GRACE ABOUNDING

TO THE

CHIEF

OF

SINNERS:

OR,

EXCREDING MERCY OF GOD IN CHRIST.

TO HIS POOR SERVAND

Wherein is particularly shewn, the manner of his conversion, his fight and treatles for sin, his dreadful temptations; also, how he despaired of God's mercy and how the Lord at length, through Christ, did deliver him from all the guilt and terror that lay upon him.

All which was written by his own and, and now published for the support of the weak and tempted people of God.

Psau. Ixvi. 16. Cosse and hear, all ye that fear God, and I will declare what he bath done for my Soul.

HEST BUDSON EDITION.

HUDSON:

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The PREFACE:

Work: written by it a district instead, are dedicated no thole whom God buth counted him worthy to beget to Faith, by his Minife try in the Word.

MHILDREN, grace be with you, Amen. I being taken from you in presence, and for tied up, that I cannot perform that duty that from God doth lay upon me, to you ward, for your further edifying and building up in faith and holiness, &c. Yet that you may see my soul hath fatherly sare and defice after your spiritual and everlatting welfare; I now once again, as from the top of Shenir and Hermon, so from the Line dens, and from the mountains of the Leopards, (Song iv. 8.) do look yet after all, greatly fonging to fee your fafe arrival into the desired haven.

I thank God upon every remembrance of you, and rejoice even while I slick between the reath of the Lions in the wilderness, at the grace, and mercy, and knowledge of Christ our Saviour, which God hath bellowed upon you, with alandance of faith and love. Your Lungerings and thickings and after further acgenmance with the Pather in his Son; your? underness of heart, your trembling at sin, your Sober and holy deportment to me: For you? are my glory, and joy, 1 Thest. ii. 20.

I have fine you here encloted a drop of \$ the house that I have taken our of the carcala

of a Lion, Judge xiv. 5, 6, 7, 8. I have eaten thereof myseli also, and I am much refreshed thereby, (temptations when we meet with them at first, are as the Lion that roared upon Samp-Or, a brief account of the publishing of this font burif we overcome them the next time we Le mem, we man find a net of honey without them.) The Philillines understand me not: It is something a relation of the work of God upon my own foul, even from the very first, will now: wherein you may perceive my castings down, and rifings up: for he woundeth and his hands make whole. It is written in the scripture, If. xxxviii. 19. The father to the children shall make known the truth of God. Yea, it was for this reason I lay so long in Sinai, (Lev. iv. 10. 11.) to see the fire and the cloud, and the darkness, that I might fear the Lord all the days of my life upon earth, and tell of his roondrous works to my children, Plalins Ixxviii. 3, 4, 5.

Moses, Numb. xxxiii. 1. 2, writes of the journeying of the children of Israel from Egypt to the land of Canaan; and commanded also, that they remember their forty years travel in the wilderness. Thou shall remember all the way which the Lore thy God led thee thefe forty years in the wilderness, to bumble thee, and to prove thee, and to know aubot was in thene beart, whether thou woulded keep his commandments or no, Deut. viii. 2, 3. Wherefore this I have endeavored to do; and not only fo, but to publish it also; that, if God will, others may be put in remembrance of what he hath done for their foals, by reading his work upon me.

It is profeable for Childhan to be often calling to mind the very beginnings of grand with 4

their fouls. It is a night to be much observed land of Fgypt. This is that night of the Lord to be observed of all the children of Israel in their generations, Exod. xii. 42. My God faith David, Plat. xiii. 6. My foul is cast dorong within me, but I will remember thee from the land of Jordan, and of the Hermonites, from the hill Mizar. He remembered also the Lion and the Bear, when he went to fight with the Giant of Gath, 1 Sam. xvii. 36, 37.

It was Paul's accustomed manner, Acts xxii, and that when tried for his life, Acts xxiv, even! version: He would think of that day and that hour, in which he first did meet with g. zce; for he found it supported him. When God! had brought the children of Ifrael through the Red Sea, far into the wildernels; yet they must return quite about thither again, to remember the drowning of their enemies there, Num. xiv. 25. for though they lang his praise before, yet they from forgot his works, Plalms evi. 11.

In this discourse of mine, you may see much; much, I say, of the grace of God towards me: I thank God I can count it much, for it was above my fine, and Satan's temptations. I cant remember my fears, and doubts, and tad months, with comfort: they are as the head of Coliah in my hand; there was nothing to David like Goliah's fword, even that fword that thould have been theathed in his bowels; for the very fight and remembrance of that, did preach for h God's deliverance to him. O the temembrance of my great fins, of my great

temperations, and of my great fears of my perishing forever! They bring fresh into my mind, to the Lord, for bringing them out from the the remembrance of My great in p. my great support from heaven, and the great grace that God extended to fur ha wretch as i.

My dear children, call to mind the former days, and years of ancient times; semember also your fongs in the night, and commune with yourown heart, Plat. Ixxiii. 5, 6, 1, 16, 9, 10, 11, Yea, look diligently, and have no conner therein unsearched; for that is a refure hid, even the trealere of your first and see wid experience of the grace of God toward ym. member, I fay, the word that first said hold to open before his judges the manner of his con- upon you; remember your terrors of conscience and fear of death and hell: Remember also your tears and prayers to God, yea, how you fighed under every heigh of mercy. Have you never a hill Mizar to remember? Have you for or the clote, the milk-houle, the stable, the barn, and the like where God did vilit your Eul? Remember also the word, the word, I fay, upon which the Lord bath caused you to hope; if you have finned against light. It you are tempted to bidphome, if you are down in despair, if you think that God lights against you, or it heaven a nid from your eyes, comember it was thus with your father, but out of them all the LOPD delivered me.

Locald lave energed much in this my difcourse of my temperation and troubles for fin, as airs of the protection bindness and working of God with en leat: I would also have stept into a stile much higher than this in which I have here discourted, and could have adorned all things more than acre I have feemed to do;

but I dare not. God did not play in convincing of me; the devil did not play in tempting of me; neither did I play when I funk as into a bottomless pit, when the pange of Hell caught both upon me: wherefore I may not play in my relating of them, but be plant and simple, and hay down the thing as it was: He that liketh it, let him receive it; and he that does not, let bins produce a better—Farewel.

My dear Children,
The milk and honey is beyond this wilderness; he God he merciful to you, and grant you be not flothful to go in to possess the land.

JOHN BUNYAN.

GRACE ABOUNDING

TO THE

CHIEF of SINNERS:

OR

A brief relation of the exceeding mercy of God in Christ, to his poor servant John Bunyan.

In this my relation of the merciful working of God upon my foul, it will not be amils, if, in the first place, I do in a few words give you a hint of my pedigree, and manner of bringing up; that thereby the goodness and bounty of God towards me, may be the more advanced and magnified before the sons of men.

2. For my descent then, it was, as is well known by many, of a low and inconsiderable generation; my father's house being of that rank that is meanest, and most despised of all the families in the land. Wherefore, I have not here as others, to boast of noble blood, or a high boar state, according to the stell; Though all things considered. I magnify the heavenly majula, for that by this door he brought me may this world, to partake of the grace and life case is in Christ by the gospel.

3. But yet notwithstanding the meanners and inconsiderableness of my parents, it pleased God to partitions their hearts, to put me to school, to learn both to read and write; the second also arrained, according to the rate of other poor mean's closely though to my shame a coal-

fels, I did soon lose that little I learnt, even did work his gracious work of conversion upon

my foul.

4. As to my own natural life, for the time that I was withour God in the world, I was indeed, according to the curfe of this world, and the Spirit that now worketh in the children of diff vésélience, Eph. ii. 2, 3. It was my delignt to be taken captive by the devil as his with, 2 Tim. ii. 26. Being filled with all unrighteoninels; the which did also strongly work, and put forth itself, both in my heart and life, and that from a child, that I had but few equals, (especially confidering my years, which were tender, being few) both for curling, fivearing, lying and biaspheming the holy name of God.

5. Yea, so settled and rooted was I in these things, that they became as a second nature to min; the which, as I also have with soccracks ! confidered fince, did lo offend the Lord, that even in my child-hood he did feare and affright me wich fearful dieams, and did terrify me with dreadful visions. For often after I had spent this and the other day in fin, I have in bed been areatly afflorted, while all up with the appreahensions of devils, and wicked spirits, who still, as I then thought, labored to draw me away with them; or which I could never get rid. Also I should at these years be greatly adhisted and tronoicd with the thoughts of the fearful turments of hell me; this fearing that it would be my lot to be sound at last among those devis and hellith fields, who are there bound down with the chains and benessor eternal darknets.

6. The le things, I ke, when I was a child

about nine or ten years old, did so distress my almost utterly, and that long before the Lord foul, that when in the midit of my sports and childs wanities, amidst my vain companions, & was often much call down and afflicted in my count merewith; yet could I not let go my fins. Yea, I was overcome with despair of life, and heaven, that then I should often with, either that there had been no hell, or that I had been a devil: inpposing they were only tormentors; that if it must needs be, that I indeed went thither. I might be rather a tormentor, than be tormented myfelf.

7. A while after, these terrible dreams did leave me, which also I foon forgot; for my picalures did quickly cut off the remembrance of them, as if they had never been; wherefore, with more greediness, according to the flrength of nature, I sid hill let loofe the reins to my lust, and delighted in all transgressions against the law of God; so that until I came to the flate of marriage, I was the very ringleader of all the youth that kept me company, in all manner of vice and ungodlinefs.

8. Yea, Inch prevalency had the lult and fruits of the field in this poor foul of mine, that had not a miracle of grace prevented, I had not only perillical by the stroke of eternal judice, but also laid myself open to the stroke of the laws, which bring tome to allgrace and open flame before the face of ele world.

c. In these days, the thoughts of religion were very gricvous to me; I could neither endure is mylen, nor that any other thould; to that where I have feen fome read in those books that experied chaitin puty, a would be, as it were, a prilon to me. Then I faid with

GOD, depart from me, for I defire not the knowledge of thy ways, Job xxi. 14, 15. I was now void of all good confideration; heaven and hell were both out of fight and mind; and as for faving and damning, they were least in my thoughts. O Lord, thou knoweft my life, and my ways were not hid from thee.

I could myself sin with the greatest delight and ease and also take pleasure in the vileness of my companions, yet even then, if I have at any time seen wicked things by those who professed goodness, it would make my spirit to tremble. As one above all the rest, when I was in my height of vanity, yet hearing one to swear, that was reckoned for a religious man, it had so great a stroke upon my spirit, that it made my heart ache.

followed me stil, not now with convictions but judgements, yet such as were mixt with mercy. For once I sell into a creek of the sea, and hardly escaped drowning. Another time I sell out of a boat into Redford river, but mercy yet preserved me alive; besides, another time being in the sield, with one of my companions, it chanced that an adder passed over the high way, so I having a slick in my hand, struck her over the back, and having wounded her. I forced open her mouth with my stick, and plucked her sting out with my singers, by which act had God not been merciful to me, I might have brought my self to my end.

This also have I taken notice of with thanksgiving: When I was a soldier, I with others were drawn out to go to such a place to beliege it, but when I was just ready to go one of the company defired to go in my room, to which, when I had consented, he took my place, and coming to the stege, as he stood centinel, he was shot in the head with a musker bullet, and died.

Here, as I said, were judgments and mercy, but neither of them did awaken my soul to right-cousness, wherefore I sinned still, and grew more and more rebellious against God, and careless of mine own salvation.

12. Presently after this I changed my condition into a married state; and my mercy was to light upon my wife, whose father was counted godly: This woman and I, tho' we came together as poor as poor might be, (not having so much household stuff as a dish, or spoon betwixt us both) yet this she had for her part, The plain man's path way to Heaven, and, The practice of piety, which her father had left her, when he died. In these two books, I should sometimes read with her, wherein I also found some things that were somewhat pleasing to me; (but all this while I met with no conviction.) She also often told to me what a godly man her father was, and how he would reprove and correct vice, both in his house, and amongst his neighbors; what a strict life he lived in his day, both in word and deed.

13. Wherefore these books, with this relation, the they did not reach my heart to awaken it about my sad and sinful state, yet they did beget within me some desires to religion; so that because I knew no better, I fell in very early with the religion of the times, viz. to go to church twice a day, and that too with the

foremost, and there should very devoutly both say and sing as others did; yet retaining my wicked life; but withal, I was so over-tun with the spirit of superstition, that I adored, and that with great devotion, even all things (both the high place, priest, clerk, veltments, service and what else) belonging to the church; counting all things boly that were therein contained; and especially the priest and clerk most happy, and without doubt greatly blessed because they were the servants as I then thought, of God; and were principal in the holy temple, to do his work therein.

upon my spirit, that had I seem but a priest tho' ever so sordid and debauched in his life) I should in my spirit fall under him, reverence him and knit unto him; yea, I thought for the love I did bear unto them, (supposing they were the ministers of God) I could have sain down at their seet, and have been trasspied upon by them; their name, their garb, and word, did so intoxicate and be witch me.

erable time, another thought came in my mind, and that was whether we were of the Ijraeliter or no? For finding in the scriptures, that they were once the peculiar people of God, I thought, if I were one of this race, my soul must needs be happy. Now again, I found wi him me a great longing to be resolved about this question, but could not tell how I should; at last, I asked my father about it, who told me, Ivo, as were not; wherefore then I fell in my spirit, as to the hopes of that, and so remained.

16. Bet all this while I was not sensible of

sthe danger and evil of sin: I was kept from considering that sin would damn me, what religion soever I sollowed, unless I was sound in Christ; may, I never thought of him, nor whether there was one or no, Thus man, while blind, deth wander, but wearieth himself with vanity; for he knoweth not the way to the city of God, Eccles. x. 15.

17. But one day (amongst all the sermons our parson made) his subject was to treat of the Sabbath day, and of the evil of breaking that, either with labor, sports, or otherwise; (now I was notwithstanding my religion, one that took much delight in all manner of vice, and especially that was the day that I did solace myself therewith.) Wherefore I sell in my conscience under his sermon, thinking, and believing that he made that fermon on purpose to shew nee my evil doings; and at that time I felt what guilt was, tho' never before, that I can remember; but then I was for the present greatly loaded therewith, and to went home when the sermon was ended, with a great burden on my spirit.

18. This for that instant did beaumb the snews of my best delights, and did embitter my former pleasures to me; but behold, it lasted not; for before I had well dined, the trouble began to go off my mind, and my heart returned to its old course: But, Oh! how glad was I that this trouble was gone from me, and that the fire was put out, that I might sin again without control! Wherefore, when I had satisfied nature with my food, I shook the sum of food not my mind, and to my old customs.

of sports and gaming, I returned with great delight.

- of a game at cat, and having struck it one blows from the hole: Just as I was about to strike it the second time, a voice did suddenly dart from Heaven into my soul, which said. Will thous leave thy sins and go to Heaven? or have thy sins and go to Heaven? or have thy sins and go to Hell? At this I was put to an exceeding maze; wherefore leaving my cat upon the ground, I looked up to heaven, and was as if I had with the eyes of my understanding, seen the Lord Jesus looking down upon me, as being very highly displeased with me, and as if he did severely threaten me with some grievous panishment for these, and other, my ungodly prastices.
- 20. I had no sooner conceived in my mind, but suddenly this conclusion was fastened on my spirit, (for the former hint did set my fine again before my face. That I had been a great and grievous finner, and that it was more too late for me to look after Heaven, for Christ would not forgive me nor pardon my transgression. Then I fel to muling upon this also; and while I was thinking on it, and fearing lest it should be so, I felt my heart fink in delpair, concluding it was too late; and therefore I refolved in my mind I would go on in lin; for thought I, if the cale be thus, my state is surely miserable; miserable, if I leave my fins; and but miserable, if I follow them. I can be but damned; and if it mult be so, I had as good be damned for many fins, as he damned for few.
- fore all that then were present; but yet I told

them nothing; but, I say, I have made this conclusion, I returned desperately to fort again: and I well remember, that prefently this kind of despair did so possess my soul, that I was perfuaded I could never attain to other comfort than what I should get in sin? for heaven was gone already, to that on that I must not think; wherefore I found within me a great defire to take my fill of fin, still studying what sin was yet to be committed, that I might taste the sweetness of it; and I made as much haste as I could to fill my belly with its delicates, lest I shou'd die before I had my desires; for that I feared greatly. In these things I protest before God I he not, neither do I feign this form of speech; these were really, strongly and with all my heart, my desires; the Lord, whose mercy is unlearchable, forgive me my transgres-

- 22 (And I am very confident that this temptation of the devil, is more usual among poor creatures than many are aware of, even to overrun the spirits with scurffy and seared frame of heart, and benumning of conscience; which frame he still and slily supplieth with such despair that though not much guilt attendeth the soul, yet they continually have a secret conclution within them, that there is no hopes for them; for they have loved fine, Jer. ii. 25, and zviii 12.)
- 23. Now therefore I went on in fin with reat greediness of mind, still gradging that I could not be so satisfied with it as I would: this did continue with me about a month or more. But one day as I was standing at a neighbor's thop window, and there cutting and

fwearing and playing the mad-man after my wonted manner, there fat within the woman of the house, and heard me, who tho' she was a very ungodly wretch, yet protested that I swore and curled at a fearful rate, that the was made to tremble to hear me: and told me further, That I was the ungodlieft fellow for swearing, that ever she had heard in all her life; and that by this doing was able to speil all the youth in the town, if they came but in my company.

24. At this reproof I was filenced, and put to secret shame; and that too, as I thought before the God of Heaven; Wherefore while I flood there, and hanging down my head, I wished with all my heart, that I might be a little child again, that my father might learn me to speak without this wicked way of swearing; for thought I, I am so accustomed to it, that it is but in vain for me to think of a reformation, for I thought that it could never be.

25. But he v it came to pass I know not, I did from this time forward to leave my fwearing, that it was a great wonder to observe it; and whereas I made use of an oath to make my words have authority, now I could speak better, and with more pleasantness than ever I could before: all this while I knew not Jusus Christ,

neither did I leave my sports and play.

