outward man; infomuch that I thought I could not live. Now began I afresh to give myself up to a ferious examination after my frate and condition for the future, and of my evidences for that blessed would to come. For it hath, I bless the name of God, been my usual course, as always so especially in the day of affiction, to endeavour to keep my interest in life to come, clear before me.

236. But I had no tooner begun to recall to mind my former experience, of the goodness of God to my foul, but there came flocking into my mind an immunicrable company of my fins and transgressions, amongst which these were at this time most to my affliction, namely, my deadness, dulness and coldnels in holy duties, my wandrings of heart, my want of love to God, his ways, and people, with this at the end of all, 'Are these the fruits of chritpianity, are these the tokens of a blessed man?"

239. At the apprehension of their things, my fickness was doubled upon me, my soul was clogged with guilt; and all my former experience of God's goodness to me, was quite taken out of my mind,

and hid, as if it had never been nor seen: now was my soul greatly pinched betwen these two considerations, Live I must not, Die I dare not. Now I sunk and fell into my spirit, and was giving up all for lost; but while in this woeful state, that word of God to hold of my heart, 'Ye are justified freely by his grace, thro' the redemption that is in Christ Jesus.' Romaii. 24.

240. Now was I as one-awakened out of some troublesome sleep and dream, and listening to this heavenly sentence, I was as if I heard it thus expected to me—'Sinner, thou thinkest that because of thy sins and infirmities, I cannot save thy soul; but behold my son is by me, and upon him I look, and not on thee, and will deal with thee according as I am pleased with him.' At this I was greatly lighted in my mind, and made to understand that God could justify a sinner at any time; it was but looking upon Christ, and imputing his benefits to us, and the work was forthwith done.

241. And as I was thus in a muse, that scripture came with great power upon my spirit, 'Not by works of righteousness that we have done, but according to his mercy he hash laved u.,' &c. 2 Tim. i. 9. Tit. iii. 5. Now I saw myself within the arms of grace and mercy; and though L was before as a to think of a dying hour, yet now I cried, Let me die: No, death was lovely and beautiful in my sight; for I saw, W: shall never live indeed, till we be gone to the other, world. O methought this life is but a slumber in comparison of that above.

242. Again, as I was at another time very ill and weak, and all that time also, the tempter did belet me strongly, labouring to hide from me my sormer experience of God's goodness, setting before me the terrors of death, and the judgment of God; in-

somuch, that at this time, thro' my fear of miscarrying forever (should I now die) I was one dead before death came, and did as if I had felt mylelf already descending into the pit: but just as I was in the midst of those fears, these words of the Angels carrying Lazarus into Abraham's bosom, darted in upon me, as who should fay, So it shall be with thee when thou dost leave this world. This did iwectly revive my spirit, and help me to hope in God; which, when I had with comfort muled on a while, that word fell with great weight upon my mind, O death! where is thy fling? O grave! where is thy victory? 1 Cor. xv. 55. At this I became both well in body and mind at once, for my fickness did presently vanish, and I walked comfortably in my work for God again.

243. At another time, though just before I was pretty well in my spirit, yet suddenly there fell upon me a great cloud of darkness, which did so hide from me the things of God and Christ, that I was as if I had never seen or known them in my life; I was also so over-run in my soul with a sense less frame of spirit, that I could not feel my soul to move and stir after grace and life by Christ. I was as if my loins were broken, or as if my hands and feet had been tied, or bound with chains. At this time also, I felt some weakness to seize upon my outward man, which made still the other affliction

the more heavy and uncomfortable.

244. After I had been in this condition three or four days, as I was fitting by the fire, I suddenly selt this word to sound in my heart, I must go to Jesus: at this my former darkness and Atheism sled way, and the blessed things of heaven were set within my view; while I was on this sudden thus overtaken with surprise; wife, said I, is there ever

such a scripture, I must go to Jesus? She i id she could not tell, Therefore I sat musing still to see if I could remember such a place. I had not sat above two or three minutes, but that scripture came in upon me, And to an innumerable company of Angels; and withall, Hebrews the twelsth about the Mount Sion was set before mine eyes, Heb. xii. 22, 23, 24.

245, Then with joy I told my wife, O now I know! I know! But that night was a good night to me, I never had but few better; I longed for the company of some of God's people, that I might have imparted unto them what God had shewed me; Christ was a precious Christ to my soul that night, I could sence lie in my bed for joy, and peace, and triumph thro' Christ; this great glory aid not continue upon me until morning, yet the two is of the author to the Hebrews was a blessed.

scripture to me for many days together.

Mount Sion to the city of the living God, to the heavenly Jerusalem, and to an innumerable company of Angels, to the general assembly and church of the first born, which are written in heaven, to God the judge of all, and to the spirits of just men made perfect, and to Jesus the Mediator of the new Testament, and to the blood of sprinkling that speaketh better things than that of Abel." This this blessed sentence, the Lord led me over and over, first to this word and then to that, and shewed me wonderful glory in every one of them. These words also have oft since this time been great refreshment to my spirit. Blessed be God for haveing mercy on nee,

A Brief Account of the Author's Call to the Work of the Ministry.

I will in this place thrust in a word or two concerning my preaching the word, and of God's dealing with me in that particular: for after I had been about five or six years awakened and helped to see both the worth and want of Jesus Christ our Lord, and enabled to venture my soul upon him: some of the most able among the Saints with us, I say the most able for judgment, and holiness of life, as they conceived, did perceive that God had counted me worthy to understand something of his will in his holy and blessed word, and had given me utterance in some measure to e: so so what I saw, to others for edification; they desired me with much earnestness, that I would sometimes speak a word of exhortation unto them.

248. The which, tho' at first it did much abash my spirit, yet being still by them intreated, I contented to their request, and did twice, at two several assemblies (in private) discover my gest amongst them: at which they not only seemed to be, but did solemnly protest, they were both assected and comforted; and gave thanks to the sather of mer-

cies for the grace beflowed on me.

249. After this, sometimes when some of them went into the country to teach, they would that I should go with them; where, tho' as yet I did not make use of my gift in an open way, yet more privately still, as I came amongst the good people in those places, I did sometimes speak a word of admonition unto them also: the which they, as the

other received with rejoicing at the mercy of God, to me ward, professing their souls were edified

thereby.

defired by the church, after force selemn prayer to the Lord, with fasting, I was more particularly called forth, and appointed to a more ordinary and public preaching the word, not only to and among them that believed, but also to offer the Gotpel to those that had not yet received the faith thereof. About which time I did evidently find in my mind a secret praking forward thereto: Tho' I bless God, not for detire of vain glory, for at that time I was most forely afflicted with the fiery darts of the devil concerning my eternal state.

found in the exercise of my gift, unto which also I was greatly animated, not only by the continual defires of the godly, but also by that laying of Paul to the Corinthians. 'I befrech you brethren, (ve know the houshold Stephanas, that is the first fruits of Achaia, and that they have addicted themselves to the ministry of the jaints) that you submit yourselves unto such, and to every one that helpeting

with us, and labourein.' 1 Cor. xvi. 15, 16.

Ghost never intended that men who have gifts and abilities, should bury them in the earth, but rather did command and stir up such to the exercise of their gift, and also did commend those that were apt and ready to to do. They have addicted themselves to the ministry of the Saints: This teripture in these days did continually run in my mind to encourage me in this my work for God; I have been also encouraged from several other scriptures and examples of the godly, both specified in the word

and other ancient histories. Alls viii. 4, and xviii.

24, 25, &c. 1 Pet. iv. 10. Rom. xii. 6.

253. Wherefore, tho' of mylelf of all the laints the most unworthy, yet I did let upon the work. and did according to my gift, and the proportion of my faith, preach that bleffed gospel that God had the wed me in the holy word of truth: which when the country understood, they came in to boar the

word by hundreds, and from all parts.