26. But quickly after this, I fell in company with one poor man that made profession of religion, who, as I then thought, did talk pleafandly of the scripture, and of the matters of religion; wherefore falling into some love and liking to what he said, I betook me to my Bible and begin to take some pleasure in reading, but especially with the historical part thereof: for, as

for St. Paul's enidles, and Collegeres of that no ture, I could not away with them, being as to but ignorant either of the corruptions of my nec mire, or the want and worth of Jefus Christ in

27. Wherefore I fell to feme answard refore motion both in words and life, and fet the conmandizion's before me, for my way to hearen; which commandments I aif dist drive to knew; and as I thought, did keep them pretty well fonetimes, and then I thould have comfore; yet now and then thould be ak one, and framhat my conference; but then I should reprot an ! and fay, I was forry for it, and promile to Go! to do never next time, and there get help again.

28. Thus I continued every year, all which tine our neighbors did take me to be a very godly man, a ne zaot religious man, and dil marrel much to be fuch a great alteration in any life and manners; and in had to it was, that yet I kne what Chair nor quiete, nor faith, nor shope; and tooly as I have soull form fines, had I then died, or, thate but been most fearful: Well, this I has commoned about a twelve month

29. Now you one? know, that before this I that taken much delight in ringiaz, but my coofreence agginality to be mader: I thought the had a practice was but in view, and therefore from implication loves in year handkered, when -Fore I did go to the ties, to scale and look In: but I thought this did not become religion beither yet I recent myfill, and would be to pa shall that quickly after I began to this by flow in one of the botto-final term; then I choose

to stand under a main beam that lay over athwart the steeple from side to side thicking there I might tland fecure: But then I would think again, should the be!! fall with a swing it might field bit the wall and then rebounding upon me might kill me for all this beam; this made me hand in the fleeple door, and now thought I, I am lafe enough, for it a boll should then fall. I can flip out behind these thick walls, and so be preserved nor withstanding. So after this, I would yet go to be them ring, but would not go further than the firefile door, but then it came into my head, how if the fleeple irself should fall, and this thought. (it may fell for ought I know) would at en I (bood, and looked on, continually to thake my mind, that I durft not fland at the free le door my long. er but was forced to fly for fear it flouid then fall upon mine head

year before I could grave leave it. But all this their unbelief, and did contents, flight and abhor while when I thought I kept this or that com- their own uphtrousness, as filly and info. E. mandment, or did by word or deed any thing cient to do them any road. that I thought was good, I had great peace in 31. And we thought they spoke, as it is my conscience, and would think with myself did make there he k; t'ey spake with they God cannot choose but be now pleafed with me pleafantness of his place harage, and with him. yea to relate it in my own way. I thought not appearance or pare in all they faid, that they

while has read of Christic and poing at our to of more not to be readed and of their military, athan the own tichteonfiels, had peritned Number xxii 9. of my has being nature.

came where there were three or four poor women, fitting at a door in the fun, talking about the things of God, and being now willing to hear them discourse, I drew near to hear what they faid, for I was now a briffe talker also my felf in the matters of religion. But I may fav: Theard, but I understand not, for they were ter above out of my reach, their talk was about a new birth, the work of God on their hearts; also, how they were convinced of their milerable state by nature; they talked how God had visited their souls with his love in the Lord for fus, and with what words and promites they had been refreshed, comforted and supported against the temptations of the devil; morrover, they reasoned of the suggestions and tempations of Satan in particular, and told to each other, by which they had b chadheled, and how they were borne in under his allaults; they also dif-Another thing was my cancing, I was a fully courfed of their own wretchedness of heart, of

man in England could please God better than I were to me as it it is had found a new world, In poor wretch, as I was, I was all this as it they were It / b that decide of a, and

redire the nor Oed in mercy through the most gar. Ot the felt my own is art began to flake and maired my comes on to be mache; que l'or apone l'on, the good previdence of for I faw that in all my that is about religion Cit illy A me to Bedlerd, to work at my and file tion, they will be one cover med Latter with the control that town in the many and in the control is the control of the control o

30

word and promise, nor the deceit and treachcry of my own wicked heart. As for fecret thoughts, I took no notice of them, neither did l understand what Satan's temptations were, nor how they were to be withstood and refisted, &c.

- 33. Thus therefore when I heard and confidered what they faid, I left them and went about my employment again; but their talk and discourse went with me, also my heart would tarry with them, for I was greatly afflicted with their words, both because by them I was convinced of the happy and bleffed condition of him that was fuch an one.
- 34. Therefore I should often make it my buliness to be going into the company of these poor people; for I could not stay away; and the more I went amongst them, the more I did quellion my condition; and as I flill do remember, presently I found two things within me, at which I did marvel, (especially confidering what a blind, ignorant, and ungodly wretch Lut just besore I was) one was a great softness and tendernels of heart, which caused me to fail under the conviction of what by scripture they afferted, the other was a bending on my mind to a meditating on them, and on all other good things which at any time I heard or read of.
- 35. By these things, my, mind was now so turned, that it lay like a horse leech at the vein, still crying out, Give, give, Prov. xxx. 15. Yea, it was to fixed on eternity, and on the tinings about the Kingdom of Heaven, (that is so far as I knew tho as yet God knows I knew but little) that beither pleafure not profits, nor parluntions, nor threate, could look it or

make it let go its hold; and tho' I may speak it with shame, yet it is indeed a very certain truth, it would then have been as difficult for me to have taken my mind from heaven to earth, as I have found it often lince to get it again from earth to heaven.

36. One thing I may not omit, there was a young man in our town, to whom my heart before was knit more than to any other, but he being a most wicked areature for carling and swearing, and whoring, I shook him off, and forsook his company, but about a quarter of a year after I had lest him, I met him in a certain lane, and asked how he did, he after his old swearing and mad way answered, he was well. Harry faid 1, why do you swear and curse thus? what will become of you if you die in this condition? he answered me in a great chafe What would the Devil do jor sampany if it were not for fuch as I am.

37. About this time, I met with some Ranters books that were put forth by some of our countrymen, which books were also highly in cfteem by several old professors; some of these I read, but was not able to make a judgment about them. Wherefore as I read in them, and thought upon them, (feeling myfelfunable to judge) I should bebetake myself to hearty prayer in this manner; "O Lord I am a fool, and not able to know the truth from error: Lord leave me not to my own blindness, either to approve of, or condemn this doctrine; if it be of God, let me not despile it, if it be of the devil let me not embrace it. Lord I lay my feul in this matter, only at thy foot, let me not be deceived. I humbly hefrech thee.' I had one religious intimate companion

all this while, and that was the poor man that I spoke of before, but about this time he also turned a most devilish Ranter, and gave himfelf up to all manner of filthiness, especially uncleanness; he would also deny that there was a God, Angel, or Spirit, and would laugh the more and pretend that he had gone through all religions, and could never light upon the right till now, he told me also, that in a little time I should see all professions turn the ways of the Ranters; wherefore, abominating these cursed principles, I lest his company torthwith, and became to him as great a stranger as I had been before a familiar; Neither was this man only a temptation to me, but my calling lying in the country, I happened to light into feveral people's company: who, though strict in religion formerly, yet were also swept away by these Ranters. These would also talk with me of Her ways, and condemn me as legal and dark, pretended that they only had attained to perfaction, that could do what they would and not O these temptations were svitable to my fleth, I being but a young man, and my nature in its prime, but God who had as I hoped defigured me for better things, kept me in the fear of his name, and did not fuffer me to accept of fuch curfed principles. And bleffed be God who put it in my heart to cry to him to be lept and directed, Itill auftruffing mine own wifdom, for I have fince feen even the effect of that prayer in his preferring me, not only from ranting errors, but from those also that have sprung up The Bible was precious to me in those fince. da 🐃

38. And now, me thought I began to look

into the Bible with new eyes, and read as I never did before: and especially the cpilles of the Apostle St. Paul were sweet and pleasant to me; and indeed, I was then never out of the Bible, either by reading or meditation, still crying out to God, that I might know the truth, and way to Heaven and Glory.

39. And as I went on and read, I lighted on that pallage, To one is given by the spirit the word of wisdom, to another the word of known ledge by the same spirit, and to another faith, Sc. I Cor. xii. And though as I have since seen, that by this scripture the Holy Ghost intends, special things extraordinary, yet on me it then did fusten with conviction, that I did want things ordinary, even that understanding and wisdom that other Christians had. On this word I mused, and could not till what to do, especially this word (Faith) put me to it, for I could not help it, but some times must question, whether I had any faith; for if I do so, thought 1, then I shall count myself a very castaway indeed.

40. No, faid I, tho' I am convinced that I am an ignorant fot and that I want those blessed gilts of knowledge, and understanding that other good people have, yet at a venture I will conclude, I am not altogether faithless, tho' I know not what faith is. For it was shewn me, and that too (as I have fince feen) by Satan. that those who conclude themselves in a faithless state, have neither rest nor quiet in their souls; and I was loth to fall quite into despair.

41. Wherefore by this suggestion, I was for a while made afraid to see my wast of faith; but God would not suffer me thus to undo and destroy my soul, but did continually against my blind and sad conclusion, create still within me such suppositions, insumuch that I could not rest content, until I due now come to some certain knowledge, whether I had faith or no; this are as tenning in my mind, But how if you want faith in test. But how can you tell you have faith: chad brides; I saw for certain it had it not. I was sure to perish forever.

over the behaves of fach, yet in a little time I better confidering the matter, was willing to put myfelf upon trial, whether I had faith or no, but poor wretch! so ignorant and bruth was I, that I knew to this day no more how to do it, than I know how to begin and accomplish that rare and curious piece of art, which I never yet saw or considered.

43. Wherefore while I was thus confidering, and being put to a stand about it (for you must know that as yet I had in this metter broken my mind to no man, only did hear and consider) the temper came in with this delusion, that there was no way for me to know I had faith but by trying to work some miracle, urging those scriptures, that seem to look that way, for the enforcing and threngthening his temptation. One day as I was betwixt Ellfow and Bedford, the temperation was hot upon me, to try if ! had faith by doing some miracle; which miracle at that time was, I must fey to the puddles that were in the horse pads, he dry; and the dry places, be you the puddles; and truly one time I was going to say to indeed but just as I was about to speak, this thought came into my mind, But go under youder he les, and pray first, that

God would make you able: But when I had concluded to pray, this came hot upon me, that if I prayed and came again and tried to do it, and yet did nothing notwithstanding, then befure I had no saith but was a cast away, and: Nay, thought I, if it be so, I will never try yet, but will slay a little longer.

44. So I continued at a great loss, for I thought if they only had faith who could do such wonderful things, then I concluded, that for the present! neither had it, nor yet for a time to come were like to have it. Thus I was to seed betwixt the decil and my own ignorance, and so perplexed, especially at some times, that I could not tell what to do.

of these poor people at Bedford, was thus in a kind of vision presented unto me: I saw, as it they were set on the samy side of some high mountain, resreshing the asolves with the pleasant beams of the sun, while I was shivering and shrinking; afflicted with frost, snow and dark clouds; me thought also betwixt me and them, I saw a wait that did compass about this mountain; through this wait, my sould did groudy define to pass, concluding, that it is could, have would go even into the very midte of them, and there also comfort myself with the heat of their sun.

46. About this wall, I shought myfelf to go again and again, still praying as I want, to see if I could find some way or pass go by which I might enter therein, but none could I find for some time; at the last, I saw at it were a narrow gay, like a little door way in the wall,

through which I attempted to pass; now the pairige being very ftrait, I made many offers to get in, but in vain, even until I was quite beatout by Briving to get in; at last with great (triv ing, me thought I at first did get in my head, and after that by fideling striving my shoulders, and my whole body; then was I exceeding g'ad, and went and fat down in the midst of them, and so was comforted with the light and heat of their sun.

47. Now this mountain and wall, &c. was thus made out to me; The mountain fignified the church of the living God; the fun that shone thereon, the comfortable shining of his merciful face on them that were therein. wall I thought, was the word that did make separation between the Christians and the world and the gap which was in this warl, I though was Christ, who is the way to God the Father John xiv. 6. Math. vii. 14 But for as much as the passage was wonderful narrow, even so narrow, that I could not, but with great difficul ty, enter into life, but those that were in down right earnest, and unless also they lest this wicked world behind them; for here was only room for body and foul, but not for fin.

48. This refemblance abode upon my spirit many days all which time I faw myfelf in a for lors and fad condition, but yet wa provoked to vehilment hunger, and delire to be one of that number that did fit i the familiae; now l should pary wherever a was, whether at home or abroad, in house or field, and should often with lifting up of heart, fing the fifty first Pfalm, O Lord, we are different for as yet know not where the se

49. Neither could I attain to any comfortable persuasion that I had faith in Christ; but instead ochaving satisfaction here, I began to find my foul to be affaulted with fresh doubts about my future happinels, especially such as these, Whether I was elected; but if the day of

grace should be past and gone?

50 By these two temptations I was much afflicted and disquieted; sometimes by one, and fometimes by the other. And first, to speak of that about my questioning my election, I found at this time, that tho' I was in a flame to find the way to heaven and glory, and tho' nothing could bear me off from this, yet this question did so offend me, that I was, especially at sometimes, as if the very strength of my body had been taken away by the force and power there-This scripture seemed also to trample upon all my defires, It is neither in him that willeth nor in him that runnerh, but in God that sheweth mercy. Rom. ix.

51. With this fcripture I could not tell what to do, for I evidently faw, unless that the great God of his infinite grace and hounty, had voluntarily chosen me to be a vestal of mercy, though I thould defire and long and labor until my heart did break, no good could come of it. Therefore this would fill flick with me. can you tell you are elected? And what

if you should not, how then?

52. O Lord, thought 1, what if I should not indeed? it may be you are not, said the tempter; it may be so indeed, thought I. Why then, faid satan, you had as good leave off, and strive no further; for if indeed you should not be elected and chosen of God, there is no talk

of your being faved; For it is neither in him that willeth, nor in him that runneth, but in God that

Thequest mercy.

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53. By these things I was driven to my wits end, not knowing what to fay, or how to anthere lay the question.

faulted and perplexed; but one day, after I to take the comfort of it, and I blefs God for had been so many weeks oppressed and call that word, for it was of him; and doth still at down, as I was now quite giving up the ghost times thine before my face.

in God, and overe confounded? 55. At which I was greatly lightened, and encouraged in my foul, for thus at that very inflant it was expounded to me; begin at the beginning of Genelis, and read to the end of the Revelations, and fee if you can find that there was any that ever trusted in the Lord, and was confounded. So coming home, I went to my bible, to see if I could find that saying, for it was so fresh and comfortable to me, that I was

as if it talked with me. 56. I looked, but found it not, only it about upon me: I then asked first this good man and then another, if they new where it was; but they knew no such place; at this I wondered, that such a sentence should so suddenly, and with such comfort, seize and abide upon my heart, and yet that none could find it.

57. Thus I continued above a year, and could not find the place, but at last, casting

mine eye into the Apocrypha, found it in Ezclelialles, ii. 10. This at the arth du forne what daunt me, but because by this time I had got mous experience of the love and kindness of God, it troubled me the ins; especially when attained eternal life, I without scrupie did I considered, that though it was not in those heartily close with; but that I was one of them, texts that we call holy and canonical, yet for as much as this sentence was the sum and sub-54. Thus for several days, I was greatly of Mance of many of the promises, it was my duty

58. After this, that other doubt came with tence fell with weight upon my fairit. Lock at power open me. But how if the day of grace be the generations of old, and fee, did ever any truft past and gone? Now I remember, that one of this, when, to aggravate my trouble the tempter prefented to my mind these good perple of Bedierd, and fuggefied thus unto me, that thele being converted already, they were all that God would fave in those parts, and thet I came too late, for these had got the bleshing before I came.

59 Now I was in great diffres, thinking in very deed that this might be well fo; wherefore I went up and down bemoaning my lad condition, counting myself far worte than a thousand fools, for standing off thus long, and spending so many years in sin as I have done; still crying out, Oh, that I had turned footer! Oh, that I had turned feven years ago; it made me also angry with myself, to think that I should have no more wit but to trille away my time, till my soul and heaven were lost.

60. But when I had been long vexed with this fear, and was scarce able to take one step

more, just about the same place where I receiv. ed my other encouragement, these words came into my mind: Compel them to come in, that my house may be filled, and yet there is room, Luke xiv 22, 23. These words, but especially them, And yet there is room, were sweet words to me; for truly I thought I faw that there was place enough in heaven for me; and that when the Lord Jefus spake these words, he then did think of me, and that he knowing the time would come that I should be afflicted with fear, that there was no place left for me in his bosom, did before speak this word, and leave it upon record, that I might find help thereby against this vile temptation, this I then verily believed.

61 In the light and encouragement of this word, I continued for a while, and the comfort was the more, when I thought that the Lord should think on me so long ago, and that he should speak them words on purpose for my sake.

But I was not without my temptations to go back again; temptations, both from Satan, mine own heart, and carnal acquaintance; but I thank God these were outweighed by that sound sense of death, and the day of judgment, which abode, as it were, continually in my view. I should often also think of Nebuchadnezzar, of whom it is faid, He had given him all the kingdoms of the earth, Daniel v. 18, 19. Yet, it this great man had his portion in this world, one hour in hell sire would make him forget all. This consideration was a help to me.

Gz. I was also made about this time to see something concerning the beasts that Moses

counted clean and unclean. I thought these heafts were types of men; the clean, types of them that were the people of God; but the unclean, types of fuch as were the children of the wicked one. Now I read, that the clean that's chewed the cuo; that is, they shewed us we must seed upon the word of God: they alfo parted the hoof, I thought that fignified, we must part, if we would be faved with the ways of ungodly men. And also, in further reading about them, I found, that though we did thew the cud as the hare, yet if we walked with claws like a dog; or if we did part the hoof like the fwine, yet if we did not chew the cud as the sheep, we were still but unclean; for I thought the hare to be a type of these that talk of the word, yet walk in ways of fin, and the fwine like him that parteth with outward pollutions, but still wanteth the word of faith, without which there could be no falvation, let man be ever so devout, Deut. xiv.

63. After this, I found by reading of the word, that those that must be glorisied with Christ in another world, Must be called by him here, called to the partaking of a share of his word, and right coulness, and to a peculiar interest in all those heavenly things, which fore-sit the soul for that rest and house of glory, which is in heaven above.

of a Christian's calling! As when the Lord

said to one, Follow me, and to another, Come after me; and Oh, that he would say to me too! How gladly would I run after him!

ings and breathings in my foul, I cried to Christ, to call me. Thus I continued for a time, all on a flame to be converted to Jusus Christ, and did also see at that day, such glery in a converted state, that I could not be contented without a share therein. Gold! could it have been gotten for gold, what could I have given for it! had I but a whole world, it had all gone for this, that my foul might have been in a converted state.

66. How lovely now was every one in my eyes, that I thought to be converted men and women? They thone, and walked like a people that carried the broad feal of heaven about them. I faw the lot was fallen to them in pleafant places, and they had a goodly heritage, Pfal. xvi but that which made me lick. was that of Christ in Mark, He would, and they came unto him, Mark iii. 13

67. This scripture gave me fear, yet it kindled here in my soul. That which made me fear was this, lest Christ should have no liking to me, for he called whom he would. But the glory that I saw in that condition, did still so engage my heart, that I could se dom read of any that Christ did call, but I presently wished, would I had been in their clothes, would I had been born Peter, would I had been born John, or would I had been by, and had heard him when he called them, how would I have cried,

O Lord, call me alfo! but Oh, I feared he would not call me.

months together, and she wed me nothing, either that I was already, or should be called hereaster. But at last, after much time spent, and many groans to God, that I might be made partaker of the holy and heavenly calling, that word came in upon me, I will cleanse the blood that I have not cleansed for the Lord dwelleth in Sion, Joel iii. 21. These words, I thought, were sent to encourage me to still wait upon God, and signified unto me that if sI were not already, yet time might come, I might be converted unto Christ.

60. About this time I began to break my mind to those poor people at Bedford, and to tell them my condition, which when they had heard, they told Mr. Gifford of me, who himfelf also took occasion to talk of me, and was willing to be perluaded of me, tho' I think but from little grounds: but he invited me to his house, where I should hear him confer with others about the dealings of God with the foul; from all which, I still received more conviction, and from that time began to fee something of the vanity and wretchedness of my heart, for as yet I knew no great matter therein, but now it began to be discovered unto me; and also to work at that rate as it never did before. Now, I evidently found, that lusts and corruptions put forth themselves within me, in wicked thoughts and defires, which I did not regard before; my desires also for heaven began to fail, I found also, that whereas before my foul was full of longings after God, now it began to han34

ker after every foolish vanity; yea, my heart would not be moved to mind that which was good, ir began to be careless about my soul and heaven; it would now continually hang back both to, and in every duty, and was as a clog on the leg of a bird to hinder me from flying.

- 70. Nay, thought I, now I grow worse and worse, now I am farther from conversion than ever I was before; wherefore I began to fink greatly in my foul, and began to entertain fuch discouragement in my heart, as laid me as low as hell; if now I should have burned at a stake, I could not believe that Christ had love for me. Alas! I could neither hear him, nor fee him, nor feel him, nor favor any of his things; I was driven as with a tempest, my heart would be unclean, the Canaanites would dwell in the
- 71. Sometimes I would tell my condition to the people of God: which when they heard, they would pity me, and would tell me of the promifes; but they had as good have told me I must reach the sun with my singer, as have bidden me rely on the promise, and as soon as I should have done it; all my sense and feeling was against me, and I saw I had a heart that would fin, and lay under a law that would condemn.
- 72. These things have often made me think, of the child which the father brought to Christy. Who while he was yet coming to him was throwing down by the devil, and also so rent and torn by bim, that he lay and wallowed fourning. Ankel ix. 42. Mark ix, 20.
- 73. Further, in these days, I should find my heart to flut up itself against the Lord, and

against his holy word; I have found my unbelief to fet as it were the shoulder to the door to keep him out and that too, even when I have with many a bitter figh cried, good Lord, break it open: Lord break these gates of brass, and cut the bars of iron afunder, Plal. cvii. 16. Yet that word would sometimes create in my heart a peaceable pause, I girded thee, though thou hast not known me. Ifaiah xlv. 5.

74. But all this while, as to the act of finning: I never was more tender than now, I I durst not take a pin, or slick, though but so big as a straw, for my conscience now was fore, and would fmart at every touch, I could not now tell how to speak my words, for fear I should misplace them; O how lingerly did I then go, in all I did or faid; I found myfelf in a mirybog that shook if I did but stir, and was as bereft both of God and Christ, and the Spirit,

and all good things.

75. But I observe, tho' I was fuch a great sinner before conversion, yet God never much charged the guilt of the fins, of my ignorance upon me, only he shewed me I was lost if I had not Christ, because I had been a sinner. that I wanted a perfect righteousness to present me without fault before God, and that this righteoulness was only to be found in the person of Jesus Christ.

76. But my original and inward pollution, that was my plague and my affliction; that I faw at dreadful rate always putting forth itself within me, by reason of that, I was more loathsome in mine own eyes than a toad, and thought I was fo in Ged's alfo; fin and corruption, I faid, would as naturally bubble out of my heart,

as water would out of a fountain: I thought now that every one had a better heart than I, I dould have changed hearts with any body. I fell therefore at the light of mine own vileness into deep despair, for I concluded that the condition I was in, could not stand with a state of grace, sure, thought I, I am for saken of God, I am given up to the devil and a reprobate mind, and thus I continued a long while, even for some years together.

77. While I was thus afflicted with the fears of my own damnation, there were two things would make me wonder; the one was, when I law old people hunting after the things of this world, as if they should live here forever; the other was, when I found professors much distreffed and cast down when they met with outward lolles, as of husband, wife, child, &c. Lord, thought I, what ado is here about fuch little things; what feeking after carnal things by some, and what grief in others for the loss of them; if they to much labour after and spend to many tears for the things of this present life, how I am to be bemoaned, pitied and prayed for! my foul is dying, my foul is damning. Were my foul but in a good condition, and were I but fure of it, how rich should I esteem myself, though blest but with bread and water: I should count those but small afflictions, and should bear them as little burdens. A wounded spirit who can bear.

78. And though I was thus troubled and toffed afflicted with the fight and sense and terror of my own wickedness, yet I was asraid to let this sense and fight go quite off my mind; for I found that unless guilt of conscience was taken

off the right way, that is, by the blood of Christ, a man grew rather worse, for the loss of his trouble of mind, than better. Wherefore if my guilt lay hard upon me, then I should cry, that the blood of Christ neight take it off; and if it was going off without it, for the fense of fin would be fometimes as if it would die, and go quite away; then I would also firive to fetch it upon my heart again, by bringing the ponishment for fin in hell fire upon my spirit, and should cry, Lord let it not go off my heart any other way than by the blood of Chritt, and by the opplication of thy mercy through bim to my foul: For that scripture lay much upon me, Without fluiding of blood there is no remiffion, Heb. ix 22. And that which made me the more afraid of this, was, because I had feen some, who, when they were under wounds of conscience would cry and pray, yet feeking rather prefent eale from their trouble than pardon for their fins, cared not how they lost their guilt, so they got it out of their mind; now having got it off the wrong way, it was not fan Eissied unto them, but they grew harder and blinder, and more wicked after their trouble. This made me alraid, and made me cry to God the more that it might not be so with me.

79. And now was I forry that God had made me a man, for I feared I was a reprobate: I counted man, as unconverted, the most doleful of all the creatures; thus being afflicted and tossed about my sad condition I counted myself alone, and above all men unblest.

80. Yez I thought it impossible that ever I should attain to so much goodness of heart, as to thank God that he had made me a man-

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Man indeed is the most noble, by creation, of all the creatures in the visible world, but by sin he had made himself the most ignoble. bealts, birds, fishes, &c. I bleffed their condition, for they had not a finful nature, they were not obnoxious to the wrath of God, they were not to go to hell fire after death, I could therefore rejoice, had my condition been as any of theirs.

81. In this condition I went a great while, but when comforting time was come. I heard one preach a fermion upon these words in the Song, Song iv, 1. Benefit that art fair, my love, behold thou art fair, but at that time he made thefe two words, my love, his chief and subject matter; from which after he had a little opened the text he observed these several conclusions, I That the church and to every faned Joul is Ghrift's lave, weben to dels. 2 Chrift's love without a caufe in Christ's love when hatred of the anorth. 3 Christ's love when under temptation and under defertion. 4 Christ's love from first to last.

82. But I got nothing by what he had hid, at present, only when he came to the application of the fourth particular, this was the word he faid. If it be to, that the faved foul is Christ's love ruben under temptation and desertion and thou poor tempted four avera thou are a faulted and afflicied with temptations and the hiding of God's face ye think on these two words, my Love, fill.

83. Shas I was going home thefe words came again in my thought, and I well remember as they came in. I faid thus in my heart, What shall I get by thinking on these two words? this thought had no fooner passed through my

heart, but these words began thus to kindle in my spirit, Thou art my love, thou art my dove, twenty times together; and still as they ran thus in my mind, they waxed stronger and warmer, and began to make me look up; but being as yet between hope and fear, I still replied in my heart. But is it true? but is it true? At which that sentence fell in upon me, He wish not that it was true which was done unto

bim of the Angel. Acts xii. 9.

84. Then I began to give place to the word, which with power did over and over make this joyful found within my foul, Thou art my love, thou art my love, and nothing shall separate thee from my love! and with that, Rom. viii. 39, came into my mind. Now as my heart filled full of comfort and hope, and now I could believe that my fins should be forgiven me? yea, I was now so taken with the love and mercy of God, that I remember I could not tell how to contain till I got home, I thought I could have spoken of his love, and have told of his mercy to me, even to the very crows that fat upon the ploughed lands before me, had they been capable to have understood me, wherefore i said in my soul with much gladness, I would I had a per and ink here, I would write this down before I go any further, for furely I will not forget this forty years hence: but alas! within ess than forty days I began to question all again, and by times fell to my old courfes again.

85. Yet still at times, I was helped to believe that it was a true manifestation of grace unto my foul, though I had lost much of the life and favour of it. Now about a week or formight after this, I was much followed by

40

this scriptur; Sincon, Simon, behold, Saian hath defined to have you, Luke xxii. gt; and sometimes it would found so loud within me, and call so strongly after me, that I turned my head over my flioulder, thinking verily that fome man had behind me called me, being at a great diffance, me-tho's he called folloud, it came, as I Lave tho't fince, to have stirred me up to prayer & watchfulness. It came to acquaint me that a cloud & form was coming down upon me, but I understood it not.

86 But so foolish was I, and ignorant, that I knew not the reason of this sound, only it would make me mule, and wonder in my mind, to think what should be the reason that this foripiure, and that at this rate, so often, and to loud, thould flill be founding and rartling in nine cars. But, as I faid before, I foon perceived the end of God therein.

87. For about the space of a month after, a very great storm came down upon me, which handled me twenty times worfe than all I had met with before; it came stealing upon me, now by one piece, then by another; First, all my comfort was taken from me, then darkness seized upon me, after which, whole floods of blasphemies, both against God, Christ, and the scriptures, was poured upon my spirit, to my great confusion and assonishment.

88. These blasphemous thoughts were suck as stirred up questions in me against the very ber g of God, and of his holy belove? Son; as whether there were in truth a God or Christ, and whether the holy scriptures were not rather a fable and cunning flory, than the holy and pure word of God.

89. The tempter also would much affinit me

with this: "How can be tell, but that the Turks had as good faciptures to prove their Mahom withe Section, as we have to prove our Tefus is: And could I think to many ten thousands. in so must countries and kingdoms, should be without knowledge of the right way to heaven, (of there were indeed a heaven) in i that we only, who lies to a coron of the narrh. should alone be blatt therewith? Every one doth think his own religion eightest, both James. Moors, and Pagans; and how if our English faith and Chail, and scriptures, should but think fo too?"

90. Sometimes I have endeavoured to argue against these suggestions, and to set some of the fentences of bleff'id Paul against them; but alas! I quickly feit, when I thus did, fuch arguings as these would return again upon me: Though we made fo great a matter of Paul and of his words, yet how could I tell, but that in very deed, he being a fub-le and cunning man, might give himself up to deceive with strong delusions; and also take the pains and travel to undo and dellroy his fellows?

91. These suggestions (with many others, which at this time I may not, nor dare not utter, neither by word or pen) did make fuch a feizure upon my spirit, and did so over weigh my heart, both with their number, continuance, and firy force that I felt, as if there were nothing but these from morning to night within me, and as indeed there could be room for nothing elfe; and also concluded, that God had in very wrath to my foul, given me to them to be carried away with them as with a whirlwind.

92. Only by the distalle that they gave unto talk of the sin against the Holy Ghost, then my spirit, I felt there was fomething in me that refused to embrace them; but this confideration 1 then only had, when God gave me leave to reither should be quiet until I had committed that, fwallow my spittle, otherwise the noise, and now no sin would serve but that; if it were to be strength, and force of these temprations would committed by speaking such a word, then I have drown and overflow, and (as it were) bury all been as if my mouth would have spoken that word fuch thoughts, or the remembrance of any fuch whether I would or no; and in so strong a meathing. While I was in this temptation I would fare was this temptation upon me, that often I find often my mind suddenly put upon it to have been ready to clap my hand upon my chin curse and swear, or to speak some grievous thing to keep my mouth from opening; to that end al-

should be berest of my wits, for instead of lau. of. Now again, I beheld the condition of ding and magnifying of God the Lord with oth- the dog and load, and counted the state of ers, if I have but heard him spoken of, present every thing that God had made, far better than ly some most horrible blasphemous thought would this dreaded state of mine, and such as my bolt out my heart against him. So that whether companions was a sea, gladly would I have I did think that God was, or again, did think been a dog or north, for I knew they had no their were no fuch thing; no love nor gracious foul to perish under the everlabling weight of disposition could I feel within me.

spair, for I concluded that such things could not pieces with it; yet that which added to my forbe found against them that loved God, I often, row, was that I could not find, that with all when these temptations have been with force my foul I did delire deliverance. That scripupon me, did compare myself, in the case of the did tear and rend my soul in the midst of fuch a child, when some gipsie by torce took these distractions, The wicked are like the trowup in her arms, and is carrying from triend and bled few which cannot red, whole waters will ap country; kick sometimes I did and shricks mire and dirt; There is no peace to the weight, but yet I was bound in the wings of the temp faith my God, Ila. lvii. 20, 21. tation, and the wind would carry me away. peffels him, and did fear my condition was the pounds for a tear, I could not find one fan e with that of his, I Sam. xvi. 14.

would the tempter so provoke me to desire to that fin, that I was as if I could not, must not, of God, or Christ his Son and of the scriptures. So, I have had thoughts, at other times to leap 93. Now I thought, furely I am possessed of with my head downward into some much hill the devil; at other times again, I thought, I hole or other, to keep my mouth from speaking.

I hell for fin, as more was like to do: Rave 94. These things did sink me into deep de though I saw tols, fels this, and was broken to

97. And now, my heart was at times exceedthought also of Saul, and the evil spirit that did ing hard, if I would have given a show and was much deposted to think that this we think 95 In thele days when I have heard others my lost I law fome could mourn and lament their lies, and others again, could quietly talk of, and with gladness remember the word of God, while I was only in the florm or tempest: This much sunk me. I thought my condition was alone, I should therefore much bewail my ourd hap, but get out of or get rid of those things, I could not.

98. While this temptraion lasted, which was but a year, I could attend upon none of the

distances of God, but with force and great afdistion: yea, then I was mall difficilled with stalphemics; if I have been hearing the word, then uncleanness, blashhemics, and despair, would told me a captive there; if I had been reading, then sometimes I had sudden thoughts to qualtion all I read; sometimes again, my mind would be so strangely snatched away, and postified with other things, that I have neither hown, nor regarded, nor remembered so much as the sentence that but now I had read.

bled at this time; fometimes I have thought I have felt him behind me pull my clothes; he would be also continually at me in time of prayer, to have done, break off, make hafte, you have prayed enough, and tlay no longer; flill drawing my mind away. He would fometimes call in such wicked thoughts as these, that I must pray to him, or so him; I have thought sometimes of that, Fall down, or, If thou will fall down and wership me, Mat. iv. 9.

dering thoughts in the time of this duty, I have tabouted to compole my mind, and fix it upon God; then with great force hath the empter talloured to distract me, and to turn away my

mind, by presenting to my heart and sancy, the form of a bush, a bush, a beson, or the like, as if I should pray to those; to these also he would sometimes so hold my mind, that I was as if I could think of retting else, or pray to nothing else, but to these, or such as they.

101. Yet at times, I should have some strong and heart affecting apprehensions of God, and the reality of the truth of his gospel; but oh, how would my heart at fuch times put forth itfelf with unexpressible groanings! my whole foul was then in every word, I should cry with pangs after-God, that he would be merciful to me; but then I shall be daunted again with fuch conceits as these, I should think that God did mock at these my prayers saying, and that in the audience of the holy angels, this poor simple wretch doth hanker after me, as if I had nothing to do with my mercy, but to beflow it on such as him. Alas, poor soul! how art thou deceived; it is not for such as thee to have favour with the Highest.

also with such discouragements as these: "You are very hot for mercy; but I will cool you: many have been as hot as you for sport, but I have quenched their zeal." And with this, such and such, who were sallen off, would be set before mine eyes; then I should be assaid that I should do so too; but, thought I, I am glad this cometh into my mind, I will ward, and take what heed I can; "Tho' you do (said Satan) I shall be too hard for you, I will cool your sensibility by degrees; what care I, though I be seven years in chilling your large, if I can do it at last; continual rocking will

Jull a child to fleep; I will ply it close, but I will have my end accomplished: though you be burning hot at prefent, yet if I can pull you from this fire, I shall have you cold before it be long." These things brought me into great trents; for as I at prefent could not find myleli fit for prefent death, fo I thought to live long would make me yet mere unit; for time would make me torget all, and wear even the remembrance of the evil of fin, the worth of heaven, and the need I had of the blood of Christ to wash me, both out of mind and thought: but these things did not at prefent make me flack my crying, but rather did put me more upon it, like ber with met with the adultirer, Deat. xxii. 26. is which days that was a good word to nie, after I had luffered these things a while; I am perfinished, that neither beight, nor depth, nor death, nor tife, Sc. Shall separate us from the love of God which is in Christ Jesus, Rom. viii. 38. And now I hoped long life thould not destroy nie, nor make me mils of heaven.

tation, though they were then all questioned by the i that in the third of feremiah, at the first, was something to me; and so was the consideration of the fifth verse of that chapter, that though we have spoken and done evil things as we could, yet we should cry unto God, My Inother, thou art the guide of my youth, and should return unto him.

that is 2 Ker. v 12. For he hath made him to be fing on u, who know no few, the seconight be made the right out of God in the Cooking of they, as I was tring in a respective as wie, and

there very sad at the consideration of many blasphemies, that word came suddenly upon me,
What shall we say to these things? If God le
for us, who can be against as? Rom. viii. 31.
That also was an help unto me, Because I live,
ye shall live also, John xiv. 19. But these
were out hints, touches, and short visits, though
very sweet when present, only they lasted not.

ly and graciously discover himself unto me, and indeed did quite, not only deliver me from the guilt that by these things were laid upon my conscience, but also from the very filth thereof, for the temptation was removed, and I was put into my right mind again, as other Christians were.

elling into the country, and muling on the wickedness and basphemy of my heart, and considering of the enmity that was in me to Cod, that scripture came in my mind, He bath ma e peace by the blood of his cross, Cor. i. 20, by which I was made to see that day that God and my soul were friends by his blood; yea, I saw that the justice of God, and my sinful soul, could embrace and kiss each other through his blood; this was a good day to me, I hope I shall not forget it,

the fire, muling on my wretchedness, the Lord made that also a precious word unto me, "For as much then as the children are parriakers of still and blood, he also bimself likewise took part of the same, that through death, he might destroy him that had the power of death, that is, the death; and deliger those who through

the fear of death were all their life subject to handage, "Heb. ii. 14. 15. I thought that the glory of those words was then so weighty on me, that I was ready to swoon as I sat, not with grief and trouble, but with solid joy and

peace.