254. And I thank God, he gave unto me some measure of bowels, and pity for their fouls, which also did put me forward to labour with great diligence and earnessness to find out such a word as might lay hold of, and awaken the conscience; for I had not preached long, before some began to be touched, and greatly afflicted in their mind, at the apprehension of the greatness of their fin, and of

their need of Jesus Christ.

255. But I at first could not believe that God should speak by me to the heart of any man, still counting myself unworthy, yet those who thus were touched, would love me, and have a peculiar respect for me; and tho' I did put it from me that they should be awakened by me, still they would confess it, and assirm it before the saints of God; they would also bleis God for me (unworthy wretch that I am!) and count me God's instrument that thewed to them the way of falvation.

256. Wherefore feeing them in both their words and deeds to be to constant, and also in their hearts to earfieitly preffing after the knowledge of Jefus Christ, rejoicing that ever God did send me where they were: then I began to conclude it might be to, that God had waned in his work such a foolish one as I; and then came that word of God to my heart with much sweet refreshment, . The blessing of them that were ready to perish is come upon

me; yea, I cauled the widow's heart to fing for joy.' Job xxix. 13.

257. At this therefore I rejoiced, yea, the tears of those whom God did awaken by my preaching, would be both solace and encouragement to me: for I thought on those sayings, Who is he that maketh me glad, but the same that is made serry by me? 2 Cor. ii. 2. And again, Though I be not an apostle to others, yet doubtless I am unto you, for the scalest ray apostlession are ye in the Lord, 1 Cor. ix. 2. These things therefore was as another argument unto me, that God hath called me to, and stood by me in this work.

258. In my preaching of the word, I took special notice of this one thing, namely, That the Lord did lead me to begin where his word begins with sinners, that is, to condemn all sless, and to open and alledge that the curse of God by the law doth belong to, and lay hold on all men as they come into the world, because of sin. Now this part of my work I suffilled with great sense, for the terrors of the law and guilt for my transgressions, lay heavy on me. I preached what I selt, even that under which my poor soul did groan and tremble to assoultsment.

259. Indeed, I have been as one sent to them from the dead; I went myself in chains to preach to them in chains, and carried that fire in my own conscience, that I persuaded them to beware of. I can truly say, and that without dissembling, that when I have been to preach, I have gone full of guilt and terror even to the pulpit door, and there it hath been taken off, and I have been at liberty in my mind until I had done my work; and then immediately, even before I could get down the

pulpit-stairs, have been as bad as I was before: Yet God carried me on, but surely with a strong hand; for neither guilt nor hell could take me off

my work.

260. Thus I went for the space of two years, crying out against men's sins, and their fearful state because of them. After which, the Lord came in upon my own soul with some peace and comfort through Christ; for he gave me many discoveries of his blessed grace through him; therefore I did anuch labour to hold forth felus Christ in all his offices, relations and benefits unto the world, and did strive also to discover, to condemn and remove those false supports and props on which the world doth both lean, and by them fall and perish.

the mystery of union with Christ; and that I shewed to them also. And when I had travelled thro' these three chief points of the word of God about the space of sive years, I was caught in my present practice, and cast into prison, where I have sain above as long again to consirm the truth by way of suffering, as I was before in testifying of it, according

to the scripture, in a way of preaching.

262. When I have been in preaching, I thank God, my heart hath often with great earnestness cried to God, that he would make the word effectual to the salvation of the soul: still being grieved, less the enemy should take the word away from the conscience, and also it should become unfruitful.

253. Also when I had done the exercise, it hat is gone to my heart to think the word should now fall as rain on stony places; still wishing from my heart, that they who have heard me speak this day, did but see as I do, what sin, death, hell, and the curse of God is: and also what the grace, and love, and

TO THE CHIEF OF SINNERS.

mercy of God is, through Christ, to men in sites. tale as they are, who are yet estranged from him: and indeed, I did often say in my heart before the Lord. That if to be hanged up presently before their eyes, would be a means, to awaken them, and confirm them in the truth, I gladly should be contented.

264. For I have been in my presching, especially when I have been engaged in the doctrine of life by Christ, without works, as if an angel of God had spood by at my back to encourage me; It hath been with such power and heavenly evidence upon my own soul, while I have been labouring to unfold it, that I could not be contented with saying. I believe, and am sure: methought I was more that sure; that those things which Passerted, were true:

265. When I went first to preach the word abroad, the doctors and priests of the country did open wide against me; but I was persuaded of this, not to render railing for railing, but to see how many of their carnal professors I should convince of their miserable state by the law, and of the want and worth of Christ: for thought I, This shall answer for me in time to come, when they shall be for my like before their face. Gen: xxx. 33.

were controverted and in dispute amongst the saints, especially things of the lowest nature; yet it pleased me much to contend with great earnestness for the word of saith, and the temission of sins by the death; and sufferings of Jesus; but, as to other things, I should let them alone; because I saw they engendered strife, and because that they neither in doing, nor in leaving undone, did commend us to God to be his: besides, I saw my work before me did runt in another channel, even to carry an awakening

word; to that therefore did I stick and adhers.

of other mens lines, Rom. xv, 18. (though I concerns not all that do) for I verily thought, and found by experience, that what was taught me by the word and spirit of Christ, could be spaken, maintained and shood to, by the soundest and best established conscience: and shough I will not now speak all that I know in this matter, yet my experience hath more interest in that text of scripture, than many amongst men are aware. Oak i. 11.12, than many amongst men are aware.

268. If any of thole who were awakened by my ministry, did, after that fail back, I can truly tay, their lols bath been more to me, than if one of my own children, begover of my body, had been going to its grave: I think I may speak it without any offence to the Lard, needling both gone to near that, unless it was the fear of the falvation of my foul: I have counted as if I had goodly buildings, and Lordships in those places, where my children were born: my heart bath been to wrapt up in the glory of this excellent work, that I counted myself more blessed and honoured of God by this, than if he lead made me the emperor of the Christian world; or the Lord of all the glory; of the carth without it: O their words, "He that convertesh a honer land the crfor of his way, each tave a feel from death," Jami The fruit of the righteous is a tree of life; and he that winneth touls, is whic, I'tov. xi. 300 They that be wile, thine as the beightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to rightcoutnels, as the stars for ever and ever, Dan xii. g. For what is our hope, our joy, or crown of rejures ing? Are not se ever in the presence of our Lord Jelus Christ zi his coming? For ye are our glory and joy,' 1 Thest. ii. 19, 20. These, with many others of like nature, have been great refreshment into me.

rock to do for God. Lhave had first as if it was a the going of God upon my spirit to delire I might preach there, I have also objected, that such and such souls in particular, have been should for their laivation. And that these very locals share also this been given in as the small soft my ministry.

hath been a work to do upon finners, there the sevil hath been to roar in their kearts, and by the mouths of his fervants. Yes, disentimes when the wicked world hath raged, mail, there hath been fouls awakened by the world: I could inflance par-

ticulars but I forbear.

was to get into the darkest places of the quantry, even amongst these people that were surthest off of protession: yet not because I could not endure the right (for I feared not to show my gospel to any) but because I found my spirit did lean most after awakening and converting work, and the word that I carried, did lean it off most that way; "Yea, so have I strived to preach the gospel, not where this was named, lest I should build upon another than's foundation." Rom. xx. 20.

272. In my preaching, I have really been in pain, and have, as it were, travelled to bring forth children to God, winer could I be fatished unless some fruits did appear in my work; if I were fruitless, it mattered not who commended me; but if I were fruitful, I cried not who did condemn. I have thought of that, Lo, children are an heritage of the Lord; and the fruit of the womb is his reward. As arrows in the hand of a nighty man: so are children of the youth, Happy is the man that hath

filled his quiver full of them: they shall not be askamed, but they shall speak with the enemeics in

the gare, Pfel. exxvii. 3, 4, 5.

273. It pleased me nothing to see people drink in opnions, if they seemed ignorant of Jesus Christ, and the worth of their salvation, sound conviction for sin, especially for unbelief, and an heart set on fire to be saved by Christ, with strong breathings after truly sanctified soul; these were the souls I counted blessed.