108. At this time also, I sat under the ministry of holy Mr. Gifford, whose doctrine, by God's grace, was much for my dability. This man made it much his baliacis to deliver the people of God from all those false and unsound reffs that by nature we are prone to, take special heed that we took not up any truth upon trust, as from this or that, or any other man or men, but to cry mightily to God, that he would convince us of the reality thereof, and fet us down therein by his own spirit in the holy word; for, said he, if you do otherwise, when temptations come, if strongly, you not having received them with evidence from heaven, will find you want that help and strength now to resist, as once you thought you had.

the former and latter rain in their icasion; for I had found, and by sad experience, the truth of these his words. For I had sait, no man can say especially when tempted of the devil, I had set for Ghrist is Lord but the Haly Ghost. Where so I found my soul, through grace, very apt to drink in this doctrine, and to incline to pray to God, that in nothing that pertained to God's glary and my own eternal happiness, he would suffer me to be without the confirmation thereof from heaven; for now I law clearly, there was an exceeding difference between the notion of stell and blood and the revelation of God in

hencen: also a great disserence between that saith which is seigned, and according to man's wildom, and that which comes by a min being born thereto of God, Mat. vii. 15. I John v. I.

truth to truth by God! even from the birth and cradle of the Son of God, to his afcontion at I fecond coming from heaven to judge the world.

111. Truly I then found upon this account. the armst God was very good unto me, for to my remembrance, there was not any thing that I cried to God to make known and reveal unto me, but be was pléased to do it for me: Inmare not one part of the gospel of the Lord Josus. but I was orderly led into it; me-thought I liv with great evidence, from the relation of the four Evangelists, the wonderful work of Cons. in giving Jesus Christ to save us, from his conception and birth, even to his second coming to judgment: me-thought I was as if I had feen him born, as if I had feen him grow up, as if I had feen him walk through this world, from the cradle to the cross, to which also when he came, I faw how gently he gave himself to be hanged and mailed on it for my fins, and wicked doings; alfo. as I was musing on his progress, that dropped on my fairit, He was ordained for the Saughter, 1 Peter 1. 12, 20.

of his refurraction, and have remembered that, Touch me not Mary, &cc. I have feen as if he had leaped out of the grave's mouth for joy that he hath rifen again, and had get the conquest over our dreadful fors, judges, i.g. I have also in the spirit form nime a money that

hand of God the Father for me, and have seen the manner of his coming from heaven to judge the world with glory, and have been confirmed in these things, by these scriptures following, Acts i. 9 10. & vii, 56. & x. 42. Hcb. vii. 24 & viii, 38 Rev. i 18. Once I was troubled to know whether the Lord Jesus was man as well as God, and God as well as man; and truly in those days, let men say what they would, unless I had it with evidence from heaven, a lives nothing to me, I counted not myfeif fit down in any truth of God; well I was much troubled about this point, and could not tell how to be resolved; at last that in the fifth of the Revelation came into my mind; "and I beheld, and lo, in the midft of the Elders stood a lamb," In the midst of the Throne, there is his God head, in the midst of the Elders, there is his Man hood. But O me thought this did gliffer, it was a godly touch, and gave me sweet satisfaction; that other scripture also did help me much in this, To us a Child is born, to us a Son is given, and the government skall be upon his shoulders, and his name shall be called Wonderful Counfellor, the mighty God, the everlasting Father, the Prince of peace, &c. Ifa. 33.6.

his word, the Lord made ale of two things to confirm me in these things, the one was the ergust of the Quakers, and the other was the guilt of Sin: for as the Quakers did oppose his was, so God did the more confirm me in it, by leading me into the scriptures that did wongroundly maintain it; and as I said, the guilt of Sin did belo more that for Hill as that would

come upon me, the blood of Christ did take it off again, and that too, sweetly according to the scriptures. O friends, cry to God to reveal Jesus Christ unto you, there is none teacheth like him.

tell you in particular, how God did set me down in all the things of Christ, and how he did, that he might so do, lead me into his word, yea and also, how he did open them unto me, and cause them to dwell with me, talk with me, and comfort me, both of his own being, and the being of his Son, and spirit, word and gospel.

unto you again, that in general, he was pleafed to take this course with me; sirst to suffer me to be assisted with temptations concerning them, and then reveal them to me; as sometimes I should lie under great guit for sin, even crushed to the ground therewith, and then the Lord would shew me the death of Christ, yea, and so sprinkling my conscience with his blood, that I should sind, and that before I was aware, that in that conscience, where but just now did reign and rage the law, even there would rest and abide the peace and love through Christ.

many golden seals thereon, all hanging in my sight; now could I remember this manifestation, and the other discovery of grace with comfort; and should often long and desire that the last day were come, that I might be forever inflamed with the sight, joy, and communion of him, whose head was crowned with thorns, whose sace was spit on and body broken, and soul made an offering for my sins, for whereas be-

fore I lay continually trembling at the mouth of hell; now me thought I was get to far therefrom, that I could not, when I locked back, scarce discern it: and, O thought I, that I were forescore years old now, that I might die quickly, that my soul might go to rest.

117. But before I had got this far out of these my temptations, I did greatly long to see fome ancient Godly man's experience, who had written some hundred years before I was born; for those who had written in our days, I thought (but I defire them now to pardon me) that they had written only that which others felt, or elfe had through the strength of their wits and parts, fludied to answer such objections as they perceived others were perplexed with, without going down themselves into the deep. Well, after many longings in my mind the God in whole hand are our days, did call into my hand (one day) a book of Martin Line tier, his comment on the Galatiers, fo old that it was ready to fall to pieces, if I cid but turn it over. Now I was pleased much that such an old book had fallen into my hand; which, when I had but a little way perufed, I found my condition in his experience, so largely and profoundly handled, as if his book had been written out of my heart; this made me marvel; for thus thought I, this man could not know any thing of the flate of christians now, but must neces write and speak the experience of former days. Besides, he doth most gravely also in that book debate of the rife of these n mutations, namely blasshemy, desperation and the like, shewing that the law of Moses, as well as the devi, death and hell hath a very great

hand therein, which at first was very strange unto me, but by considering and watching, I found it so indeed. But of particulars here, I intend nothing, only this me thinks, I must let sall before all men, I do prefer this book of Mr. Luther upon the Galatians, (excepting the holy Bible) before all the books that ever I have seen, as most sit for a punded conscience.

I loved Christ dearly O me thought my fool cleaved unto me; my assections cleave unto him. I selt love to him as hot as sire, and now as Job said, I thought I should die in my best: But I did quickly find that my great love was but little, and that I, who had as i thought, such burning love to Jesus Christ, could be him go again for a very trisse. God can tell how to abase us; and can hide pride from man. Quickly after this my love was tried to put; we.

119. For after the Lord had in this manner the grandful delivered me from the grandful formed by comptation, and had forme down to receively in the faith of his holy gospel, and had given me such strong consolation and blessed evidence from heaven touching my interest in his love through Christ; the tempter came upon the again, and that with a more grievous and dreadful temptation than before.

nost blessed Christ, to exchange him for the distributed this tife, for any thing: the termountarian layer, on me for the space of a year, and did so low one so continually, that I was not rist at it one day in a month, no, not sometimes one hour in many days together, unless the alless.

111. And tho', in my judgment a was pre-

fusded, that those who were once effectually in Christ, (as I hoped, through his grace, I had seen myself) could never lose him forever, (for the land shall not be sold forever, for the land is mine, saith God, Levit. xxv. 23.) yet it was a continual vexation to me, to think that I should have so much as one such thought within me against a Christ Jesus, that had done for me as he had done.

thought, nor yet any desire or endeavour to refift it, that in the least did shake or abate the continuation, or force and strength thereof; for it did always in almost whatever I thought, intermix itself therewith; but still the temptation would come, Sell Christ for this, sell Christ for that, sell him, sell him.

not so little as an hundred times together, sell him, sell him, sell him; against which, I may say, for whole hours together, I have been sorced to stand as continually leaning and forcing my spirit against it, lest haply before I were aware, some wicked thought might arise in my heart that might consent thereto; and sometimes also the tempter would make me believe I had consented to it, then should I be as tortured upon a tack for whole days together.

fears left I thould at sententimes, I say consent thereto, and be everyome therewith, that by the very series of the mind in laboring to gain say and resist this wackedness, my very body and happen into addition or motion, by way of the destroyer said, sell limit, I will not, I will

not, I will not, no, not for thousands, thousands, thousands of worlds; thus reckoned, left I should in the midst of these assaults, set too low a value of him, even until I scarce well knew where I was, or how to be composed again.

125. At these seasons he would not let me get my food in quiet, but forfooth, when I was fet at the table . my meat, I must go hence to pray, I must leave my food now, just now, fo counterfait holy would this devil be. When I was the extempted, I should fay in myfelf, now I am at nieat, let me moke am end: No, said he, I must do it now, or I should displease God, and definite Christ, Wherefore I was much afflisted with these things; and because of the fisfulness of my nature (ideagining that these things were impulses from God) I should deny to do it as if I denied God; and then should I be as guilty, because I did not obey a tempration of the devil, as if I had broken the law of God indeed.

bed, I was as at other times most tiercely assaulted with this temptation, to fell and part with Christ; the wicked suggestion still running in my mind, Sell bim, as at other times, lanswered no, no, not for thousands, thousand, at least twenty times together; but at last, after much this topical was almost at last, after much this topical paid throught also, that I felt my heart consent thereto; and where was my love to Christ now?

127. Now was the battle won, and down

full, as a bird that was face from the top of a tree, into great guilt and fearful despair; thus certify and of my bed, I went moping into the field, but Coulknows, with as heavy a heart as mental arab could bear; where, for the space who hours, I was like a man bereft of life, and an now put all recovery, and bound over to care I bunifament.

198. And withal, that foripture did feize apan my fool. 'O profanc person, as Esau, one has a ene morfel of meat, fold his birthwhen he were that afterwards, when he would have inherited the bleffing, he was regetting tor he found no place of repentance, to and he fought it carefully with teats,' Hieb.

Sa. 13, 17. 120. These words were to my soul like feting of traff to my logs, in the continual found of which I were for leveral months together. But about ten an aleven o'clock on that day, as I was walking up for a hedge, rad of for ow and wilt, God knows, and bemoaning myfen for was hardhip, that from a thought thould arife within me, full truly this fentence bolted in the me, The Blood of Christ remis all guilt; at this i made a flund in my spirit, with that this word rook hold upon me, The blood of This CAY. nis Son, cleanfeth from all fin, 1 form it 7. Now I began to conceive peace in e, foel, and me-thought I faw as if the tempter end lear and fical away from me, as being allianced of what he had done. At the fame care little I had my fin and the blood of Christ, Tus represented to me; that my fin, when compared to the blood of Cliff, was no more .. h, than the little clod or flone before me is

to this vast and wide field that here I see; this gave me good encouragement for the space of two or three hours, to which time also, methought I saw by faith, the Son of God as fulleting for my fins. But because it tarried not, i tank again under exceeding guilt.

130. Dat chiefly by the aforementioned feripture, concerning Esau's selling of his birth-right, for it would lie all day long, yea, all the work, all the year long on my mind, and hold nie down, so that I could by no means life up notese f, sor when I would strive to turn to this foripture or that for relief still that fontoice would be founding in me; For ye kneed, bece that afterwards, when he would have inherited the b fling, be found no place of repentance, wough be july or it carefully with tears.

131. Some time indeed I should have a toach from that in Luke xxii. 31, I bave travel for the that thy faith fail not; but it would not atmos upon me; reither could I indeed, when I confidered my state, find ground to conceive in the lead that there should be the least root of grace when a me. Now was I torn and rent in a hear

ty and, for many days together.

1,32. Then began I with fad and careful heart to confider of the nature and largeness of my fin, and to fearth in the word of God, if I could in any place effy a word of promile, or any encouraging famonce by which I might take relief. Wherefore I began to cor ider the third of Mark, Ale manner of fins and blofphemies shall be forgive en wats the fons of men, aubercasithio. ver they Ball II fflome. V. hich place, no Elought and give a large and plerious promote for the par lon of high offences; but confidering the place in se fully, I thought it was rather to be understood, as relating more chiefly to those who had in a natural effate committed such things as are there mentioned, but not to me, ho had not only received light and mercy, but that hath both after, and a so contrary to that, slighted Christ as I had done.

of mine, night be that fin unpardonable, of which he there thus speaketh: But he that shall plassheme against the Holy Ghost hath never forgivencys, but is in danger of etc. nal damnation, Matth, iii. And I did the rather give credit to this, because of that sentence in the Hebews. For you know how that afterwards, when he would have inherited the blessing, he was rejected; for he fought it carefully with tears, for this stuck always with me.

time that was past, wishing a thousand times twice told, that the day was yet to come, when I should be tempted to such a sin; concluding with great indignation, both against my hears, and all assaults how I would rather have been torn in pieces, than have consented thereto; but alas! these thoughts and withings, and resolvings, were now too last to help me; the the thought had passed my hears. God hath let me go, and I am saller: O! thought I, that it was welch me as in rapidly sall, as in the days when God perfectively me!

135. Then again, being 10th and arredling to perish, I began to everyone my his with others to live if I could be a mar any efficie that are laved has done as I had done. So I could

ered David's adultery and murder; and found them most heinous crimes, and those two committed after light and grace received; but yet by considering, I perceived that his transgressions were only such as were against the law of Moses, from which the Lord Christ could with the consent of his word deliver him; but mine was against Gospel, yea, against the mediator thereof, I had fold my Saviour.

136. Now again, should I be as if racked upon the wheel, when I considered, that besides the guilt that possessed me, I should be so void of grace, so bewitching; what, thought I, must it be no sin, but this? must it needs be the great transgrassian? Plal. xix. 13. Must that wicked one touch my soul I John v. 18. O what sings did I sind in all these sentences!

that is impardonable! but one fin that layeth the foul without the reach of God's mercy, and must I be guilty of that! is there but one fin amongst so many millions of fine, for which there is no forgiveness and must I commit this! Oh! unhappy man! These things would so break and confound my spirit, that I could not tell what to do, I thought at times they would have broke my wits, and still to aggravate my mitery, that would run in my mind. You know, that afterwards, cohen be would inherited the blessing, he was rejested. Oh! none knows the terrors of these days but myself.

138. After this, I came to confider of Peter's fin, which he committed in denying his Mafter; and indeed this came righest to mine, of any that I could find, for he had direct his Saviour, as I, after light and mercy received:

yea, and that too ever warning given him; I also considered, that he did both once and twice, and that after time to consider betwixt. But though I put all these circumstances together, that it is shible I might sind help, yet I considered again, that his was but a denial of his Master but mine was a felling of my Saviour. Wherefore I thought with myself, that I came usaier to judas, that either David or Peter.

out and afflict me; yea, it would grind me, (as it would crime to powder, to confider the prefervation of God towards others, while I fell into the snare; For thus confidering other men's sins, and comparing them with my own, I could evidently see God orcseived them notwithslanding their wickedness, and would not let them, so be had let me, become a son of perdition.

140. Lut O! how did my soul at this time In ze the preservation that God did fet about his propie? At, how fifely did I fee them walk, whom God hath hedged in, they were within his care, and protection; though they were full as bad as I by nature; yet because he loved them, he would not fasser them to fall without the range of mercy; but as for me, I was gone, I had done it, he would not preferre me; nor keep me, but sussered me, because I was a re-Probate, to fall as I had done. Now did thefe bleffed places that speak of God's heeping his people, sline like the sun before me, though not to comfort me, Lut to show me the blessed state and heritage of those whom the Lord had bleffed.

with the fin of Judas, that if possible I might

find that mine differed from that which in truth is unperdorable; and O, thought I, if it should be lut the breadth of an hair, what a happy condition is my soul in I and by considering I sound that Judka did his intentionally but mine was against my strivings, besides his was committed with much deliberation; but mine in a seaful harry on a sudden. Thus I was to seed to and tro, like the locusts, and driven from trouble to forrow; hearing always the sound of Esau's fall in naine cars, and of the dreadful consequences thereof.

In, was for a while fome little relief unto me; for I faw I had not, as to the circumliances, transgressed so foully as he; but this was quick-ly cone again, for I thought with myself, there might be more ways than one to commit the unperdocable sin; also I thought, that there might be degrees of that, as well as of other transgressions; wherefore, sor ought I yet could perceive, this iniquity of mine might be such as might never be palled by.