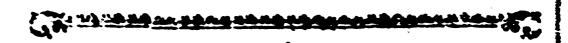
274. But in this work, as in all others, I had my temptations attending me, and that of divers kinds: as sometimes I should be assaulted with great discouragement therein, searing that I should not be able to speak a word at all to edification; nay, that I should not be able to speak sense to the people.

bowed myself with all my might to condemn sin and transgression wherever I found it: yea, though therein also I did bring guilt upon my own conscience: Let me die, thought I, with the Philipines, Judges xvi. 29, 30. rather than deal corruptly with the blessed Word of God: Thou that teachest and ther, teachest thou not thyself? It is far better that thou do judge thyself, even by preaching plainly unto others, than that thou, to save thyself, imprison the truth in unrighteousness: blessed be God for his help also in this.

276. I law therefore, that he diat hath gifts, had need of a fight of the nature of them, that they come short of making him to be in a truly saved condition, lest he rest in them, and so fall short of

the grace of God.

277. Levell men, therefore, prize a little with the tear of the Lord: gifts indeed are defirable, but yet grace and small gifts, are better than great gifts and no grace.



A PRIEF ACCOURT OF THE AUTHOR'S IMPRISONMENT.

If a possession of the glorious gospel of Christ a long time, and had preached the same about five years; I was apprehended at a meeting of good people in the country, (amongst whom, had they let me alone, I should have preached that day, but they took me away from amongst them) and had me before a justice; who, after I had offered security for my appearing at the next sessions, yet committed me, because my sureties would not consent to be bound that I should preach no more to the people.

upholder and maintainer of unlawful assemblies and conventicles, and for not conforming to the national worship of the church of England; after some conference there with the justices, was sentenced to perpetual banishment, because I resuste to conform. Being again delivered up to the geoler's hands, I was had back to prison, and there have lain now complete twelve years waiting to see what God will suffer

thefe men to do with me.

280. In which condition I have continued with much content through grace, but have met with many turnings and goings upon my heart, both from the Lord, satan, and my own corruptions; by all which I have also received much conviction, instruction, and understanding, of which at large I shall not here discourse; only, give you in a hint or two, a word that may stir up the godly to bless God, and to pray for me; and also to take encouragement, should the case be their own, Net to fear what man can do unto them.

F

281. I never had in my life, lo great an inlet into the word of God as now; them scriptures that I saw nothing in before, are made in this place and liane to thine upon me; Jelus Christ allo was nover more apparent to me than new. O that word, We have not preached unto you curningly devised tobles. . Peter i. 16, and that, God raifed Cirif from the dead, and gave him glary, that your faith and hope might be in God, 1 Peter i. 29, were blessed words

unto me in this my imprisoned condition.

1282. These three or four scriptures also have been great refreshment, in this condition, to me; John xiv. 1, 2, 3, 4. John xvi. 3 Col. iii, 3, 4. Heb. xii. 22, 23, 24. I have had sweet fights of the lorgiveness of my fins in this place, and of my being with Jelus in another world: "O the mount Zion, the heavenly Jeruialem, the innumerable company of angels, and God the judge of all, and the ipirits of just men made perfect, and Jeius," have been sweet unto me in this place. I have feen that here, that I am persuaded I shall never, while in this world, be able to express: I have seen a truth in that scripture, "Whom, having not seen, yet love, in whom, tho' now ye see him not, yet believing, ye rejoice with joy unipeakable, and full of glory," 1 Pet. i. 8.

283. Before I came to prilon, I law what was coming, and had especially two considerations warm upon my heapt; the first was, how to be able to endure, should my imprisonment be long and tedious. The second was, how to beable to encounter death, should that be here my portion. For the first of these, that scripture, Col. i. 11. was great information to me, namely, to pray to God " to be strength. ened with all might, according to his glorious power, unto all patience and long suffering with jeyfulneis,

I could seldom go to prayer before I was imprisoned, but for not so little as a year together, this sentence or sweet petition, would, as it were, thrust itself into my mind, and persuaded me, that is ever I would go through long suffering. I must have all patience, especially if I would endure it joyfully.