143. I was often now ashanted that I should be like such an ugly man as Judas; I thought also, that I could searce see a good man, that I believed had a good conscience, but I should feel my heart tremble at him, while I was in his presence. I now saw a glory in walking with God, and what it was to have a good conscience before him.

content myself, by receiving some saile opinion, as that there should be no such thing as a day of judgment; that we should not rise again, and that sin was no such growous thing. The

should indeed be true, yet to believe otherwise, would yield you ease for the present. If you must perish, never torment yourself so much before hand, drive thoughts of damning out of your mind, by possessing your mind with some such conclusions that Atheists and Ranters use to help themselves with.

thro' my heart, how, as it were with a step, hath death and judgment been in my view. Metho't, the Judge stood at the door, I was as if it was come already; so that such things could have no entertainment; but methinks I see by this, that Satan will use any means to keep the soul from Christ. He loveth not an awakened frame of spirit, security, blindness, darkness, & error, is the very kingdom and habitation of the wicked one.

146. I found it hard work to pray to God, because despair was swallowing me up. I tho't I was as with a tempest driven away from God, for always when I cried to God for mercy, this would come in, it is too late; I am lost, God hath let me fall not by correction, but condemnation: My sin is unpardonable, and I know concerning Esau how that after he had sold his birth right, he would have received the blessing, but was rejected.

trembling, insomuch that at sometimes I could for whole days-together seel my very body, as well as my mind, to shake and totter under the sense of the dreadful judgment of God, that should fall on these that have shaned that most searful and unpardonable sin. I selt also such a clogging and heat at my stomach, by reason of

this my terror, and it feemed at times that my breath-bone would split asunder. Then I thout of that concerning Justus, Who by his falling brad long, burst asunder, and all his bowels guilbed out, Acts i.

that the Lord did set on Cain, even continual sear and trembling under the heavy load of guilt that he had charged on him for the blood of his brother Abel. Thus did I shrink under the burden that was upon me; which burden idid so oppress me, that I could not be at rest or quiet.

149. Yet that faying would sometimes come to mind, He hath received gifts for the rebellious, Plal. Ixviii. 18. The rebellious! Why surely, thought I, they are such as once were under subjection to their prince, even those who after they have sworn subjection to his government, have taken up arms against him.

Iso. This I fometimes thought on, and should labour to take hold thereof, that some small refreshment might have been conceived by me; but in this also, I missed of my desire.

the faints in particular, and found mine went beyond them: I began to think thus with my-felf. Set the case I should put all theirs together, and mine alone against them, might I not then find some encouragement? For if mine, though bigger than any one, yet should be equal to ail, then there is hopes; for that blood that hair virtue enough to wash away all theirs, hath virtue enough to do away mine, tho' it be bigger than all theirs. Here again I should consider the sin of David, of Solomon, of Manasseh of Pe-

ter, and the rest of the great offenders, and should also labour what I might, with fairness

aggravate their fins.

152. I should think with myself that David fixed blood to cover his adultery, and that by the fword of the children of Ammon, a work that could not be done but by continuance, deliberate contrivance, which was a great aggravation to his fin. But then this would this mean Ah, but these were but find against the law, from which there was a Jesus seat to save them, but yours is against the Saviour, and who shall fave you from that?

153. Then Lengught on Solomon, and how he finned, in loving strange women, in falling away to their idels, in building them temples, in doing this after light, in his old age, after great meses received; but the fame conclusion that cut me off in the former confideration cut: nie off as to this; namely, that all those were but fine against the law, for which Ged had a provided a remedy, but I had fold my Savieur, and there now remained no more factifice for fin.

154. I would then add to these moules list, the fins of Manalleh, how that he built altais for bloks in the house of the Lord, he s'to obferved times, used enchantagents, bad to do with wizards, was a witch, had his familiar spirits, burnt his children in the fire, in facilfice to devils, and made the streets of Jerusalem run down with the blood of innocents. Thefer thought I, are great fins, fins of a bloody colce; but yet it would tern again upon men they are none of them of the nature of yourse

you have parted with Jesus! you have fold your Saviour!

155. This one confideration would always! kill my heart, My fin was point blank ag : at my Saviour, and that too, as that height, that I had in my heart faid of him, let him go if he will. O! me-thought, this fin was bigger than the fins of a whole nation or kingdom, or of the whole world, all of them together was not alle

to equal mine, which out went them all.

156. Now I should seel my mind to 1/2 from God, as from the face of a dreadful judge: yet this was my torment, I could not escape his hand. (It is a fearful thing to fall into the bands of the living Gol, Heb. x.) But bloffed be his grace, that for prove in these flying for would call as running after me. 1 have blotted out as a thick cloud thy transgressions, and was cloud thy tion; return unto me for I have reaseemed thee,' 1st. xliv. 22. But I could not return, but fled, though at fometimes it criel, 'Return, return,' as if it did follow after me: But I found to choic in therewith, lest it should not come from God, for that other was full toun hing in my conference, . For you know, how that afterwards, when he would have inherited the blocking, he was rejected, & ..?

157. Once as I was willing in a good man's fliop, bemoaning to myfelf my fad and doleful flate, afflicting myscli with abhorence for this wicked and ungodly thought; lamenting also this hard hap of mine, for that I should commit so great a fin greatly searing, I should not be pardoned; praying also in my hear, that if this ha of mine did differ from that

agairst the Holy Ghost the Lord would shew it me: And being now reads to fink with tear, suddenly there was, as if there had rushed in at the window, the noise of wind upon me, but very pleafant, and as if I had heard a voice specking, Duth the viewer refuse to be justified by the Med of Christ? And withat, my whole life of profession pair, was in a moment opened unto me, wherein I was made to fee, that detignedly I had not, fo my heart answered growningly, No. Then fell with power that word of God upon me, See that ze refuse him not that steaketh, Hich. xii. 24. What this was I know not: I have not yet in twenty years time, been able to make a judgment of it. I thought then what here I should be loath to speak. But verily that fudden rushing wind, was as if an Angel had conte upon me; both it and the falutation, I will Icave until the day of judgment, on'y this I fay, it commanded a great calm in my foul; ir perfuaded me there might Le hope; it shewed me as I thought, what the fin unpardonable was, and that my foul had yet the bleffed privilege to fly to Jesus Christ for mercy. But, I say concerning this dispensation, I know not what yet so say unto it, which was also in truth the cause that at first I did not speak of it in the book. I do now also leave it to be thought on by men of found judgment. I lay not the firefs of my falvation thereupon, but upon the Lord Jesus in the promise; yet feeing I am here unfolding of my fecret things, I thought it might not be altogether inexpedient to let this also shew itself, though I cannot now relate the matter as there I did experience it. This lasted in the favour of it, for about three

or four days, and then I began to milleuft, and to despair again.

helpse me not knowing which was I should tip sonly this, I found my soul desire, even to cartifiels at the foot of grace, by prayer and supplication. But, O, it was hard for me to bear the face to pray to this Christ for mercy, against whom I had thus most vilely sinned! yet I knew this must be the way, for mercy was no where esse.

frongly suggested to me. That I ought not to pray to God, for prayer was not for any in my case, neither could it do me good, because I had rejected the Mediator, by whom all prayers came with acceptance to God the Father, and without whom, no prayer could come into his presence; wherefore, now to pray, is but to add sin to sin, seeing God hath cast you off is the next way to anger and offend him more than ever you did before.

you for these several years already, because you are none of his; your bawling in his cars hach been no pleasant voice to him and therefore he let you sin this sin; that you might be quite cut off, and will you pray still.' This the devil urged and set forth, that in numbers, when Moses said to the children of Israel. 'That because they would not go up to possess the land, when God would have them, therefore forever after, he did barr them our from thence, though they prayed they might with tears,' Numb. xiv.

As a is faid in another place, Exod.

with 14. The man that fire presumpt outly, 15. We taken from God's alter, that he may die: Then as Joab was by king Sciomon, when he rought to find shelter there, I Kings ii. 27, 28, &c. These places did pinch me very fore, was my case being desperate, I thought with my-Wil, I can but die, and if it must be so, it shall once be faid, that such a one died at the fout of Christ in prayer, this I did, but with great disfinalty, God doth know; for ftill that faying about Efau, would be fet at my heart even like a flaming fword, to keep the way of the Tree of Life, lest I should take thereof, and live. O who knows, how hard a thing I found it to come to God in prayer!

162. I did also define the prayers of the people of God for me, but I feared that God would give them no heart to it; yea, I tremb. Ind in my foul to think that fome or other of it in therely would tell me, that God had faid the lowerds to them, that he once did fay to of a Prophet, concerning the children of Itrael, Pray not for this people, for I have rejetled them, 10% xi 14. So, Pray not for him, for I have copy'ed him: Yea, I thought, that he had while pered this to fome of them already, only they I offered tell me for native durit halfethem of se, for fear is it should be for in would nocke ma write bold to my falt. At a known the Legirning 2 / 1 (faid top ra) to each downeds it righes there-

of Ca. About Missimo, I rock an opportuniwe to be obtained in an ancient challton; is deposit for my case. I told him alto, that I to subject to a dilact it has the in against the There's and the cold me, he trought to

Here therefore I had but cold comfort, but talking a little more with him, I found him, tho' a good man, a firanger to much combat with the Devil. Wherefore, I went to God

again, as well as I could for mercy flill.

164. Now also did the temper begin to mock me in my milery, faying, that being I had thus parted with the Lord Jefus, and provoked him to displeasure who would have stood between my foul, and the flame of devoming fire; there was now but one way, and that was, to pray that God the Father as ald be the Aledia. for belwint his Son and me, that we might be reconciled again, that I might have that bleffed benefit in him, that his blessed Saints enjoyed

165. Then did that scripture scize upon my foul, He is of one mind, and note can turn / im? Oh! I faw it was as easy to perfuade him to make a new world, a new covenant, or new bible besides that we have already, as to play for fuch a thing: this was to perfuade him, that what he had done already, was more folly, and to perfuade kim to alter, yea, to chankui the whole way of falvation; and then would that faying, rent my foul alunder, neither is there falvation in any other for there is now der nume we ler heaven, glade among fi men, subsectly

we multile posed, A S. W. 12

166. New the most tree, and full, as I gracious words on the Corpel, were the prement tolorents to me; year nothing to ailliched not as the thoughts of Jotes child; for the services brance of a basion to state! had eater blice off, brought both the values of the fing a records ty a sermind, O I in a fad to be a fire of sy the graduand merry of that; to made the form, vi. I also trembled, as I have said, at the sight of the saints of God, especially at those that greatly loved him, and that made it their business to walk continually with him in this world; for they did both in their words, their carriages, and all their expressions of tenderness, and fear of sin against the precious Saviour, condemn, lay guilt upon, and also add continual affliction and strame unto my soul. The dread of them was put upon me, and I trembled at God's Samuels, I Sam. xvi. 4.

nock my foul faying, that Christ indeed didpity my case, and was forry for my loss; but for as much as I had sinned, and transgressed as I had done, he could by no means help me, nor save me from what I seared; for my sinwas not of the nature of theirs, for whom he bled and died, neither was it counted with those that were laid to his charge when he hanged on the tree; therefore, unless he should come down from heaven, and die anew for this sin, though indeed he did greatly pity me, yet I could have no benefit of him.

168. But, O how this would add to my affiction, to conceit that I should be guilty of such a sin for which he did not one. These thoughts would so consound me, and imprison me, and tie me up from faith, that I know not what to do: But, Oh, thought is, that he would come down again! O, that the work of man's redempers was jet to be done by Chill! how would I provide the direct standard count and recount this would I provide the direct standard for this he died?

being raifed from the dead, dieth no more; death hath no more dominion over him, Rom. vi. 9.

169. Thus by the strange and unusual assaults of the tempter, was my foul like a broken veffel, driven as with the winds, and tolled fometimes headlong into despair, sometimes upon the covenant of works, and sometimes to wish that the new covenant, and the conditions thereof, might, so far as I thought myself concerned, be turned another way, and changed. But in all these, I was but as those that josle against the rocks, more broken, scattered and rent. Oh, the unthought of imaginations; frights, lears and terrors that are affected by a thorough application of guilt, and yielding to desperation. This is the man that hath his dwelling among the tembs with the dead that is always crying out, and cutting himself with stones, Mark v. 1, 2, 3. But, I say, all in vain, desperation will not confort him, the old covenant will not save him. Nay, heaven and earth shall pass away before one jot or tittle of the word and law of grace shall fail or be removed; this I faw, this I felt, and under this I groaned. Yet this advantage I got thereby; namely, a further confirmation of the certainty of the way of falvation, and the scriptures were the word of God. Oh! I cannot now express what then I saw and felt of the steadiness of Jesus Christ, the rock of man's salvation, what was done could not be undone, added to nor altered; indeed fin might drive the foul beyond Christ, even the fin which is un ardonable, but woo to him that is so driven, for the word would thut him out.

170. Thus was I always finking, whatever

I did think or do. One day I walked to a neighbouring town, and he down upon a fettle in the street, and fell into a deep paufe about the most fearful state my sin had brought me to; and after a long muling, I lifted up my head, but me thought I saw as if the sun that shineth in the heavens did grudge to give light, and as if the very stones in the street, and tiles upon the houses did bend themselves against me. O how happy now was every creature over what I was! for they stood fast and kept their station, but I was gone and loft.

171. Then breaking out in the bitterness of my foul, I said to myself, with a grievous sigh, How can God comfort fuch a wretch as I? 1 had no sooner said it, but this returned upon me, as an echo doth answer a voice, This sin is not unto death, At which I was as if I had been raised out of a grave, and cried out again; Lord hore couldfl thou find out such a word as this? For I was filled with admiration at the fitness, and also the unexpessedness of the sentence.

172. Now I was in hopes, that my fin was not upparsionable, but that there might be hope for me to obtain forgiveness, but, O how satan now did lay about him, for to bring me down again! but he could by no means do it; neither this day nor the greatest part of the next; for this good fentence stood like a mill post at my back. Yet towards the evening of the next day, I felt this word begin to leave me, and to with draw its supportation from me: and so I return and for evil: yea, the love and affection that ed to my old fears again, but with a great deal then did burn within, to my Lord and Saviour of grudging and peevilhness for I feared the sor less Christ, did work at this time such a strong row of it.

173. But the next day at evening, being un. der many fears, I went to feek the Lord , and as I prayed, I cried to him in these words, O Lord, I befeech thee, shew me that thou hast loved me with an everlasting love, Jer. xxxi. 2.

I had no sooner said it, but with sweetness it returned me. I have loved thee with an everlasting love. Now I went to bed in quiet, also when I awakened the next morning, it was fresh upon my soul.

174. But yet the tempter lest me not, for it could not be so little as an hundred times, that be that day, did labour to break my peace. () the combats and conflicts that I did then meet with! as I strove to hold by this, that of Efail. would fly in my face like to lightning : I thould be sometimes up and down in the course of an Yet God did bear me up, and keep my heart upon this word, from which I had allo for several days together, very much sweetness and comfortable hopes of pardon. For thus it was made out to me, 'I loved thee whilft thou wast committing this sin, I loved thee before, I love thee still, and will love thee forever.

175. Yet I faw my sin most barbarous, and ifilthy crime, and could not but conclude, and hat with great shame and assonishment, that I had horribly abused the holy Son of God, therefore I felt my foul greatly to love and pity im, and bowels to yearn towards him; for I whe was still my friend, and did reward me and hot delire of revengement upon myfelf for

the aluse I had done unto him, that; to speak as then I thought, had I a thousand gallons of blood within my veins, I could treely have spilt it all at the command and feet of this my Lord and Saviour.

176. And as, I was thus in muling, and in my fludies, how to love the Lord, and to express my love to him, that faving came in upon me. If thou Lord, thoulast mark iniquity, O Lord, and Shoulds stand ? But there is forgiveness with thee, that thou mayest be feared, Pfal. CXXX. 4. These were good words to me, especially the latter part thereof, viz. that there is forgivenels with the Lord, that he might be feared; that is as then I understood it, that he might be loved, and had in reverence: for it was thus made out to me, That the great God did set so high an effect, upon the love of his poor creatures, that rather than he would go without their love, he would pardon their transgrellions.'

and I was also refr. shed by it, Then should they received the knowledge of the truth, there rebe of barned and confounded and never open that mains no more facrifice for fin, but a certain menth any more because of their shane, when I am searful looking for of judgement and hery indigpurified towards thee, for all that then buff down nation, which shall devous the adversaries," Heb. printing the Lord. Zach. xvi. 35 Thus was my k. 6 Even as Elan, who for one moral of with my former guilt and amnze nent,

standing at that I had enjoyed, yet I might be fully with tears," Heb. Nil. stending an that I had only the last: for this come 180. Now was the word of the gospel forced while there could be found in my refreshment ne, Rejoice not, O Ijrael, for joy as other people,

a concurrence and agreement in the fcriptures, let me think what I will thereof, and hold it ever so fast, I should find no such thing at the end, For the scriptures cannot be broken, John x. 35.

179. Now began my heart to ache and fear, Imight meet with disappointment at last. Wherefore, I began with all feriousness to examine my former comfort, and to confider whether one that has finned as I had done, might with confidence trust upon the faithfulness of God laid down in those words, by which I had been comforted, and on which I had leaned myself; but now was brought those styings to my min !, "For it is impossible for those who were once enlightened and have tafted the heavenly gift, and were made partakers of the Holy Ghoff, and have tailed the good word of God, and the powers of the world to come; if they shall fall away, to renew them again unto repentance," 177. And now was the word faililled on me, Heb. vi. " For if we fin wilfully, after we have soul at this time fer at livery from being affl fied meat fold his birth right; for you know, how that afterwards, when he would have inherited 198 But before many weeks were over, the bleffing, he was rejected: for he found no legan to deligand again, ferring, lest notwith place for repentance, though he fought it care-

Because and demonstrate my mind, Tax from my foul, fo that no promise or encourageand rence I thought I might ment was to be found in the Bible for me; And the promise of life, ye now would that saying work upon my spirit to assist Hosea, ix. 1. For I saw indeed there was cause of rejoicing for those that held to Jesus: but as for me, I had cut myself off by my transgressions, and lest myself neither sout-hold nor hand-hold amongst all the stays and props in the

precious word of life.