284. As to the second consideration, that saying (2 Cor. i. 9.) was of great use unto me. "But we had the sentence of death in ourselves, that we might not trust in ourselves, but in God that raiseth the dead." By this scripture I was made to see, that if ever I would suffer rightly, I must first pass a sentence of death upon every thing that can properly be called a thing of this life, even to reckon myself, my wife, my children, my health, my enjoyments, and all, as dead to me, and myself as dead to them.

hath often been to me in this place, as the pulling the flesh from my bones; and that not only because I am somewhat too fond of these great mercies, but because I should have often brought to my mind, the many hardships, miseries and wants that my poor family was like to meet with should I be taken from them, especially my poor blind child, who lay nearer my heart than all I had besides; O the thoughts of the hardship I thought this child might undergo, would break my heart to pieces.

286. Poor child! what forrow art thou like to have for thy portion in this world? But yet recalling myself, thought I, I must venture you all with God, though it goeth to the quick to leave you: O. I saw this condition, I was as a man who was pulling down his house upon the head of his wife and children; yet, thought I, I must do and now I thought of their two milk-kine the

were to carry the ark of God into another country, and to leave their calves behind them, '1 Sam. vi. 10. 11. 12.

287. But that which helped me in this temptation, was divers confiderations; of which three in special here I will name; the first was, the confideration of those two scriptures, 'Leave thy fatherless children. I will preserve them alive, and let thy widows trust in me;' and againg? The Lord said, Verily it shall go well with thy remnant; verily, I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of evil,'

&c. Jer. xlix. 11. chap, xv. 11.

288. I had also this confideration, that if I should now venture all for God, I engaged God to take care of my concernments; but if I torsook him and his ways, for fear of any trouble that should come to me or mine, then I should not only fallify my protession, but should count also that my concernments were not so sure, if lest at God's feet, whilst I stood to and for his name, as they would be if they were under my own tuition, tho with the signal of the way of God.

was, the droad of torments of hell, which I was fine they mult partake oi, that for fear of the crois, do thrink from their protession of Christ, his Word and laws, before the lons of men: and of the glary that he has prepared for those that in faith and love, and patience stood to his ways before them.

once above all the rest in a very sad and low condition for many weeks, at which time also, I being but a young prisoner and not acquainted with the laws, I had this lying much upon my spirit, That my imprisonment might end at the gallows for ought that I could tell; now therefore satan laid hard at me to bear me out of heart, by suggesting thus up-

to me; but how, if when you come indeed to die, you should be in this condition; that is, not to savour the things of God, nor to have an evidence upon your soul for a better state beseafter? (for, indeed, at that time, all the things of God were

kid from my foul.)

291. Wherefore, when I at first began to think of this, it was a great trauble time; for I thought with myself, that in the condition I now was in. I was not fit to die, neither indeed did I think I could, if I should be called to it: besides, I with myself, if I should make a scrabling shift to clamber up the indder, yet I should either with quaking, or other symptoms of fainting, give occasion to the enemy to reproach the way of God and his prople, for their timorousness.

292. I was also at this time, so really possessed with the thoughts of death, that oft I was as if on a ladder with the rope about my neck; only this was some encouragement to me, I thought I might now have an opportunity to speak my last words to a multitude, which I thought would come to see me die; and, thought I, if it must be so, if God will but convert one soul by my last words, I shall

not count my life thrown away, not lost.

of my fight, and fill the tempter followed me with, "But whither mult you go when you die? what will become of you? where will you be found in another world? what evidence have you for heaven and glory, and an inheritance among them that are landified?" Thus was I toffed for many weeks, and knew not what to do; at left this confideration fell with weight upon me. That it was for the word, and way of God that I was in this condition, wherefore I was engaged not to flinch from it.