181. And truly I did now feel myself link into a gulf, as an houle whose foundation is deilroyed. I did liken myself in this condition, unto the case of some child that was fallen into a milk-pit, who though it could make some shift to scrabble and sprawl in the water, yet because it could find no hold, it must die in that condition. So as foon as this fresh assault had fastened on my soul, that scripture came into my heart, This for many days, Dan. x. 14. And indeed I found it was fo; for I could not be delivered nor brought to peace again for two years and an half. Wherefore, these words, though they tended to discouragement, yet to me, who feared this condition would be eternal, they were at times as an help to me.

182. For thought I, many days are not for ever; they will have an end; therefore feeing I was to be afflicted, not a few, but many days, yet I was glad it was but for many days. Thus, I fay, I could recal myself sometimes, and give myself a help; for as soon as ever the words came in at first, I knew my trouble would be

lung.

183. Now, while these scriptures lay before me, and laid sin anew at my door, that saying in the 18th Luke, with others, encouraged me to prayer: then the tempter again laid at me very fore, suggesting, "That neither the mercy of God, nor yet, the blood of Christ, did at

fin." Yet thought I, I will pray; but, faid the tempter, your fin is apparentable. But I fill continued to pray, and made at prayer, uttered words to this effect, "Lord Satan tells me, that neither thy mercy; nor Chill's blood, is sufficient to save my soul; Lord, shall I non-our thee most by believing theu wilt and canst, or by believing theu neither will nor canst; Lord, I would sain honour thee by believing thou wilt and canst."

184. And as I was thus before the Lord, that scripture fastened on my beart, Oman, great is thy faith. Matth. xv. 28. Yet as I was on my knees before God, I was not able to believe this till almost six months after, for I could not think that I had faith on my heart; therefore I should still be as slicking in the jaws of deliceration, and went mourning up and down in a sad condition.

185. There was nothing that I longed for more than to be put out of doubt as to this thing, and as I was vehenmently defiring to know if there was hope, these words came into my mind. " Will the Lord cath off forever, and will he be favourable no more? is his mercy clean gone forever? Doth his promise fail forever more? Hath God forgotten to be gracious? Fiati, he in anger shut up his tender mercies!" Plal. lxxvii. 7, 8, 9. And all the while they run in my mind, methought I had this fill as the an-Iwer: 'tis a question whether he had or no; it may be he hath not: there was flil fornething upon my mind, which with this text did tweeten my heart, and make me conclude that his mercy might not be quite pone for ver.

again much under this question, whether the islood of Christ was sufficient to save my soul? In which doubt I continued from morning till right; and at last, when I was quite worn out with fear, lest it should not lay hold on me, these words did found suddenly within me, He is able; but, methought, this word Able, was spoken loud anto me; it showed a great word, and gave such a passion to my sear and doubt, for the time is torried with me, as I never had in all my life, either before or after that, Heb. vii. 25.

187. But one morning when I was again at peace, and trembling under the fear of this, that word of God could help me, that piece of a featence darred in upon me, My grace is fufficient. At this method, that I felt foline stay, as if there might be hopes; but, O, how good a thing is is for God to lend his word! for about a forest its before, I was looking on the very place, and then I thought it could not come hear my soul with comfort, and threw away my book in a pet. I thost it was not large enough for me; but now it was, as if it had arms of grace so wide, that it could not only inclose me, but many more besides.

not will not exceeding conflicts, for the space of leading edges; for my peace would be in it, and out to netimes twenty times a day, comfort man, and trouble presently; peace now, and below I was fell of sear and guilt, not only man a laborate to the profession weeks experience, and that the laborate to the profession profession profession would be the a few of testing the man light, would be the a few of testing a few man, ight, would be

one end would be uppermost, and sometimes the other, according to which would be my peace or trouble.

189. Therefore, I did pray to God, that he would come in with this scripture more fully on my heart, viz. that he would help me to apply the whole sentence: for as yet it only helped me thus far, My grace is sufficient; and though it come no faither, it answered my former queltion, wiz ithat there was hope; yet because "for thee?" was left out, I was not contented, but poved to God for that also; wherefore one e ec as I was in a meeting of God's people, full to ladnos and terror, for my fears again were iring of the mo, and as I was never the better, being case most sad and fearful, these words did with preat power ludderly break in upon his, * Miv 21 ce is fofficient for three, my grace is fuffished a stable," three trace together: And Oil merthought, that every word was a mighty word unto nie; as my and grace, and fufficient, and for thee: they were then, and fometimes me Hill, ta bigger than others be.

for enlightened, that I was as the? I had feed the Level Johnshook down from leaven, three the Level Johnshook down from leaven, three the time up now and direct the words unron a; the fit me tidled joy, and had me at the duft, only and remaining confert, but a commune with me for levels weeks, and the encourage me to hope. But he food as that powerful operation of it was taken on my heart, this countains in Eliu, returned upon one as bet re: for my food on hang as in a pass of teases again, leavenness u,

and formerience down, now in peace, and again marketh.

191. Thus I went on for many weeks, fome. tizar comforted and fametia es tormented, and especially at sometimes my torment would be very fero, for all these scriptures before named in the thebreus would be let before me, as the only femences that would keep me out of heaven. I hen again I flould begin to repent that ever that thought went through me, I thould also thick thus with myfelf, why how many feriptures are there against nue? there is but three or four, and cannot God miss three, and save me for all them! fometimes again, I should think, if it were not for these three or four words, now, how might I be comforted; and I could hardly forbear at fometimes, to with them out of the book.

192. Then me thought I should see as if Peter, Paul, and John, and all the writers did look with form upon, and hold me in derifion and as if they faid unto me, all our words are truth one of as much force as another; it is not we that have cut you off, but you have call away yourself; there is none of our sentences that you must take hold upon, but these, and such as these It is in possible : there remains no facrifice for fin, theb. vi . And it had been better for them not to have known the will of God, than after they have known h, to turn from the holy commandnight delivered unto them, Heb, x. For the foripiures cannot de broken."

193. These are the elders of the city of retuge, I faw, were to be the judges both of my cale, and me, while I stood with the avenger of cloud at my heels, trembling at their gate for

deliverance: also with a thousand fears and mistrusts, that they would shut me out forever,

Josh. xx, 3.

134. I hus I was confounded, not knowing what to do, nor how to be satisfied in this question, · Whether, the scriptures could agree in the salvation of my soul,' I quaked at the Apostles; I knew their words were true, and that they muit stand forever.

195. And I remember one day, as I was in diverse frames of spirit; and considering that these frames were still according to the nature of the several scriptures that came in upon my mind; if this of grace, then I was quiet, but if that of Elau, then tormented. "Lord, thought I, if both these scriptures would meet with my heart at once, I wonder which of them would get the better of me." So me-thought, I had a longing mind that they might come both together upon me; yea, I desired of God they might.

195. Well, about two or three days after, so they did indeed; they bolted both upon me at a time, and did work and struggle in upon me for a while; at last, that about Esau's birthright began to wax weak, and withdraw; and this about the sufficiency of grace prevailed with peace and joy. And as I was in a muse about this thing, that scripture came home upon me, Mercy rejoiceth against judgment, James

11. 13. 197. This was a wonder to me, yet truly I am apt to think it was of God, for the word of the law and wrath, but give place to the word of life and grace: because, tho' the word of condemnation be glorious, yet the word of life and salvation, doth sa exceed in glory, 2 Cor. iii.

8, 9, 10, 11. Also that Muses and Elias must both vanish and leave Christ and his Saints alone.

198. This scripture also, did now most sweetly visit my soul, And him that cometh to me I will in no wife cast out. O the comfort that I had from this word, in no nongs: as who should fay by no means for nothing whatever he hath done.

199. But notwithstanding all these helps and bleffed words of grace, yet that of Efau's felling of his birth-right, would still at times distress my conscience; for the' I had been most sweetly comforted, yet when that came into my mind, 'twould make me fear again. I could not be quite rid thereof, 'twould every day be with me: wherefore now I went another way to work, even to consider the nature of this blasphemous thought, I mean, if I should take the words at the largest, and give them their own natural force and scope, even every word therein: so when I had thus confidered, I found that if they were fairly taken, they would amount to this, that I had freely M the Lord Jesus Christ to his choice, whether he would be my Saviour or no, for the wicked words were these, let him go if he will; then that scripture gave me hope, I will never leave thee, nor for jake ther, Heb. xiii. 5. O Lord, seid I, but I have lest three; then it apswered again, but I will not have thee; for this I think God alfo.

200. Yet I was grievently afraid he should, and found is exceeding pard to trull him, feeing I had to offended him: I could carcolling glad that this thought ha lever befallen, for ther, I thought, I could with more

ease and freedom have leaned upon his grace; I fee it was with me, as it was with Joseph's brethren, the guilt of their own wickedness, did so often fill them with fears, that their brother

would at last despise them, Gen. i. 15.

201. But above all the scriptures 1 yet did meet with, that in the twentieth Johna, was the greatest comfort to me, which speaks of the flayer that was to fly for refuge. "And if the avenger of blood pursue the slayer, then, saith Moses, they that are the elders of the city of refuge shall not deliver him into his hands; because he smote his neighbor unwittingly, and hated him not aforetime.' O blessed be God for this word? I was convinced, that I was the flayer; and that the avenger of blood purfued me. I felt with great terror, only now it remained, that I inquire whether I have right to enter the city of refuge? so I found that he must not who lay in wait to shed blood; but he who unwittingly, or that did unawares shedblood even who did not hate his neighbor, before, Wherefore.

202. I thought verily I was the man that must enter, for because I had fmitten my neighbor unwittingly and hated him not afore-time. I hated him not afore-time no, I prayed unto him, was tender of finning against him; and against this temptation, I had shove for a twelve month before, yea, and also when it did pass through my heart, it did in spite of my teeth: wherefore, I thought I had right to enter the city, and the elders, which are the apostles, were not to deliver me up. This therefore was great comfort to me, and did give hope.

203. Yet being very critical, for my finart

had made me that I knew not what ground was fure enough to bear me. I had one question that my foul did much desire to be resolved about: and that was, "Whether it be possible for any soul that hath indeed sinned the unpardonable sin, yet after that to receive, tho but the least true spiritual comfort from God thro' Christ?" Which after I had much considered, I found the enswer was, No, they could not; and that for these reasons:

that sin, they are debarred a share in the blood, of the least ground of hope, and so of spiritual comfort, For such there remains no sacrifice for sin. Heb. x. 26. 27. 2dly, Because they are denied a share in the promise of life; they shall never be sorgiven, neither in this world nor in that which is to come, Matth. xii 31. 3dly, The Son of God excludes them also from a share in his blessed intercession, being forever assumed to own them both before his Holy Father, and the blessed Angels in heaven, Mark viii.

205. When I had with much deliberation confidered of this matter, and concluded that the Lord had comforted me, and that too, after this my wicked fin: then me-thought I durst venture to come nigh unto those most fearful and testible scriptures with which all this while I had been so greatly affrighted, on which indeed before I durst scarce cast mine eye, (yea had much ado an hundred time, to forbear wishing them out of the Bible, for I thought they would destroy me) but now I say, I began to take some measure of encouragement, to come close to them, to read them, and consider them, and to weigh their scope and tendency.

206. The which when I began to do, I found their visage changed; for they looked not so grimly as before I thought they did: and 1st, I came to the fixth of the Hebrews, yet trembling for fear it should strike me : which when I had considered I found that the falling there intended, was a falling quite away, that is as I conceived, a filling from, and an absolute denying of the gospel, of remission of sins by Christ, for from them the Apoltle begins his argument, verse 1, 2, 3, 2dly, I found that this falling away mult be openly in the view of the world even so as to an open shame. 3dly, I found that those he there intended, were forever that up of God, both in blindness, hardness, and impenitency: It is impossible they should be renewed again unto reventance. By all thele particulars, I found, to God's everlaiting praite, my fin was not the fin in this place intended.

the Hebrews, and found that the wilful lin, there mentioned, is not every wilful fin, but that fin which doth throw off Christ, and then his commandments too. 2dly. That must be done openly, before two or three witnesses, to answer that of the law, verse 28. 3dly. This sin cannot be committed but with great despite done to the spirit of grace: despising both the disfusions from that his, and the persuasions to the contrary: but the Lord knows, tho my sin was devilish, yet it did not amount to these.

201. And as touching that in the twelfth of the Hebrews, about Efau's seiling his birth right, tho' this was that which killed me, and stood like a spear against me; yet now I did consider, the continual labour of his mind; but a thought confented to, and put in practice likewise, and that too after some deliberation, Gen. xxv. 2dly, It was a public and open action, even before his brother, if not before many more; this made his sin of a more homous nature than otherwise it would have been. 3dly, He continued to slight his birth right: He did eat and drink and went his way: thus E/au despited his birth-right, Yea, twenty years after, he was found to despite it still. And Esau said, I have enough, my brother, keep that thou hast to thyself. Gen. xxxiii. 9.

209. Now, as touching this, That Efau fought a place of repentance: This I thought, Furst, This was not for the birth-right: this is clear from the Apostle, and is distinguished by Islau himself, "He hath taken away my birthright, (that is formerly) and now he hath taken away my bleffing also," Gen. xxviii. 36. Secondly, now this being thus confidered, I came again to the Apossie, to see what might be the mind of God in a new Testament stile and sense concerning Elau's fin: and fo far as I could conceive this was the mind of God, the birthright fignified Regeneration, and the Bieffing, the eternal inheritance; for the Apostle scems to hint, 'Lest there be any profane person, as Elau, who for one morfel of meat fold his birthright;' as if he should lay, lest there be any person among you that shall call off all those blessed beginnings of God that at present are upon him, in order to a new birth, lest they become an Elea, even be rejected afterwards, when they would inherit the bleffing.

216. For many there are, who in the day of

grace and mercy, despise those things which are the birth right to heaven, yet, when the decising day appears, will cry as loud as Elau, Lord, Lord, open to us; but then as Isaac would not report, no more will God the Father, but will say, I have bleffed these, yea, and they shall be bleffed, but as for yea, Depart, you are workers of imiquity. Gen. xxvii. 32. Luke xiii 25, 26, 27.

211. When I had confidered these scriptures, and found that to understand them, was not against, but according to other scriptures; this Hill ad led further to my encouragement and comfort, and also gave a great blow to that b. jection, to wit, "That the feriptures could not agree in the falvation of my foul." And now remained only the hinder part of the tempelt, for the thunder was gone beyond me, only some drops did Hill remain, but now and then would fall on n.e.: but because my former frights and anguish were very fore and deep, therefore it did oft befal need it, as it befalleth to thate that have been fearell a define. I thought every voice was Fire, fire; truly touch would hurt my tender con-190 00.

field, and that too with some dashes on my conficiel, and that too with some dashes on my conficience, searing less all was not right, suddenly that between: and me thought withal I saw with the eyes of my soul, Jesus Christ at God's right hand: where, I say, was my rightcousness: so that wherever I was, or whatever I was doing, God could not say, He wants my right susness, so that was just before him. I also saw, more-

over, that it was not my good frame of heart that made my righteousness better, nor yet my had frame that made my righteeniness worse; for my righteousness was Jesus Christ himself. The same, yesterday, to day, and for ever, Heb. xiii. 3.

- 212. Now did my chains fall off my legs, indeed I was loosed from my afflictions and irons, my temptations also fled away: so that from that time, those dreadful scriptures of God lest off to trouble me; now went I also home rejnicing, for the grace and love of God. So when I came home, I looked to see if I could find that sentence, Thy righteousness is in heaven; but could not find fuch a faying, wherefore my heart began to fink again, only that was brought to my remembrance, i Cor. xiii, "He was made unto us of God, wildom, rightcoulnels, latisfaction, and redemption:" by this word I faw the other sentence true.
- 213. For by this scripture, I saw the Man Christ Jesus, as he is distinct from us, as touching his bodily prefence, so he is our righteoufness and san Eisteatian before Godthrough Christ; O metho't Christ, Christ! there was nothing but Chill that was before my eyes; I was not only for looking upon this & the other benefit of Chritt a-part, as of his blood, burial, or refurrection, but considered him a whole Christ; as he in whom all these and all other virtues, relations, stilices, and operations met together, and that on the right hand of God in heaven.
- 215. 'I was glorious to me, to see his exalration, and the worth and prevalency of all his benefits, and that because of this: Now I could look from myself to him, and should reckon,

that all those graces of God, that now were green on me, were yet but like those crackt goats, and four pence-half-pennies that rich men carry in their purfes, when their gold, is in their trunks at home; O, I faw my gold was in my trunk at home! in Christ my Lord and Saviour! Now Christ was All, all my wisdom, all my righteousness, all my sanctification, and all my

redemption.

216. Further, the Lord did also lead me into the mystery of union with his Son of God, that I was joined to him, that I was flesh of his flesh, and bone of his bone, and now was that a sweet word to me, in Eph. v. 30. By this also, was my faith in him, as my righteoulnels, the more confirmed to me; for if he and I were one, then his righteousness was mine, his merits mine, his victor; also mine. Now could I see myself in heaven and earth at once; in heaven by Christ, by my head, by my righteousies and life, the?

on earth by my body and perfon.

216. Now I faw Christ Jesus was looked on of God, and should also be looked upon by us as that common or public person, in whom all the whole body of his elect are always to be confillered and reckoned, that we fulfilled the law by him, died by him, rose from the dead by him, got the victory over fin, death, the devil, and hell by him; when he died, we died, and to of his refurrection; Thy dead men shall live together, with my dead body shall they arife, faith he, Isa. xxvi. And again, After two days he will receive us, and the third day we shall live in his fight, Hosea vi. 2. Which is now fulfilled b, the fitting down of the Son of man jon the

right hand of his Majesty in the heavens according to that to the Ephesians. "He hath raised us up together, and made us six together in heaven-

ly places in Christ Jesus." Eph. ii. 6.

90

foriptures, with many other of the like nature, were in those days made to spangle in mine eyes; 'Praise ye the Lord God in his Sanctuary, praise him in the simmament of his power, maise him for his mighty acts, praise him according to his excellent greatness.' Psal. cl. 1.2.

- a taste of the sorrow and affliction that my soul went under by the guilt and terror that this my wicked thought did lay me under; and having given you also a touch of my deliverance therefrom; and of the sweet and blessed comfort that I met with afterwards, (which comfort dwelt about a twelvemonth with my heart, to my unspeakable admiration.) I will now (God willing) before I proceed any further, give you in a word or two, what as I conceive was the cause of this temptation; and also after that, what advantage at the last it became unto my foul.
- principally two; of which two also, I was deeply convinced all the time this trouble lay upon
 me. The first was, for that I did not, when
 I was delivered from the temptation that went
 before, still pray to God to keep me from the
 temptations that were to come; for though, as
 I can say in truth, my soul was much in prayer
 before this trial seized upon me. Yet then I
 pray only, or at the most, principally, for the
 temoval of present troubles, and for fresh dis-

coveries of love in Christ; which I saw afterwards was not enough to do; I also should have prayed, that the grace of God would keep me from the evil that was to come.

- the prayer of holy David, who when he was under present mercy, yet prayed that God would hold him back from sin and temptation to come: For then said be, shall I be upright, and I shall be innocent from the great transgression, Psal. xix. 83. By this very word was I galled and condemned, quite through this long temptation.
- 222. That also was another word that did much condemn me for my folly, in the neglect of this duty, Heb. iv. 16. Let us therefore come boldly to the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy, and find grace to help in time of need;' this I had not done, and therefore was thus suffered to fin and fall, according to what is written, Pray that you enter not into temptation; and truly this very thing is to this day of fuch weight and awe upon me, that I dare not, when s come before the Lord, go off my knees, until I entreat him for help and mercy against the temptations that are to come; and I do befeech thee, reader, that thou learn to beware of my negligence, by the efflictions that for this thing I did for days, and months, and years, with forrow undergo.
- that I had tempted God; and on this manner did I do it; upon a time my wife was great with child, and before her full time was come, her pangs as if a woman in travel were fierce and throng upon her, even as if the would immediate

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ately have fallen into labour, and been delivered of an untimely birth: Now at this very time it was, that I had been fo flrongly tempted to question the being of God, wherefore as my wite lay crying by me, I faid, but with all fecrecy imaginable, even thinking in my heart, ' Lord, if thou wilt now remove this fad affliction from my wife, and cause that she be no more troubled therewith this night, (now were hef pangs just upon her) then I shall know that thou canst discern the most secret thought of the heart.

224. I had no sooner said it in my heart, but her pangs were taken from her, and she was east into a deep sleep, and so she continued till. morning, at this I greatly marvelled, not knowing what to think, but after I had been awake a good while, and heard her cry no more, I fell to fleep also; so when I waked in the morning, it came upon me again, even what I had faid in my heart the last night, and how the Lord had showed me, that he knew my secret thoughts, which was a great altonishment to me for several weeks after.

225. About a year and an half afterwards, that wicked thought, of which I have spoken before, went through my finful heart; even this thought, Let Christ go if he will, so when I was fallen under guilt for this, the remambrance of my other thought and of the effect thereof, would also come upon me with this retort, which also carried tolluke with it, " Now you nay fee that God coth know the most sccret though s of the heart."

22(Lord with this, that of the passages that were betwiet the Lord and his fervant Gideon,

fell upon my spirit; how because that Gideon tempted God with his sleece both wet and dry, when he would have believed and ventured on his word, therefore the Lord did afterwards fo try him, as to find him against an innumerable company of enemies; and that too as to outward appearance, without strength or help. Jud. iv. 7. Thus he observed me, and that justly, for ! should have believed his word, and not have put an if upon the allseeingness of God.

To the Chief of Sinners.

227. And now to shew you something of the advantages I also have gained by this temptation, and 1st, By this I was made continually to posfess in my soul, a very wonderful seese both of the being and glory of God, and of his beloved Son; in the temptation before, my soul was perplexed with Atheism, but now this case was otherwise, now was God and Christ continually before my face, though not in a way of comfort, but in a way of exceeding dread and terion. The glory of the holiness of God did 26 this time break me to pieces, and the bowels and compassion of Christ did break me as it were on the wheel; for I could not consider him but as a lost and rejected Christ, the remembrance of which was as the continual breaking of my bones.

228. The scriptures also were wonderful things unto me; I saw that the truth and verity of them were the keys of the kingdom of heaven; those the scriptures savour, they note inherit blifs, but those they oppose and concern, must perish for evermore: O this word, I'm the feriptures cannot be broken, would send the caul of my heart I and fo would that orber. . Whole has ye rema, they are comitted; but

whose fins ye retain, they are retained.' Now I saw the Apostles to be the elders of the city of refuge, Josh. xx. 4. those that they were to receive in, were received to life; but those that they shut out, were to be sain by the avenger of blood.

229. Oh, one sentence of the scripture did more afflict and terrify my mind, I mean those sentences that stood against me (as sometimes I thought they every one did) more, I fay, than an army of forty thousand men that might have come against me. Woe be to him against whom the icriptures bend themselves.

- 230. By this temptation I was made to see more into the nature of the promiles, than ever I was before; for I lying now trembling under the neighty hand of God, continually torn and rent by the thundering of his justice; this made me with careful heart, and watchful eye, with great fearfulnels, to turn over every leaf, and with much diligence mixt with trembling to consider every sentence, together with its natura! force and fortitude.
- 231. By this temptation also, I was greatly holden of my former foolish practice of putting by the word of promise, when it came into my mind, for now, though I could not fuck that comfort and sweetness from the promise as I had done at other times, yet like to a man a finking, I mould catch at all I faw; formerly I thought I might not meddle with the promile, unless I felt us comfort, but now it was no time thus to do, the avenger of blood too hardly did purfue me.
- 232. Now therefore, I was glad to catch at the nert, which you I feared I I of no ground

nor right to own, and even to leap into the bosom of that promise, that yet I feared die shut its heart against me. Now also I should labor to take the word as God hath laid it down, without restraining the natural force of one syllable thereof; O! what did I now see in that bleffed fixth of John. And him that comes to me, I will in no wife cast out! John vi. 37. Now I began to consider with myself that God had a bigger mouth to speak with, than I had a heart to conceive with; I thought also with myself, that he spake not his words in haste, or in an unadvised heart, but with infinite wisdom and judgment, and in very truth and faithfulness. 2 Sam. iii. 28.

233. I should in these days, often in my greatest agonies, even flounce towards the promife (as the horses do towards found ground, that yet flick in the mire) concluding on this. I will result and stay, and leave the fulfilling of it to the God of heaven who made it. O! many a pull hath my heart had with Satan, for that bleffed 6th of John: I did now, as at other times, look principally for comfort (tho', O how welcome would it have been unto me!) But now a word, a word to lean a weary soul upon, that I might not fink forever.

234. Yea, often when I have been making to the promise, I have seen, as if the Lord would refuse my soul for ever: Then I thought of Esther, who went to petition the king contrary to the law, Esther iv. 16. I thought also of Benhadad's servants, who went with ropes upon their heads to their enemies for mercy, I Kings xx. 31, &c. The women of Canzan alfo, that would not be daunted, tho

called a dog by Christ, Mart. xv. 22, &c. -And the man that went to herrow bread at midnight, Luke i. 5, 6, 7, 3, &c. were great

.couragements unto me.

235. I never saw those heights and depths in grace, and love, and mercy, as I faw after this temptation; great fins to draw out great grace; and where guilt is most terrible and fierce, there the mercy of God in Christ, when shewed to the foul, appears most high and mighty; when Job had passed through his captivity, He had twice as much as he had before, Job. xiii. 10. Blessed be God for Jesus Christ our Lord. -Many other things I might here make observation of, but I would be brief, and therefore thall at this time omit them; and pray God that my harms may make others fear to offend, lest they should be made to bear the iron yoke as I did.

I had two or three times, at or about my deliverance from this tempt tion, such strange apprehensions of the grace of God, that I could hardly bear up under it; it was so out of measure amazing, when I thought it could reach me, that I think, if that sense of it had abode long upon me, it would have made me

incapable for bufinefs.

236. Now I shall go forward to give you a relation of other of the Lord's dealings with hasbeen thed for my transgressions. me, of his dealings with me at other fundry seasons, and of the temptions I then did meet ling to a confimption, wherewith about the with. I shall begin with what I met with when spring, I was suddenly and violently seized with I first joined in sellowship with the people of much weakness in my outward man, insomuch God, in Bedford. After I had propounded to that I thought a could not live. Now began I order and ordinances of Christ with them, and fion after my flore and condition for the lature,

was also admitted by them while I thought of that bleffed ordinance of Christ which was his last supper with his disciples before this death, that scripture, Do this in remembrance of me, Luke xxii. 19, was made a very precious word But behold, I had not been long a partaker at that ordinance, but fach fad temptations did attend me at all times, both to bialpheme the ordinance, and so will some deadly thing to thefe that then did one thereof; that left I should at any time be a lifty of confenting to that winked and harful thoughts, I was forced to benu myfelt all the while to pray to God to keep me from inch blaffilemies; and allo to or, to God to biels the bread and cup to them, as is went from mouth to mouth. The reafon of this temptation, I have fince thought, was, because I did not with reverence partake thereof.

297. This I continued for a time, and could not be at rest; but at last the Lord came in upon my feet with that same scripture, by which my foul was visited before; and after that, I have been usually very well and comfortable in the partalling of that bleffed ordinance, and have, I stuff, therein discerned the Lord's body ar broken for my fins, and that his precious blood

238. U on a time, I was somewhat inclinthe Church, that my desire was to walk in the fastresh, to give my self up in a serious examina-

and of my evidences for that bloffed world to come. For it hath, I blofs the name of God, been my usual course, as always so, especially in the day of affliction, to endeavor to keep my interest in the life to come, clear before nee.

Dind my former experience of the goodness of God to my soul, but there came slocking into my mind an innumerable company of my sins and transgressions, amongst which these were at this time most to my assistion, namely, my deadness, deliness and coldness in holy duties, my wanderings of heart, my want of love to God, his ways and people, with this at the end of all,? Are well the traits of Christianity, are these the tokens of a blessed man?

zan de the apprehension of these things, sour altrei des deabled upon me, my soul was elegal and guld and all my former experience of Clad's goodness to me was quite taken out of my mind, and hid, as if it had never been nor seen; Now was my soul greatly pinched between these two considerations, Live I med not, Die I dare not. Now I such and is I in my specie, and was giving up all for it is but while in this worsel state, that word of G d took hold of my heart. Ye are justified seely by his grace, through the redemption that is in Christ Jesus. Rom. iii. 24.

fanc track/elome fleep and dream, and liftening to that herearly fencence. I was as if I heard is thus appointed to me-- Simore that thinkone has because at thy sim and informatics, I have a fere thy food; but behold my form is by the and open him I look, and not on thee,

with him? At this I was greatly lighted in my naid, and made to understand that God could justify a finner at any time a it was but looking upon Christ, and imputing his benefite to us, and the work was forthwith done.

foripture came with great pawer upon my spirit, Not by works of signresulness that we have done, but according to his mercy be bath laved us, Sec. 2 Time i. o. Tit. iii. g. Now I saw royself within the arms of great and mercy; and though I was before aired to think of a dying hour, yet now I cried, let me die: Now death was levely and beautiful in my light; for I saw, We shall never have indeed, this are be gone to the other appoint. Of methought this lite is has a sumber in companion of that above.

2.13. Again, as I was at another time very il and week, and all that time also, the tempter did beset me floonely, labering to hide from mo my forme: experience of Cod's goudnels. for this perfore me the terrors of death, and the jed never of Close , informatic that at this time, notes of himse than or milearrying consists (thrould I are dis) I ame or one describition is athemsely and did as if I had felt mobile already relieveding in a the pie : but jult as I was to the will of their hours, these would of the any is carruise Lezarus iren Abrahamis bahan, dar ad in men me, as who hould by, So it fliall be worth ther rolen than deft becove this world. This old fivestly revive our spirit, and help me to hope in God; which, when I had with our lot nuled on a while, that word fall with great weight upon my mind, O death ! where we fly

sting? O grave! where is thy victory? 1 Cor. xv. 55. At this I became both well in body and mind at once, for my fickness did presently vanish, and I walked comfortably in my work

Grace Abounding

for God again.

244. At another time, though just before I was pretty well in my spirit, yet suddenly there fell upon me a great cloud of darkness, which did to hide from me the things of God and Christ, that I was as if I had never seen or known them in my life; I was also so over-run in my foul, with a fenfoless frame of spirit, that I could not feel my foul to move and thir after grace and life by Christ. I was as if my loins were broken, or as if my hands and feet had been tied, or bound with chains. At this time also, I felt some weakness to seize upon my outward man, which made still the other affliction the more heavy and uncornfortable.

245. After I had been in the condition three or four days, as I was fitt ng by the fire, I fuddenly feit this word to found in my heart, I must go to Jesus: at this my former darkness and atheifar fled away, and the bleffed things of heaven were let within my view; while I was on this sudden thus overtaken with surprise; wife, said I, is there ever such a scripture, I must go to Justice. She faid the could not tell. Therefore I sat musing still to see if I could remember such a place. I had not lat above swa or three minutes, but that scripture came in upon one, And to an innumerable company of smgels; and withall, Hebrews the twelfth about the Mount Sion was for before mine eyes, Heb. XII. 22, 23, 24.

246. Then with joy I told my wife, O now I know! I know! But that night was a good night to me. I never had but few better; I longed for the company of some of God's people, that I might have imparted unto them what God had hewed me: Christ was a precious Christ to my foul that night, I could scarce lie in my bed for joy, and peace, and triumph through Christ; this great glory did not continue upon me until morning, yet the twelfth of the author to the Hebrews was a blessed scripture to me for many days together.

247. The words are thele, "You are come to Mount Sion to the city of the living God, to the heavenly Jerusalem, and to an inumerable company of Angels, to the general affembly and church of the first born, which are written in heaven, to God the judge of all, and to the spirits of just men made perfect, and to Jesus the Mediator of the new Testament, and to the blood of sprinkling that speaketh better things than that of Abel." I'mro' this blessed sentence, the Lord led me over and over, first to this word and then to that, and shewed me wonderful glory in every one of them. These words also have oft since this time been great refresh. ment to my spirit. Blessed be God for having mercy on me.

A BRIEF ACCOUNT

OF THE

AUTHOR's CALL

TO THE

WORK OF THE MINISTRY.

148. ND now I am speaking my experience, I will in this place thrust in a word or two, concerning my preaching the word, and of God's dealing with me in that particular: for after I had been about five or hix years awakened and helped to fee both the worth and want of Jesus Christ our Lord, and enabled to venture my foul upon him; some of the most able among the Saints with us, I say the most able for judgment, and holiness of life, as they conceived, did perceive that God had counted me worthy to unice land something of his will in his holy and blee d word, and had given me utterance in some meat re to express what I faw to others, for edification a they defired me with much earnestness; that I would fometimes speak a word of exhortation unto them.

249. The which, tho, at first it did much aboth my spirit, yet being still by them intreated, Contained to their requelt, and did twice, at two several offeniblies (in private) discever my gif, amongst them; at which they not only leaned to be, but did folemnly protest, they were both affected and comforted; and gave tranks to the father of mercies for the grace bellowed on nic.

250. After this, sometimes when some of them went into the country to teach, they would that I should go with them; where, this as yet I did not make use of my gift in an oper. way, yet more privately ttill, as I came amongst the good people in those places, I did sometimes speak a word of admonition unto them aile; the which they, as the other, received with rejoicing at the mercy of God, to me ward, pro-

temps their touls were edified thereby.

251. Wherefore to be brief, at last, being stall desired by the church, after some solemn prayer to the Lord, with falling, I was more particularly called forth, and appointed to a raore ordinary and public preaching of the word, not only to and amongst them that believed, but also to offer the Gospel to those that had not yet received the faith thereof. About which time I did evidently find in my mind a secret pricking forward thereto: Tho' I bless God, not for desire of vain glory, for at that time I was most sorely afficied with the Cery darts of the devil concerning my eternal state.

252. But yet could not be content, unless I was found in the exercise of my gift, unto which alfo I was greatly animated, not only by the continual defires of the godly, but also by that faying of Paul to the Corinthians. "I beseech you brethren, (ye know the houlhold of Stephanas, that is the first truits of Achaia, and that they have addicted themselves to the ministry of the faints) that you submic yourselves unto such, and to every one that helpeth with us, and laboureth.' 1 Cor. xvi. 15, 16,

253. By this text I was made to lee that the Holy Ghost never intended that men who have

the earth, but rather did command and shir up such to the exercise of their gift, and also did commend those that were apt and ready so to do. They have addited themselves to the ministry of the Saints; This scripture in these days did continually turn in my mind to encourage me in this my work for God; I have been also encouraged from several other scriptures and examples of the godly, both specified in the word and other ancient histories. Acts viii. 4, and xviii. 24, 25, &c, 1 Pet. iv, 10. Rom. xii. 6.

Grace Abounding

253. Wherefore, tho' of myself of all the saints the most unworthy, yet I did set upon the work, and according to my gift, and the proportion of my saith, preach that blessed gospel that God had shewed me in the holy word of truth; which when the country understood, they came in to hear the word by hundreds,

and from all parts.

255. And I thank God, he gave unto me some measure of bowels, and pity for their souls, which also did put me forward to labor with great diligence and earnestness to sind out such a word as might lay hold of, and awaken the conscience; for I had not preached long, before some began to be touched, and greatly afflicted in their mind, at the apprehensions of the greatness of their sin, and of their need of Jesus Christ.

could speak by me to the heart of man, still counting myself unworthy, yet those who thus were touched, would love me, and have a pecuhar respect for me; and tho' I did put it from me that they should be awakened by me, still they would confess it, and affirm it before the saints of God; they would also bless God for me (unworthy wretch that I am!) and count me God's instrument that shewed to them the way of saivation.

words and deeds to be so constant, and also in their her so earnestly pressing after the know-ledge of Jesus Christ, rejoicing that ever God did send me where they were; then I begin to conclude it might be so, that God had owned in his work such a soulish one as I; and then came that word of God to my heart with much sweet resreshment, "The blessing of them that were ready to perish is come upon me: yea, I caused the widow's heart to sing for joy." Job xxix. 13.