294. I thought also, that God might choose whe-

ther he would give me comfort now, or at the lear of death; but I might not therefore choole whether I would hold my profession or not. I was hound, but he was free; yea, it was my duty to stand to his word, whether he would ever look upon me, or save me at the last: wherefore, thought I, the point is stars; I am for going on and venturing my eternal side with Christ whether I have comfort here or no; if God doth not corre in, the said I, "I will leap off the ladder even blind-loss to eternity, fink or swim, come heaven, come the loss of the ladder even blind-loss to eternity, fink or swim, come heaven, come to a little loss of the ladder even blind-loss to eternity, fink or swim, come heaven, come heaven, out the loss of the ladder even blind-loss to eternity, fink or swim, come heaven, out the loss of the ladder even blind-loss to eternity.

but that word dropt upon me, Doth Job serve God for nought? as if the scenser had said, Lord, Job is no upright man, for he serves thee by relapetts; hast thou not made an hedge about him? &c. but put forth now thing hand, and touch all that he

hath, and he will curse thee to thy sace.' How how, thought I, is this the sign of an upright soul, to define to serve God when all is taken from him? Is he a Godly man that will serve God for nothing father than give out? Blessed be God! then I hope

I have an upright heart, for I am resolved (God giving me strength) never to deay my profession, though I have nothing at all for the pains: and as I was thus considering, that scripture was set before

Bie, Pfalm xliv. 12. &c.

296. Now was my heart full of comfort, for I hoped it was fincere: I would not have been without this trial for much. I am comforted every time I think of it, and I hope I shall bless God forever, for the teaching I have had by it. Many more of the dealings of God towards me I might relate, but these out of the spoils won in battles have I dedicated to maintain the house of God, 1 Chronicles 26, 27.

Mark Land

THE CONCLUSION.

IF all the temptations that ever I met with in my life, to question the being and truth of the Gospel, is the worst, and worst to be borne; when this temptation comes, it takes away my givcle from me, and removeth the foundation from under me: O I have often thought of that word, Have your loins girt about with truth a and of the When the foundations are destroyed, what can the right tous do? Sometimes, when after fin committed, have looked for fore chastilement from the hand of God, the very next that I ! .! from him, hath been the discovery of his grace. Sometimes when I have been comforted, I have called myleif a fool for my fo thinking under trouble. And then again, when I have been cast down, I thought I was not wile to give such way to comfort. With such strength and weight have both thele been upon time.

that though God doth visit my soul with never so blessed a discovery of himself, yet I have found again, that such hours have attended me afterwards, that I have been in my spirit to filled with darkness, that I muld not so much as once conceive what that God and shat comfort was, with which I have

been refreshed.

3. I have sometimes seen more in a line of the Bible, than I could well tell how to stand under, and yet at another time the whole Bible hath been to me as dry as a stick; or rather my heart hath been so dead and dry unto it, that I could not conceive the least dram of resreshment, though I have looked it all over.

4. Of all tears, they are best that are made by the blood of Christ, and of all joy, that is the sweetest; that is mixed with mourning over Christ: Oh! 'tis a goodly thing to be on our knees with Christ in our arms, before God, I hope I know something of these things.

5. I find, to this day, seven abominations in my heart: 1. Inclinations to unbelief. 2. Suddenly to forget the love and mercy that Christ manifesteth. 3. A leaning to the works of the law. 4. Wenderings and coldness in prayer. 5. To forget watch for that I pray for. 6. Apt to muranur cause I have no more and yet ready to abuse what I have. 7: I can do none of those things which God commands me, it my corruptions will thrust in themselves; when I would do good, evil is present with me.

of These things I continually see and seel, and am afflicted and oppressed with; yet the wildom of God doth order them for my good: 1. They make me abhor myself. 2. They keep me from trusting my heart. 3. They convince me of the insufficiency of all inherent rightcoulness. 4. They show me the necessary of sleeing to Jesus. 5. They press me to pray unto God. 6. They show me the need I have to watch and be lober. 7. And provoke me to pray unto God through Christ to help me, and carry me through this world. And.