258. At this therefore I rejoiced, yea, the tears of those whom God did awaken by my preaching, would be both solace and encouragement to me: for I thought on those sayings, Who is he that maketh me glad, but the same that is made forry by me; 2 Cor. ii. 2. And again, Though I be not an apostle to others, yet doubiless I am unto you, for the seal of my apostleship are ye in the Lord, 1 Cor. ix. 2. These things therefore were as another argument unto me, that God hath called me to, and stood by me in this wor'.

fpecial notice of this one thing, namely, That the Lord did lead me to begin where his word begins with finners, that is, to condemn all flesh, and to openly alledge that the curse of God by the law doth belong to, and lay hold on all men as they come into the world, because of sin. Now

this part of my work I fulfilled with great fense, for the terrors of the law and guilt for my transgressions, lay heavy on use. I preached what I felt, even that under which my poor foul did

groan and tremble to altonishment.

106

60. Indeed, I have been as one sent to them from the dead: I went myself in chains, and carried that fire in my own conscience, that I persuaded them to hewere of, I can truly say, and that without dissembling, that when I have been to preach, I have gone full of guilt and terror even to the pulpit door, and there it hath been taken off, and I have been at liberty in my mind until I had done my work; and then immediately, even before I could get down the pulpitestaits, have been as bad as I was before. Yer God carried me on, but furely with a strong hand; for neither guilt nor hell could take me off my work.

261. Thus I went for the space of two years, crying ou. Mainst men's sins, and their fearful state because of them. After which, the Lord came in apon my cwn foul, with some peace and comfort through Christ; for he gave me many discoveries of his blessed grace through him; therefore I did auch labour to hold forth Jesus Christ in all his offices, relations and benefits unto the world, and did strive also to discover, to condemn and remove those falle supports and props on which the world doth both lean, and

by them fall and perish

202. After this, God led me into something of the mystery of union with Christ; and that I newed to them also. And when I had travelled thro' thefe if ree chief points of the word of Cod about the famoe of live years, I was caught

in my present practice, and cast into prison, where I have lain above as long again to confirm the truth by way of suffering, as I was before in testifying of it, according to the scripture, in a way of preaching.

263. When I have been in preaching, I thank God, my heart hath often with great earnellacis cried to God, that he would make the word effectual to the falvation of the foul; still being grieved, lest the enemy should take the word away from the conscience, and also it should become uniquitful.

264. Also when I had done the exercise, it hath gone to my heart to think the word should now fall as rain on stony places; still wishing from my heart, that they who have heard me speak this day, did but see as I do, what sin, death, hell, and the curse of God is; and also what the grace, and love, and mercy of God is, through Christ, to men in such a case as they are, who are yet estranged from him; and indeed, I did often fay in my heart before the Lord, That if to be hanged up prefently before their eyes, rould be a means to awaken them, and confirm them in the truth, I gladly should be contented.

265. For I have been in my preaching, especially when I have been engaged, in the doctrine of life by Christ, without works, as if an angel of God had stood by at my back to encourage me It hath been with fuch power and heavenly evidence upon ray our foul, while I have been la bouring to unfold it, that I could not be contented with flying, I believe, and am fure; mg thought I was more than fure; that those things which I afforted were true.

abroad, the doctors and prietts of the country did open wide against me; but I was persuaded of this, not to render railing for railing, but to see how many of these carnal professors I should convince of their miserable stateby the saw, and of the want and worth of Christ; for thought I, This shall answer for me in time to come, when they shall be for my bire before their sace. Gen. XXX. 33.

267. I never cared to meddle with things that were controverted and dispute amongst the saints, especially things of the lowest nature; yet it pleased me much to contend with great earnessness for the word of faith, and the remission of sins by the death and sufferings of Jesus; but, as to other things, I should let them alone, because I saw they engendered strife, and because that they neither in doing, nor in leaving undone, did commend us to God to be his: besides, I saw my work before me did run in another channel, even to carry an awakening word; to that therefore did I stick and adhere.

268. I never endeavored to, nor durst make use of other men's lines, Rom. xv, 18. (though I condemn not all that do) for I verily thought, and sound by experience, that what was taught me by the word and spirit of Christ, could be spoken, maintained and stood to, by the soundest and best established conscience; and though I will not now speak all that I know in this matter, yet my experience hath more interest in that text of scripture, Gal. i, 11, 12, than many amongst men are aware.

261. If any of those who were awakened by my ministry, did, after that fall back, I can tru-

ly say, their loss had been more to me, than if one of my own children, begotten of my body, had been going to its grave; I think I may speak it without any offence to the Lord, nothing hath gone so near that, unless it was the fear of the falvation of my soul; I have counted as if I had goodly buildings, and Lordships in those places, where my children were born; my heart hath been so wrapt up in the glory of this excellent work that I counted myself more blessed and honoured of God by this, than if he had made me the emperor of the Christian world, or the Lord of all the glory of the earth without it, O these words, "He that converteth a sinner from the error of his way, doth fave a foul from death," Jam. v. 20. The fruit of the righteous is a tree of life; and he that winneth fouls, is wise, Prov. xi. 30. They that be wise thine as the brightness of the firmament; and they that turn many to righteoulness, as the stars for ever and ever, Dan. xii. 3. "For what is our hope, our joy, or crown of rejoicing? Are not ye ever in the presence of our Lord Jesus Christ at his coming? For ye are our glory and joy," 1 Thest. ii. 19, 20. These, with many others of like nature, have been great refreshment unto me.

270. I have observed, that where I have had a work to do for God, I have had first as if it were the going of God upon my spirit to desire it might preach there, I have also observed, that such and such souls in particular, have been strongly set upon my heart, and I stirred up to with for their salvation. And that these very souls have after this been given in as the fruits of my ministry.

271. I have also observed this, that where there hath been a work to do upon finners, there the devil hath been to roar in their hearts, and by the mouths of his fervants. Yea, oftentimes when the wicked world hath raged most, there hath been souls awakened by the word; I could

instance particulars but I forbare.

272. My great defire in fullfilling my miniftry, was to get into the darkest places of the country, even amongst those people that were furthest off of prosession; yet not because I could not endure the light (for I feared not to shew my gospel to any) but because I found my spirit did lean most after awakening and converting work, and the word that I carried, did lean itself most that way; "Yea, so have I strived to preach the gospel, not where Christ was named, lest I should build upon another man's foundation." Rom. xv. 20.

273. In my preaching, I have really been in pain, and have as it were, travailed to bring forth children to God, neither could I be latisfied unless some fruits did appear in my work; if I were fruitless, it mattered not who commended me; but if I were fruitful, I cared not who did condenm. I have thought of that, Lo, children are an horizage of the Lord; and the fruit of the womb is his reward. As wrows in the hand of a mighty man; so are children of the youth. Happy is the man that hath filled his quiver full of them; they shall not be ashamed, but they shall speak with the enemies in the gate. Pfal. exzili. 3, 4, 5,

274. It pleased me nothing to see people drink in opinions, if they seemed ignorant of Jelus Christ, and the worth of their salvation,

(1) (1) (2) (3) (4)

found conviction for fin, especially for unbelief, and an heart fet on fire to be faved by Christ, with strong breathings after truly fanctified souls; those were the souls I counted bieffed.

275. But in this work, as in all others, I had my temptations attending me, and that of divers kinds: as sometimes I should be assaulted with great discouragement therein, fearing that I should not be able to speak a word at all to edification; nay, that I should not be able to speak

fense to the people.

276. But I thank the Lord, I have, as Sampfon, bowed myfelf with all my might to condemn fin, and transgression, wherever I found it; yea, though therein also I did bring guilt upon my own conscience; Let me die, thought I, with the Philislines, Judges xvi. 29, 30. rather than deal corruptly with the bleffed word of God; Thou that teachest another, teachest thou not thy. felf? It is far better that thou do judge thyself, even by preaching plainly unto others, than that thou, to fave thyfelf, imprison the truth in unrighteousness; b'essed be God for his help also in this.

277. I saw therefore, that he that hath gifts, had need of a fight of the nature of them, that they come short of making him to be in a truly saved condition, lest he rest in them, and so fall thort of the grace of God.

278. Let all men, therefore, prize a little with the fear of the Lord; gifts indeed are desirable but yet grace and small gifts, are better than great gifts and no grace.

A BRIEF ACCOUNT

OF THE

AUTHOR'S IMPRISONMENT.

I rious gospel of Christ a long time, and having preached the same about five years; I was apprehended at a meeting of good people in the country, (amongst whom, had they let me alone, I should have preached that day, but they took me away from amongst them) and had me before a justice; who, after I had offered security for my appearing at the next sessions, yet committed me, because my succeies would not consent to be bound that I should preach no more to the people.

an upholder and maintainer of unlawful affent-blies and conventicles, and for not conforming to the national worship of the church of England; after some conference there with the justices, was sentenced to perpetual banishment, because I resused to conform. Being again delivered up to the gaster's hands, I was had back to prison, and there have lain now complete twelve years waiting to see what God will

fuffer these men to do with me.

with much content through grace, but have met with many turnings and goings upon my heart, both from the Lord, satan, and my own contruptions; by all which I have also received much conviction, instruction, and understanding, of which at large I shall not here discourse; only, give you in a bint or two, a word that may stir

up the godly to bless God, and to pray for me; and also to take encouragement, should the case be their own, Not to fear what man can do unto them.

let-into the word of God as now; those times which I saw nothing in before, are nucle in this place and state to shine upon me; I has Christ also was never more apparent to me than now. O that word, We have not preached unto you cunningly devised fables, 2 Peter i. 16. and that, God raised Christ from the dead, and gave him glory, that your faith and hope might be in God, 2 Peter i. 20, were blessed words unto me in this my imprisoned condition.

283. These three or four scriptures also have been great refreshment, in this condition, to me, John x'v 1, 2, 3, 4. John xvi. 33. Col. iii. 3, 4. Heb. xii. 22, 23, 24. have had sweet sights of the forgiveness of my fins in this place, and of my being with Jesus in another world; "O the mount Zion, the heavenly Jerusalem, the innumerable company of angels, and God the judge of all, and the spirits of just men made persect, and Jesus," have been sweet unto me in this place. I have feen that here, which I am perfuaded I shall never, while in this world, he able to express: I have seen a truth in that scripture, "Whom, having not feen, yet love, in whom, though now ye fee him not, yet believing, ye rejoice with joy unspeakable, and full of glory," a Pet. i. 8.

was coming, and had especially two consider-

ations warm upon my heart; the first was, how to be able to endure, should my imprisonment be long and tedious. The fecond was, how to be able to encounter death, should that be here my portion. For the first of these, that scripture, Col. i. 11, was great information to me, namely, to pray to God " to be strengthened with all might, according to his glorious power, unto all patience and long suffering with joyfulness. I could seldom go to prayer before I was imprisoned, but for not so little as a year together, this fentence or sweet petition, would, as it were, thrust itself into my mind, and perfuaded me, that if ever I would go through long-suffering, I must have all patience, especially if I would endure it joyfully.

Grace Abounding

285. As to the second consideration, that faying, 2 Cor. i. 9, was of great use unto me. "But we had the fentence of death in ourfelves, that we might not trust in ourselves, but in God that raiseth the dead." By this scripture I was made to see, that if ever I would suffer rightly, I must first pass a sentence of death upon every thing that can properly be called a thing of this life, even to reckon myself, my wife, my children, my health, my enjoyments, and all, as dead to me, and myself as dead to them.

286. The parting with my wife and poor children, hath often been to me, in this place, as the pulling the slesh from my bones; and that not only because I am somewhat too fond of these great mercies, but because I should have often brought to my mind, the many hardthips, miseries and wants that my poor family was like to meet with, should I be taken from them, especially my poor blind child, who lay nearer my

Leart than all I had besides: O the thoughts of the hardship I thought this child might undergo,

would break my heart to pieces.

287. Poor child! what forrow art thou like to have for thy portion in this world? But yet recalling myself, thought I, I must venture you all with God, though it goeth to the quick to leave you: O, I saw this condition, I was as a man who was pulling down his house upon the head of his wife and children; yet, thought I, I must do it, and now I thought of those two milk-kine that were to carry the ark of God into another country, and to leave their calves behind them,' 1 Sam. vi. 10, 11, 12.

288. But that which helped me in this temptation, was divers considerations, of which three in special here I will name: the first was, the consideration of those two scriptures, Leave thy fatherless children, I will preserve them alive, and let thy widows trust in me:' and again, 'The Lord said, Verily it shall go well with thy remnant; verily, I will cause the enemy to entreat thee well in the time of cvil,' &c.

Jer. xlix. 11. chap. xv. 11.

289. I had also this consideration, that if I should now venture alifor God, Lengaged God to take of my concernments; but if I forlook him and his ways, for lear of any trouble that thould come to me or mine, then I should not only falsify my profession, but should count also that my concernments were not fo fure, if left at God's feet, whillt I stood to and for his name, as they would be if they were under my own tuition, though with the denial of the of God.

290. I had also another consideration, and that was, the dread of the torments of hell, which I was fure they must partake of, who for fear of the cross, do shrink from their profession of Christ, his word and laws, before the sons of men: and of the glory that he has prepared for those that in faith and love, and patience stood

to his ways before them.

291. I will tell you of a pretty business: I was once above all the rest in a very sad and low condition for many weeks, at which time also, I being but a young prisoner and not acquainted with the laws, I had this lying much upon my spirit, That my imprisonment might end at the gallows for ought that I could tell; now therefore Saran laid hard at me to beat me out of heart, by suggesting thus unto me; but how, if when you come indeed to die, you should be in this condition; that is, not to favor the things of God, nor to have an evidence upon your soul for a better state hereaster? ! for, indecd, at that time, all the things of God were hid from my foul.)

292. Wherefore, when I at first began to think of this, it was a great trouble to me; for I thought with myself, that in the condition I now was in. I was not fit to die, neither indeed did I think I could, if I should be called to it; besides, I thought with myself, if I should make a scrabbling shift to clamber up the ladder, yet I should either with quaking, or other symptoms of fainting, give occasion to the enemy to reproach the way of God and his people, for

their timorousness.

293. I was also at this time, so really possessed with the thoughts of death, that oft I

was as if on a ladder with the rope about my neck: only this was some encouragement to me, I thought I might now have an opportunity to speak my last words to a multitude, which I thought would come to see me die; and, tho't 1, if it must be so, if God will but convert one foul by my last words, I shall not count my life thrown away, nor loft.

294. But yet all things of God were kept out of my fight, and still the tempter followed me with, "But whither must you go when you die? what will become of you? where will you be found in another world? what evidence have you for heaven and glory, and an inheritance among them that are fanctified?" Thus was I toffed for many weeks, and knew not what to do, 'That it was for the word and way of God that I was in this condition,' wherefore I

was engaged not to flinch from it.

295. I thought also, that God might choose whether he would give me comfort now, or at the hour of death; but I might not therefore choose whether I would hold my profession or I was bound, but he was free; yea, it was my duty to stand to his word, whether he would ever look upon me, or fave me et the last; wherefore, thought I, the point is thus, I am for going on and venturing my eternal state with Christ whether I have comfort here or no; if God doth not come in, thought I, " 1 wil leap off the ladder even blindfold into eternity, fink or swim, come heaven, come hell; Logo Jesus, if thou wilt catch me do, I will venture for thy name."

296. I was no sooner sixed upon this resolution, but that word dropt upon me, Doth job

Lord, Job is no upright man, for he serves thee by respects; 'hast thou not made an hedge about him?' &c. but put forth now thine hand, and touch all that he hath, and he will curse thee to thy face.' How now, thought I, is this the sign of an upright soul, to desire to serve God when all is taken from him? Is he a Godly man that will serve God for nothing rather than give out? Biessed be God! then I hope I have an upright heart, for I am resolved (God giving me strength) never to deny my profession, though I have nothing at all for my pains; and as I was thus considering, that scripture was set before me, Psalm xliv. 10. &c.

297. Now was my heart full of comfort, for I hoped it was sincere: I would not have been without this trial for much. I am comforted every time I think of it, and I hope I shall bless God forever, for the teaching I have had by it. Many more of the dealings of God towards me I might relate, but these out of the spoils won in lattices have I dedicated to maintain the house of God, I Chronicles xxvi. 27.



The GONCLUSION.

F all the temptations that ever I met with in my life, to question the being and truth of the Gospel, is the worst, and worst to be borne; when this temptation comes, it takes away my girdle from me, and removeth the foundation from under me: O I have often thought of that word, Have your loins girt about with truth; and of that, When the foundations are destroyed, what can the righteous do? Sometimes, when after fin committed, I have locked for fore chastisement from the hand of God, the very next that I had from him, hath been the discovery of his grace. Sometimes when I have been comforted, I have called myself a fool for my fo thinking under trouble. And then again, when I have been cast down, I thought I was not wife to give fuch way to comfort. With such strength and weight have both these been upon me.

2. I have wondered much at this one thing, that though God doth visit my soul with never so blessed a discovery of himself, yet I have found again, that such hours have attended me afterwards, that I have been in my spirit so filled with darkness, that I could not so much as once conceive what that God and that comfort was, with which I have been refreshed.

3. I have sometimes seen more in a line of the bible, than I could well tell how to stand under, and yet at another time the whole bible hath been to me as dry as a stick; or rather my heart hath been so dead and dry unto it, that I could not conceive the least dram of refreshment, though I have looked it all over.

4. Of all tears, they are bost that are made by the blood of Christ, and of all joy, that is the sweetest, that is mixed with mourning over Christ: Oh! 'tis a goodly thing to be on our knees with Christ in our arms, before God, I

hope I know something of these things.

5. I find, to this day, seven abominations in my heart: 1. Inclinations to unbelief. 2. Suddenly to forget the love and mercy that Christ manifesteth. 3. A leaning to the works of the law. 4. Wanderings and coldness in prayer. 5. To forget to watch for that I pray for. 6. Apt to murmur because I have no more, and yet ready to abuse what I have. 7. I can do none of those things which God commands me, but my corruptions will thrust in themselves; when Friendle do good, evil is present with me.

6. These things I continually see and seel, and am assisted and oppressed with; yet the wisdom of God down order them for my good:

1. They make me abhor myself. 2. They keep me from trusting my heart. 3. They convince me of the insussiciency of all inherent righteousness. 4. They shew me the necessity of sleeing to Jesus. 5. They press me to pray unto God. 6. They shew me the need I have to watch and be sober. 7. And provoke me to pray unto God through Christ to help me, and carry me through this world. Amen.

